Town of Oyster Bay New York



Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

For The Year Ended December 31, 2023



In 1903, President Roosevelt attends the celebration at the Town Clerk's Office of the 250th anniversary of Oyster Bay's first land purchase in 1653.

NEW YORK

Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For The Year Ended December 31, 2023

Prepared by: The Office of the Comptroller

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023 TABLE OF CONTENTS

	_ Page
INTRODUCTORY SECTION	
Letter of Transmittal - Supervisor	2
Letter of Transmittal - Comptroller	3-12
Town Map	13
Principal Officials	14
Organizational Chart	15
Government Finance Officers Association – Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting	16
FINANCIAL SECTION	
Independent Auditor's Report	19-22
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A)	25-41
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
Government-wide Financial Statements	40.44
Statement of Net Position Statement of Activities	43-44 45-46
Fund Financial Statements Governmental Fund Financial Statements	
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to	47-48
the Statement of Net Position	50 51-52
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities	54
Fiduciary Funds Financial Statements Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	55
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position	56
Discretely Presented Component Units Statement of Net Position	57-58
Statement of Activities	59-60
Notes to Financial Statements	61-111 (Continued)

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023 TABLE OF CONTENTS

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION OTHER THAN MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual General Fund	113-116
Highway Fund	117-118
Garbage Collection Districts	119-120
Solid Waste Disposal District	121-122
Schedule of Changes in the Town's Total Other Postemployment Benefits Liability and Related Ratios.	123
Schedule of Pension Contributions	124
Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability / (Asset)	125-126
Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Length of Service Award Program Liability	
Schedule of Changes in the Length of Service Award Program Liability and Related Ratios.	127-128

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
Combining Balance Sheet	131-132
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance –	133-134
Budget and Actual – Nonmajor Funds	
Town Outside Village	135-136
Drainage District	137-138
Park Districts	139-140
Fire Protection Districts	142
Lighting District	143-144
Public Parking District	145-146
Water District	147
Debt Service Fund	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance –	
Budget and Actual	148
Fiduciary Funds Financial Statements	
Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	151
Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position	152
Discretely Presented Nonmajor Component Units:	
	155-156
Combining Statement of Net Position	157-158
Combining Statement of Activities	(Continued)
	(Continued)

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023 TABLE OF CONTENTS

STATISTICAL SECTION (Unaudited)

Financial Trends:

Net Position by Component	161-162
Changes in Net Position	163-164
Fund Balances of Governmental Funds	165-166
Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds	167-168
Change in Fund Balances and Year Fund Balance of Governmental Funds by Fund	169-170
Revenue Capacity:	
Assessed Value, State Equalization Rate, and Estimated Full Value of Real Property	171-172
Tax Rates by Class	174
Property Tax Rates, Direct and Overlapping Governments	175-176
Principal Property Taxpayers	177
Property Tax Levies and Collections	178
Debt Capacity:	
Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type	179
Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding	180
Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt	181
Debt Limit Margin Information	182
Demographic and Economic Information:	
Demographic and Economic Statistics	183
Principal Employers	184
Operating Information:	
Full-Time Equivalent Town Government Employees by Function	186
Operating Indicators by Function	187-188
Capital Asset Statistics by Function	189-190

INTRODUCTORY SECTION



OFFICE OF THE TOWN SUPERVISOR 54 AUDREY AVENUE OYSTER BAY, NEW YORK 11771 (516) 624-6350

June 24, 2024

To the Honorable Members of the Town Board and the Citizens of the Town of Oyster Bay, New York:

I hereby present the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the Town of Oyster Bay, New York, (Town) for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2023. Our 2023 Annual Report continues to demonstrate the tremendous success of our financial turnaround. Our auditors, Cullen & Danowski, LLP have audited these financial statements and their "clean" opinion is included within this report.

The Town is ending the year with an \$100.2 million cumulative operating surplus (see graph on page 34). This is the seventh straight budget surplus produced by my administration since 2017, and reflects the Town Board's commitment to spending restraints and cost efficiencies. Despite record high inflation impacting all costs associated with the delivery of government services as well as a five year property tax freeze approved by the Town Board, the Town ends fiscal year 2023 with an \$11.2 million operating surplus.

Two independent Wall Street firms have praised the current management team. According to Standard & Poor's Global Ratings the Town's Credit rating is AA- with a positive outlook and the Town's Bond rating according to Moody's Investors Service is A1, with a positive outlook (see charts on page 6).

While freezing property taxes for seven straight years, we have greatly improved the town's finances. From a near junk bond status in 2017, Wall Street awarded us eight bond rating increases, including four during the pandemic - a level just two notches below a perfect bond rating - all while experiencing the nation's highest inflationary level in decades. The positive outlook from both firms reflects the expectation for continued upgrades as long as the Town continues on its current path. The improved financial condition affords the Town an ability to borrow at lower interest rates than in the past and further allows the Town to refinance existing debt and reduce future debt service interest on bonds. A decrease in borrowing, favorable interest rates and aggressive treasury management have resulted in an enormous cost reduction for the Town and the taxpayer.

The Town was awarded the Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting from the Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) for its December 31, 2022, report. This significant accomplishment is the highest form of acknowledgement in the area of governmental accounting and financial reporting and validates the commitment of my administration's strong financial footing.

Through sound fiscal management, we have excelled in delivering services, protecting our taxpayers and continuing to improve the quality of life for our residents. The global pandemic took its toll on municipalities everywhere, but it has not slowed our progress down one bit. We remain steadfast in our commitment to the continuation of maintaining our excellent level of public services, promoting economic development, improving infrastructure, and enhancing the suburban quality of life in our Town. Make no mistake, we will face each challenge head on and continue to deliver for the residents of the Town of Oyster Bay. From investing in roadways, parks, pools, beaches and other important destinations to combatting zombie homes and jumpstarting environmental initiatives while maintaining spending restraints, we continue to enact efficiencies while upholding debt reduction initiatives and protecting taxpayers' wallets.

The preparation of this annual financial report could not have been accomplished without the dedicated efforts of the Comptroller, his entire staff and PKF O'Connor Davies, LLP our accounting firm. We trust this report will be of interest and use to those in town government, other governmental agencies, and our residents interested in the financial activities of the Town of Oyster Bay.

Respectfully submitted,

Joseph Saladino Town Supervisor



Office of the Comptroller Town of Ovster Bay

Steven C. Ballas
Comptroller

Town Hall Oyster Bay, NY 11771-1592 (516) 624-6440 Christine M. Wiss
Deputy Comptroller

June 24, 2024

Dear Supervisor, Honorable Members of the Town Board and the Citizens of the Town of Oyster Bay:

The Office of the Comptroller is pleased to present the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) of the Town of Oyster Bay, New York (Town) for the year ended December 31, 2023.

The Town is ending the year with a \$100.2 million cumulative surplus, received 12 bond rating increases since 2017, continues to pay down debt, froze property taxes for the sixth consecutive year and was awarded one of the highest forms of acknowledgement in the area of governmental accounting and financial reporting for our 2022 ACFR.

Responsibility for both the accuracy of the presented data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation including all disclosures rests with the Town. We believe the data is presented in a manner designed to set forth fairly the financial position and results of operations of the Town as measured by the financial activity of its various funds, and that all disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain a reasonable understanding of the Town's financial affairs have been included. This ACFR has also been prepared pursuant to the requirements of the Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting program.

The GFOA has awarded the Town a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting for its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the year ended December 31, 2022. A recognition that the Town has not seen for over a decade. The Certificate of Achievement is a prestigious national award recognizing conformance with the highest standards for preparation of state and local government financial reports.

The GFOA of the United States and Canada awards the Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to governments. To be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and effectively organized Annual Report. This report must satisfy both accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and applicable reporting requirements. A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe our current 2023 ACFR to be in conformity with the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and will be submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The Town, like all other local governments in New York State, is required by state law to publish a complete set of financial statements at the close of each fiscal year. The financial statements must be presented in conformity with *U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles* (GAAP) and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*. This report is published to fulfill that requirement and to provide further accountability to citizens and other interested parties by providing a more comprehensive report in lieu of the minimum basic financial statement requirements.

The Office of the Comptroller is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to ensure that the assets of the Town are protected from loss, theft or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data is compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP. The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived, and (2) the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgment by Town management. All internal control evaluations occur within the above framework. We believe that the Town's internal accounting controls adequately safeguard assets and provide reasonable assurance of proper recording of financial transactions.

The accounting firm PKF O'Connor Davies, LLP was selected in a competitive bid process by the Town Board to assist in the preparation of the Town's 2023 ACFR. The accounting firm Cullen & Danowski, LLP was also selected by the Town Board in a competitive bid process to perform an independent audit of the Town's financial statements as of December 31, 2023, and for the year then ended. The Auditor's Report on the basic financial statements, and combining and individual fund statements, and schedules are included in the financial section of this report. As management, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete, accurate and reliable in all material respects.

This report includes funds of various departments, agencies and other organizational units, which are considered part of the Town of Oyster Bay's financial reporting entity. Criteria for determining the reporting entity and presentation of the related financial data are established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The criteria include legal standing and financial accountability. Note 1.A of the Notes to the Financial Statements provides detail on the financial reporting entity.

A brief summary of the nature of component units and their relationship to the Town of Oyster Bay are also provided in the Notes to the Financial Statements. The financial reporting entity includes eleven component units: eight Commissioner-operated water districts, two Commissioner-operated garbage/sanitation districts and one Commissioner-operated sewer district. Although these component units are legally separate entities, the Town is required to include their financial reporting. These component units are presented discretely in a separate column in the basic financial statements to differentiate them from the Town's financial operations.

As an annual financial report this document provides financial details and historical trends beyond the basic financial statements in the Financial Section. The Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) of the basic financial statements immediately follows the Report of the Independent Auditor and provides a prescribed narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. The MD&A complements this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

The Town is required to undergo a single audit in conformity with the provisions of *Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Information related to this single audit, including the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, findings and recommendations, and the independent Auditor's Reports on the internal control structure and compliance with applicable laws and regulations are not presented in this report, but rather are routinely presented as a separate report.

HISTORY

"On June 4th, I anchored in a commodious haven on the north of Long Island. We found fine oysters there, from which the Dutch call it Oyster Bay." Diary of David deVries, Voyager 1639

The Town of Oyster Bay enjoys a rich and well-documented history. The first known European to sail past Long Island's south shore was Giovanni da Verrazzano in 1524. David deVries was the first to record the name of Oyster Bay for the beautiful harbor on the Town's north shore in 1639. In 1648, Robert Williams of Hempstead bought from the Native Americans a large parcel of land, which is represented today by Hicksville and adjacent parts of Jericho, Plainview, Syosset and Woodbury.

In founding the Town, the New Englanders were seeking new opportunities on Long Island just east of the boundary established between the English and the Dutch. In 1667, three years after the English won New Netherland, the Town of Oyster Bay, inclusive of land to the "South Sea" (Great South Bay), was granted a patent by the English Governor, Sir Edmund Andros.

HISTORY (continued)

During the Revolutionary War, British troops used Raynham Hall in Oyster Bay Hamlet as their headquarters, the hall being the home of patriot Samuel Townsend and currently a museum; reveals life from the American Revolution in the 1770s through Oyster Bay's affluent Victorian period in the 1870s and the beginning of the Gold Coast. Purchased by prominent community member, Samuel Townsend, the house was home to a total of three generations of this family. It is famous for housing the Queens Rangers, a loyalist regiment commanded by Lt. Col. John Graves Simcoe, during the Revolution. Added to the historic period room displays are stories of family haunts and the intrigue of General Washington's Culper Spy Ring. In fact, it was Robert Townsend (Culper Jr.) who gathered information leading to the capture of Major Andre and thwarted Benedict Arnold's plot to surrender West Point to the British. Despite the fact that he was arrested early in the war for his support of the patriots, his son, Robert remained active as an undercover agent for General Washington using the code name, "Culper, Jr.". With the aid of his sister, Sally, he reportedly secured information that led to the exposure of Benedict Arnold's plot to defect to the British and turn over West Point to their control.

After the Revolution, Oyster Bay continued primarily as an agricultural area through the nineteenth century. It did not come into national prominence again until the presidency of Theodore Roosevelt, an Oyster Bay resident whose home, Sagamore Hill, served as the "summer White House" from 1902 to 1908. This huge Victorian mansion, with its original furnishings, was dedicated as a national shrine during the administration of President Eisenhower. The mansion has since been completely restored and is open to the public. This 37-acre area includes a forest, tidal salt marsh, and bay beach. A guided nature walk explores the conservation efforts of Theodore Roosevelt.

With the advent of World Wars, I and II, the Town's primarily agricultural economy began changing to one of industry and business, especially in the area of aeronautics. Farmlands gave way to business complexes, factories and new housing. Today, Oyster Bay enjoys a well-balanced blend of commercial, residential and recreational development, making it one of the most revered suburban environments in the country.

GOVERNMENT

New York State Town Law classifies the Town of Oyster Bay as a suburban town. The Town, located in the easternmost section of Nassau County, has an area of 114 square miles. Located within the Town are 18 incorporated villages, three of which are partially located in neighboring towns. The villages all have their independent forms of government, but real property located therein is subject to taxation by the Town for certain Town purposes.

In addition, there are 14 independently governed school districts and eight fire districts, which rely upon their own taxing powers granted by the State of New York to raise revenue. Half of these school districts are entirely within the Town while portions of the remaining districts are located in neighboring municipalities.

The Chief Executive Officer of the Town is the Supervisor, who is elected for a term of two years. The Supervisor is a member and the presiding officer of the Town Board. In addition to the Supervisor, residents elect six members to the Town Board to serve non-concurrent four-year terms. The Supervisor and Council members are elected at-large. The elected Town Clerk and Receiver of Taxes serve terms of two and four years, respectively.

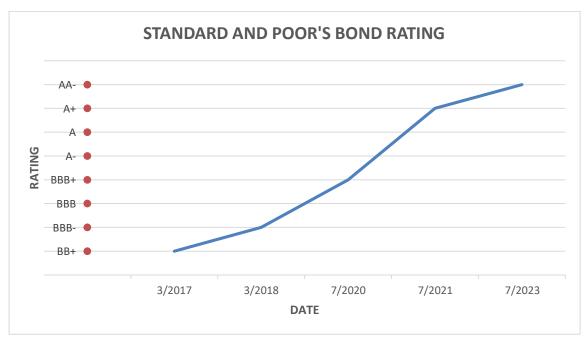
BUDGET

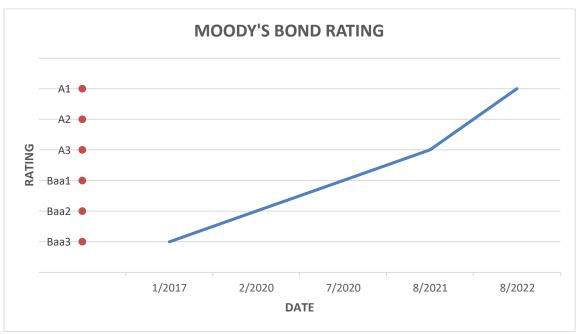
The Annual Budget serves as the foundation of the Town's financial planning and fiscal control. Formal budgetary integration is employed during the year as a management control device for the General, certain Special Revenue and Debt Service funds. The Town Board adopts the budget and establishes the legal level of control of the budget at the object level of expenditures. The object level identifies expenditures by the article purchased or service obtained in order to carry out a function. Appropriations are adopted at the object level. All budgetary amendments and transfers of appropriations require Town Board approval. Appropriations for all governmental funds except the Capital Projects and Special Grant funds lapse at year-end. The Capital Projects and Special Grant funds are budgeted on a project or grant basis.

CREDIT RATING

The Town's Bond rating according to Standard & Poor's is AA- with a stable outlook. The Town's Bond rating according to Moody's Investors Service is A1 with a positive outlook. Under the current administration, the bond ratings have been increased eight times, from junk bond ratings prior to 2017, including four times during the pandemic. The ratings have risen by a total of 12 notches combined during this seven-year period. The positive outlook reflects the expectation for continued upgrades as long as the Town continues on its current path. The improved financial condition of the Town allows for borrowing at lower interest rates than in the past. The higher ratings also allow the Town to refinance existing debt and reduce future debt service interest on bonds. The Town has reduced outstanding debt by over \$185 million over the past seven years as well as taken what was a cumulative deficit that was once \$44 million and turned it into a cumulative surplus that is now above \$100 million. The decrease in borrowing, favorable interest rates, and aggressive treasury management have resulted in a significant cost reduction for the Town and the taxpayer.

Additionally, for the fourth straight year in a row, the Town is not listed on the New York State Comptroller's Office Stress-Monitoring list. Further, in accordance with State Comptroller guidelines and recommendations all of the Town's major "operating" funds continue to have a positive fund balance.





AWARDS

In recognition of the Town's vast efforts in restoring fiscal responsibility, the Town was recently awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting, the highest form of recognition in the area of government accounting and financial reporting. The Town was praised for its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2022. This recognition requires an easily readable and efficiently organized Annual Comprehensive Financial Report, and is awarded by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA). The report must satisfy both generally accepted principles and applicable legal requirements. The Town's report is judged by an impartial panel to meet the high standards of the GFOA program, which includes demonstrating a constructive 'spirit of full disclosure' to clearly communicate its financial story.

ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK

The Town of Oyster Bay is an economic engine within Nassau County. The headquarters of major employers, including nationally known Altice USA, Long Island University – Post and National Grid/PSEG are located within the Town of Oyster Bay. The Town has one of the lowest unemployment rates in the metropolitan area and the State of New York, as well as being named one of the "richest towns-in-America" according to Bloomberg News. The Motion Picture and Television Industry continues to expand, as the Town of Oyster Bay is home to one of the largest production facilities on the East Coast.

The year 2023 solidified the Town's commitment to the redevelopment of the long vacant Sears property. The Town continues to address the challenges within the retail landscape as eCommerce affects not only small businesses, but big box stores and shopping malls alike. A few malls and big box stores have recently become vacant and the Town is working closely with their owners to devise a plan that is beneficial to all.

As the economy and population continue to grow, so does our community. Significant growth is anticipated in the coming years as downtown Hicksville transforms into a vibrant mixed-use community. The Town, through the Town Board and the Department of Planning and Development, has, in concert with the residents of Oyster Bay, developed procedures to ensure that new development in the Town maintains Oyster Bay's suburban quality of life.

A mixed-use development with 189 residential units has broken ground this past Fall. Several other projects in Hicksville are nearing regulatory approvals and will commence construction in 2024. Jericho will feature a new 4 story, 178,920 sq. ft. world-class luxury hotel with 182 rooms, providing a destination for business travelers.

Despite the ongoing global pandemic which began in March 2020 and continues to impact the world's public health response, the Town has remained financially strong and continues to enhance business development. The Town's popular outdoor dining program has been extended through the end of the year.

In an effort to help small businesses that were financially impacted by the Covid-19 Pandemic, the Town instituted a small business grant program. The Oyster Bay Forward grant program issues grants of up to \$5,000 to small businesses throughout the Town. The Town also recognized the effect the Covid-19 Pandemic had on our downtowns. In response, the Town awarded \$500,000 amongst the Chambers of Commerce located in the Town. In total, close to \$4 million has been distributed to small businesses.

The Town continues to offer free online resume and job skills services to help residents at home prepare for workforce re-entry. A group of professional experts offer free startup advice to small businesses. The Town Board is committed to helping residents find meaningful employment opportunities.

MAJOR INITIATIVES

Cutting Taxes and Creating Jobs

While other municipalities responded to the global pandemic with plans to raise taxes, Oyster Bay's budgets have continued to sustain the property tax cut approved by the Town Board in 2017. Even as the national economy has been experiencing some of the highest rates in inflation in the past 40 years, the Oyster Bay budget has remained frozen for six consecutive years. As a result, more than \$9 million is back in the pockets of residents rather than in the coffers of government. This continued taxpayer savings is possible due to debt reduction initiatives and internal controls. The Town Board also continues to help in advancing the local economy by working to attract new employers and offering free job fairs to those seeking employment. Anti-tax, pro-jobs policies have prepared the Town for the return of jobs at a time when our economy and residents need them the most.

MAJOR INITIATIVES (continued)

Transparency and Ethics Reforms

The Supervisor and Town Board have worked tirelessly to deliver important services while ensuring the highest level of integrity in government. To accomplish just that, the Supervisor and the Town Board installed an independent Board of Ethics with real and meaningful oversight. Together, the Supervisor and Town Board have instituted disclosure requirements for contractors, vendors and high-level employees to prevent conflicts of interest.

To enhance transparency and ultimately save money, the Supervisor and Town Board enhanced live streaming of Town Board meetings and work sessions so that the public may view the meetings from the comfort of their own home. These initiatives were especially successful during the pandemic, as government buildings were closed to the public and viewing of Town business remained available. The good-government organization, Reclaim New York, recognized the Town of Oyster Bay for their accomplishments. In fact, the Town of Oyster Bay is the first government in the State to collaborate with Reclaim New York to proactively improve transparency and provide residents unprecedented access to government. Furthermore, the Town was awarded a grade A from the Empire Center for its enhanced website transparency efforts to assist the public.

To further protect taxpayers while increasing accountability for contractors and Town departments, the Supervisor and the Town Board annually approve reforms to the Town's official Procurement Policy. These enhancements strengthen procedures and better hold both contractors and departments accountable.

New policies include but are not limited to expanding the list of familial relationships. This would constitute a conflict of interest. As to minimize the possibility of such conflicts, it is required to define the terms 'responsible bidder' and 'responsible vendor' more specifically, and to establish criteria to determine whether a vendor is capable of 'fully performing' the contract. Prospective vendors must submit a questionnaire for a full disclosure of the vendor's background information. The Town's requirement that all departments prepare and release a new RFP when seeking to extend an agreement for a period beyond three years from the original agreement date, ensures that this extension is in the best interest of the Town.

Information Technology

As the information technology landscape continues to advance, the Information Technology Division (ITD) continues to balance its efforts across a wide spectrum of improvements ranging from infrastructure development and maintenance to enterprise level business process and data quality improvements. The Town must continue to address these critical technology needs in this ever-changing environment.

Our IT maintenance program focuses on keeping our overall architecture as well as application and server configurations up to date and secure. This maintenance program also manages the expansion and upgrade of critical systems.

We continue to invest in firewalls, hardware, systems, programs and applications that defend and protect our environment. The ITD continues to stress strong fundamental information technology methods and practices for system security, data stewardship, measurable control, and value. Many of these efforts continue to streamline internal processes while enhancing system security. Additionally, the IT Steering Committee continues to support the development of various IT initiatives so that these align with the overall IT strategy of the Town. Lastly, the Town continues its commitment in providing the many necessary resources for an effective cybersecurity program.

Energy Efficiency/Green Energy

As the global demand for energy continues to increase, energy conservation has become more important than ever. The Town of Oyster Bay has worked to institute policies and programs to make not only the operations of Town facilities more energy efficient, but also promote energy conservation in the private sector. As part of the plan to improve efficiency in Town facilities, Energy Star rated air conditioning units have been installed along with thermal glass windows. Boilers have been converted from oil to natural gas, which provide an increase in efficiency of 94%. The Town has also made its buildings more energy-friendly by installing an energy-efficient lighting system. This initiative was accomplished through grant funding, at no cost to Town residents. Additionally, the Town is currently using solar ("green") power at one of its facilities at a significant savings and has been exploring the use of "green" power on a larger scale. As a result, taxpayers will save millions of dollars. Furthermore, largely due to the Same Day Permit Program, the Town has been recognized by the New York State Energy and Research Development Authority (NYSERDA) as a leader in issuing permits for solar panel installation.

MAJOR INITIATIVES (continued)

Energy Efficiency/Green Energy (continued)

The Town has also been conserving energy through the installation of energy efficient street lighting. As old street lighting fixtures come to the end of their lifespan, new energy-saving fixtures are installed. The Town has also installed electric vehicle charging stations at Theodore Roosevelt Memorial Park in Oyster Bay, as part of a pilot program fully funded by grant monies.

The Town also installed solar lighting systems on the top level of the Hicksville Commuter Parking Garage – helping to save taxpayers money and reduce the Town's carbon footprint by thousands of pounds annually. To date, this solar project has achieved a major milestone: offsetting carbon to the equivalent of approximately 10 acres of forest. This Smart Off-Grid lighting system enables remote control, monitoring, and management of the lighting systems, ensuring our residents high reliability and low maintenance costs. Additionally, this Smart Off-Grid lighting allows service personnel to optimize lighting profiles, such as dimming the lights during periods of prolonged bad weather to preserve battery power, and includes automated monitoring and alerts.

In the private sector, the Town has continued to mandate that homebuilders comply with the guidelines of the New York Energy Star Labeled Homes Program. By requiring all one and two-family homes, as well as multifamily dwellings, to comply with Energy Star guidelines, homeowners will be purchasing a more affordable residence to live by virtue of lower energy costs.

Environmental

For more than 20 years, the Bethpage Community Park – home to a playground, swimming pool, ice rink, skate park, and baseball field – awaits environmental cleanup from Northrop Grumman. Again, this season, this land will not be fully available for our residents due to the lack of progress by Northrop Grumman. For many years, the Town has demanded a binding schedule and has moved forward with litigation in hopes of bringing Grumman to the table and finally expedite the cleanup. Every resident deserves a fully cleaned park – with all contaminants removed and trucked off Long Island.

The Town has also continued to fight for the protection of our drinking water as it relates to the Grumman Navy Plume, an issue for which the Supervisor has been at the forefront throughout his career in various levels of government. This administration approved an agreement with the Northrop Grumman Corporation to open a path for pipes connecting a hotspot of environmental contamination (known as RW-21) to a treatment plant on the Grumman property. This remedial system is funded by Grumman and constructed under the oversight of the Town and the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC). At the Town's direction, Grumman was required to conduct continued community outreach to keep local residents apprised of the construction progress. After years of collaboration between Federal, State and Town governments – along with the Bethpage Water District and surrounding districts – the Supervisor and Town Board were successful in forcing Grumman and the Navy to pay for these cleanups and follow the remediation plans designed by the NYSDEC. This was a critical step forward in remediating the plume by opening the path for pipes that will connect groundwater recovery wells at a hotspot of environmental contamination, known as RW-21, to a treatment plant on the Grumman property utilizing Town roadways.

PLANNING FOR THE FUTURE AND PROTECTING QUALITY OF LIFE

Two of the most important functions of local government are planning and land use. These are the tools the Oyster Bay Town Board has used to ensure that our Town remains amongst the most desirable places to live. In a short time, the Supervisor and the Town Board have made great strides to help protect the quality of life guarded by Town residents, while taking steps to ensure a bright future for the Town where environmental resources are protected and the delicate balance of residential and business development continues to flourish.

Quality of Life Taskforce

To help address various issues facing communities throughout the Town, the Town Board created a Quality of Life Task Force, which has achieved many successes, including the removal of squatters and demolition of dangerous and abandoned homes. The Quality of Life Task Force is charged with combatting vacant and dilapidated homes, as well as focus on code enforcement concerns such as illegal housing, illegal business signs, noise, and unlicensed and uninsured contractors and landscapers. More than two dozen zombie homes have already been demolished through the work of this task force.

PLANNING FOR THE FUTURE AND PROTECTING QUALITY OF LIFE (continued)

Quality of Life Taskforce (continued)

To help combat zombie homes in local communities and protect taxpayers, the Town Board in 2018 approved a comprehensive package of laws that increase the Town's ability to seek restitution from property owners and lending institutions in violation of Town Code. These new legislations further allow the Town to recover costs associated with maintenance of vacant properties, and require that a \$25,000 trust account must be established when a home enters into foreclosure. Most recently, the Town approved the creation of a mortgage default registry, which adds an additional layer of protection to its existing provisions for properties in foreclosure and holds lending institutions and property owners responsible for any maintenance required on an abandoned or derelict property.

Infrastructure Improvements

When people hear the word infrastructure, the first thought that comes to mind is usually roads, buildings and bridges. These are all infrastructures, but infrastructure encompasses so much more. From sports and recreational facilities to computer and energy systems, the Town maintains numerous assets. Each year, the Town works to appropriately budget infrastructure improvements and maintenance initiatives. In addition to the vast infrastructure improvements made at Town parks and other facilities, the Town has consistently upgraded and modernized its computer network to streamline tasks and better serve the public.

The Supervisor and Town Board have significantly increased funding for road repaving. The Town Board has understood the frustration of residents regarding road conditions. For too long, conditions of roadways throughout the Town were left ignored. For that reason, the Town Board made smart investments in roadways while continuing to strike the balance for taxpayers. Town officials have worked to restore roadways in the most cost responsible and cost-conscious way possible. In just the past few years, the Town has already repaved hundreds of streets, with more planned throughout this year. Thanks to these efforts, the Town has already achieved restoration of the worst condition roads in neighborhoods throughout the Town and has repaved in all communities. This was all achieved while making sure to strike the important balance between protecting tax dollars and getting the roads done. Officials do however understand the need to improve roadways, and continue to work to get as many done in the most cost-effective way possible.

The Town has also installed new playgrounds, upgraded fields and playing surfaces Town-wide, installed new pickleball and tennis courts, and upgraded pool and beach facilities.

Keeping the Town's infrastructure strong is important for many reasons; it allows the Town to better serve its residents and to continue providing the high-quality municipal services and facilities that are hallmarks of the Town of Oyster Bay.

Environmental Protection, Restoration and Rehabilitation

The Town of Oyster Bay continues to protect the environment by expanding existing programs and laying the foundation for comprehensive planning documents to support initiating new projects. These projects improve the water quality in our bays and harbors, stabilize and rehabilitate shorelines, enhance biological diversity, protect environmentally sustainable objectives, promote ecological integrity and the Town's sensitive ecological dynamic, and protect and enhance our environment through the active involvement of a trained, qualified and dedicated staff.

The protection of Oyster Bay waters and waterfront is of utmost importance to the Town. The Town's draft Comprehensive Bay Management Plan provides the framework and guidance necessary to protect and rehabilitate the water quality and restore the flora and fauna in our bays and estuaries. Plans for a new Shellfish Hatchery are underway, this hatchery will have the potential capacity to grow 100 million clams and oysters, which are planned for the bay bottom in dedicated Conservation Management Areas, where the shellfish can grow and reproduce unaffected by commercial harvest pressures. Our kelp farming project, producing the largest kelp harvest in Nassau County, removes nitrogen from the water, which is later converted into a natural fertilizer that is planned for beneficial reuse in town parks and facilities.

PLANNING FOR THE FUTURE AND PROTECTING QUALITY OF LIFE (continued)

Environmental Protection, Restoration and Rehabilitation (continued)

As we expand our efforts to restore the shorelines and bay bottoms, thereby reduce erosion and promoting shoreline stabilization efforts, the Town conducts its annual Dune Grass Planting at our ocean side beach, stabilizing the dunes and expanding the natural dune habitat. Restoration of the bay bottom is essential to a robust, self-sustaining shellfish population and overall health of the waterway. A shell recycling program has been initiated where restaurants and food wholesalers segregate the clam and oyster shells from the food scraps, which are collected by town staff. They are cured at the Town of Oyster Bay Solid Waste Facility for a period of six months to a year. After the purification period, the Town is investigating the feasibility of utilizing same as suitable substrate for an oyster reef and/or future placement on the bay bottom that is generally poorly suited for shellfish spawn (pending regulatory agency review and approval). The shells create the necessary substrate necessary to promote and expand the shellfish population by encouraging shellfish to grow in areas that would typically be unproductive.

Protection and enhancement of the town's environmental resources from over development or excessive development is accomplished through the environmental review process. These reviews ensure compliance in accordance with Town Environmental Quality Review Law (TEQR, Chapter 110 of the Town Code) and the implementing regulations of the State Environmental Quality Review Act (SEQR, at 6 NYCRR §617) for all actions subject to environmental review. Review and technical comment on construction and development of projects conducted by other municipal agencies in the Town of Oyster Bay are scrutinized to ensure that appropriate consideration of the town's environment and the safety of its residents has been considered.

The Division of Environmental Conservation and Preservation serves to develop, implement and coordinate programs for the preservation, and protection of lands and existing natural resources and to manage and maintain facilities, equipment and personnel necessary for the proper administration of the above. Tree and natural resource preservation are a hallmark of the Division whereby staff develop and assist in the implementation of programs for the proper management of the town's tree inventory, perform environmental monitoring and undertake appropriate actions to correct problems or deficiencies encountered.

The Division of Environmental Education and Outreach serves to develop, implement and coordinate environmental education programs for the public and for Town governmental facilities, including, but not limited to, recycling and solid waste reduction, natural resource conservation, green infrastructure initiatives, environmental stewardship, and water quality protection.

The Division of Research and Technology strives to discover, explore, and recommend emerging technologies consistent with advancing the environmental goals and objectives of the Town of Oyster Bay. Notably, the Division's efforts resulted in a recent \$500,000 NYS Zero Emissions Vehicle Program (ZEV) grant award for the design and construction of up to twenty-four public charging stations at six Town parks and facilities. This grant is the largest ZEV award given to a Long Island municipality and supports the initiation of the largest municipal electric vehicle charging station project in Nassau County.

Environmental Preservation beyond our waterways and estuaries is accomplished by the development, coordination and implementation of programs and policies that preserve the ecological integrity of the Town's environmental resources, community character, and quality of life. A critical component of environmental preservation and conservation is a robust community outreach program where the town's youth are encouraged to participate in environmentally themed activities such as poster contests, harbor cleanups and Marine Education Expos that are conducted throughout the year. The Town of Oyster Bay makes extraordinary efforts to protect and enhance the environment. Programs and projects are being maintained, studied, updated and expanded to further advance and comprehensively evaluate the town's commitment to a clean, and healthy environment and enjoyment of vital and unique environmental resources for this and future generations.

INTERNAL CONTROLS

Pursuant to Town Law §34, certain financial functions of the Town are the responsibility of the Comptroller. The Supervisor, however, is the Chief Fiscal Officer of the Town. The Comptroller, who is responsible to the Town Board, also acts as accounting officer of the Town. The duties of the Comptroller include administration, direction and control of the following divisions: Audit and Control, Information Technology, Payroll, Accounting and Accounts Payable.

INTERNAL CONTROLS (continued)

To assist in meeting internal control objectives, the Town has elected to undertake an annual systemic, formalized review of departmental operations pursuant to the New York State Governmental Accountability, Audit and Internal Control Act of 1987. It has developed and maintained a system of administrative controls in accordance with the objectives of the Act, established guidelines for evaluation of systems of internal accounting and undertaken annual reviews and reports. As a recipient of federal assistance, the Town also is responsible for ensuring that an adequate internal control structure is in place to be in compliance with applicable laws and regulations related to those programs. This internal control structure is subject to periodic evaluation by Comptroller personnel, as well as by the independent auditors engaged to conduct the annual single audit as required by law.

As part of the Town's commitment to strengthen its internal controls, various field audits are conducted each year by Comptroller's Office Internal Audit staff. In 2023, 130 field audits were performed including but not limited to cash counts in each revenue-receiving location such as beaches, pools, rinks and golf course; inventory of materials and supplies; Cultural and Performing Arts classes; special events (i.e. Bluefish Tournament, Art-In-The-Park, TOBAY Car Show) as well as procedural.

In addition, the Town maintains controls in order to ensure compliance with the budgetary provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budgets approved by the Town Board. Activities of the General, Town Outside Village, Highway, Debt Service and Special Districts funds including the Drainage District, Fire Protection Districts, Lighting District, Park Districts, Garbage Collection Districts, Solid Waste Disposal District, Public Parking District and Water Districts, with the exception of the Capital Projects and Special Grant funds, are provided for in annual appropriated budgets.

Activities of the Special Grant Fund are provided in appropriated budgets, for the federally allowable life of use of funds, as individual grants are made available to the Town. Project-length financial plans are adopted for the Capital Projects Fund. The level of budgetary control at which expenditures cannot exceed the appropriated amount is exercised at the object level. The Town also maintains an encumbrance accounting system as one technique of accomplishing budgetary control. Appropriations, which have not been expended or encumbered, lapse at the end of the year. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation and may be expended in a subsequent budgetary period.

AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

This report could not have been accomplished without the dedicated staff of the Comptroller's Office, PKF O'Connor Davies, LLP and our independent auditors Cullen & Danowski, LLP. I would like to express my appreciation for their professionalism and efficiency for the preparation of this report.

Finally, I want to thank the Supervisor and Members of the Town Board for their continued commitment and support in planning and conducting the Town's financial operations in a responsible manner.

STEVEN C. BALLAS

Comptroller

Places to Play and Visit - Town of Oyster Bay, New York

TOWN BEACHES AND PARKS

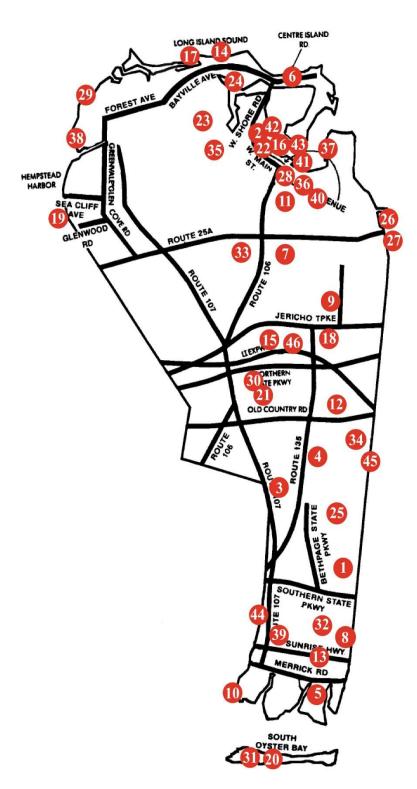
- 1. Ellsworth W. Allen Town Park
- 2. Beekman Beach Park
- 3. Bethpage Community Park
- 4. Borella Field
- 5. John J. Burns Town Park
- 6. Centre Island Beach
- 7. (The) Farm at Oyster Bay
- 8. Field of Dreams
- 9. Golf Course and Clubhouse
- 10. Philip B. Healey Beach at Florence Avenue
- 11. Senator Ralph J. Marino Memorial Field
- 12. Plainview-Old Bethpage Community Park
- 13. Marjorie R. Post Community Park
- 14. Charles E. Ransom Beach
- 15. Robbins Lane Community Park
- 16. Theodore Roosevelt Memorial Park & Beach
- 17. Stehli Beach
- 18. Syosset-Woodbury Community Park
- 19. Harry Tappen Beach
- 20. Tobay Beach
- 21. John Walker Memorial Park
- 22. Western Waterfront

PLACES OF INTEREST

- 23. Bailey Arboretum
- 24. Bayville Historical Museum
- 25. Bethpage State Park
- 26. Cold Spring Harbor Fish Hatchery and Aquarium
- 27. Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory
- 28. Earle-Wightman House
- 29. Garvies Point Museum & Preserve
- 30. Hicksville Gregory Museum
- 31. John F. Kennedy Memorial Wildlife Sanctuary
- 32. Massapequa Preserve
- 33. Muttontown Nature Preserve
- 34. Old Bethpage Village Restoration
- 35. Planting Fields Arboretum State Historic Park
- 36. Raynham Hall Museum
- 37. Sagamore Hill National Historic Site
- 38. Sea Cliff Village Museum
- 39. Tackapausha Museum and Preserve
- 40. Theodore Roosevelt Memorial Sanctuary and Audubon Center
- 41. Townsend Museum
- 42. Waterfront Center

TOWN FACILITIES

- 43. Town Halls East and West
- 44. Town Hall South
- 45. Solid Waste Disposal Complex
- 46. Departments of Public Safety & Public Works, Highway Division, Animal Shelter





TOWN OF OYSTER BAY, NEW YORK

PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS

December 31, 2023



JOSEPH SALADINO TOWN SUPERVISOR



TOWN COUNCIL WOMAN



MICHELE M. JOHNSON LOUIS B. IMBROTO THOMAS P. HAND TOWN COUNCILMAN



TOWN COUNCILMAN



STEVE LABRIOLA TOWN COUNCILMAN



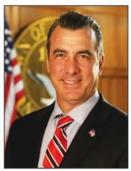
LAURA L. MAIER TOWN COUNCIL WOMAN



VICKI WALSH TOWN COUNCIL WOMAN



TOWN CLERK



RICHARD LAMARCA JEFFREY P. PRAVATO RECEIVER OF TAXES

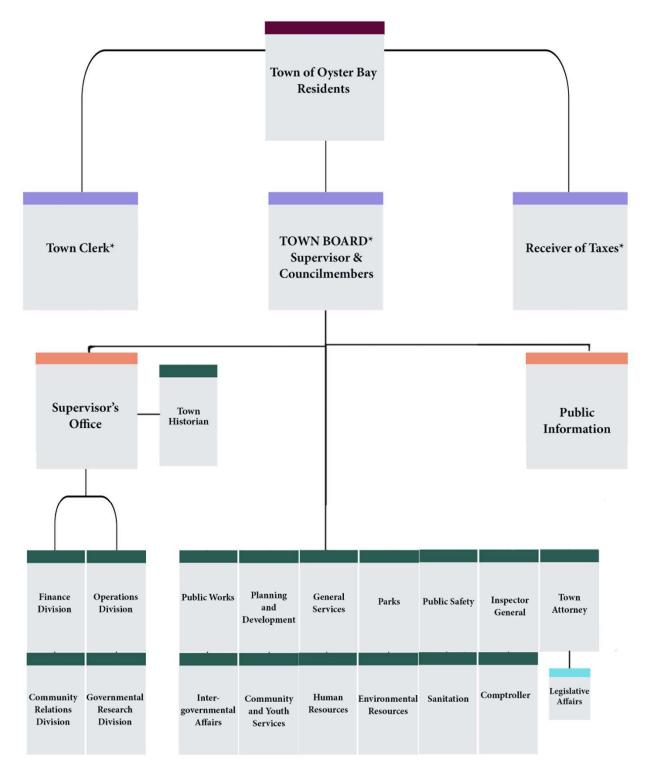
TOWN ATTORNEY COMPTROLLER

FRANK M. SCALERA STEVEN C. BALLAS

TOWN OF OYSTER BAY, NEW YORK

ORGANIZATIONAL CHART

December 31, 2023



^{*}Elected by Town of Oyster Bay voters



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Town of Oyster Bay New York

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

December 31, 2022

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

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FINANCIAL SECTION



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Supervisor and Town Board Town of Oyster Bay Oyster Bay, New York

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Oyster Bay, New York (Town), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the reports of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town, as of December 31, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

We did not audit the financial statements of four of the eleven discretely presented component units, Bethpage Water District and Locust Valley Water District, which are major component units, and Oyster Bay Water District and Oyster Bay Sewer District, which are non-major component units and are 32.7%, 34.5% and 25.9%, respectively, of the assets, net position, and revenues of the aggregate discretely presented component units as of December 31, 2023. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose reports have been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for those four component units, is based solely on the reports of the other auditors.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. The financial statements of the discretely presented component units in these financial statements, Hicksville Water District, Jericho Water District, Plainview Water District, South Farmingdale Water District, Massapequa Water District, Glenwood-Glenhead Garbage District, Syosset Sanitation District and Oyster Bay Sewer District were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Town of Oyster

 $1650\ ROUTE\ 112, PORT\ JEFFERSON\ STATION, NEW\ YORK\ 11776-3060$

Bay, New York, and to meet our ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence that we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Change in Accounting Principle

As described in Note 1.D21 to the financial statements, "Change in Accounting Principle," the Town has adopted the provisions of GASB Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements*, as of December 31, 2023. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Town's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, and *Government Auditing Standards*, will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing
 an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion
 is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Town's, ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information schedules, schedule of changes in the Town's total other postemployment benefits liability and related ratios, schedule of pension contributions, schedule of proportionate share of the net pension liability/(asset), and the schedule of proportionate share of the length of service award program liability and schedule of changes in the length of service award program liability and related ratios as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We and other auditors have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor governmental fund financial statements and schedules, debt service fund schedule of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance – budget and actual, combining fiduciary fund statements of fiduciary net position and changes in fiduciary net position, and discretely presented nonmajor component units combining statements of net position and activities as listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of

the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by us and other auditors. In our opinion, based on our audit and the reports of the other auditors, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, debt service fund schedule of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance - budget and actual, and discretely presented nonmajor component units combining statements of net position and activities are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual comprehensive financial report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 24, 2024, on our consideration of the Town's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests on its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Iune 24, 2024

Cullen & Danowski, LLP

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION Management's Discussion and Analysis

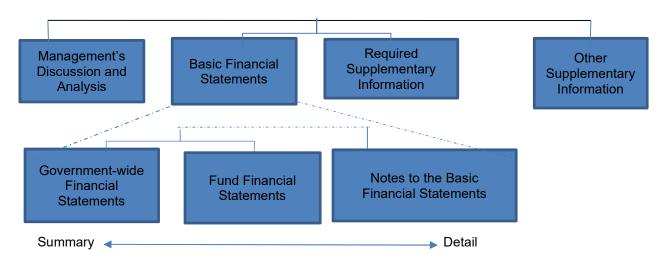
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
December 31, 2023

As management of the Town of Oyster Bay (Town), we offer readers of the financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities for the year ended December 31, 2023. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here, in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letters of transmittal of this report (see pages 2 through 12).

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Town's basic financial statements. The Town's basic financial statements are comprised of the following components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements and 3) notes to basic financial statements. This report also contains supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

COMPONENTS OF THE ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT



Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Town's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business. The intent of the government-wide financial statements is to provide the reader a long-term view of the Town's financial condition.

The Statement of Net Position presents financial information on all of the Town's assets, liabilities and deferred inflows/outflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. This combines and consolidates the Town's current financial resources with capital assets and long-term obligations. The purpose of this statement is to provide the reader an understanding of the Town's total net worth. Over time, increases or decreases in the Town's net position is one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. You will need to consider other nonfinancial factors, such as changes in the Town's property tax base and the condition of the Town's buildings, roads, drainage and other assets to assess the overall health of the Town.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the Town's net position changed during the most recent year. Revenues and expenses are reported by activity to provide the reader an understanding of how each of the Town's activities is being supported. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future periods. This method is known as the accrual basis of accounting and is different from the modified accrual basis of accounting used in the Town's governmental fund financial statements.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
December 31, 2023

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Government-wide Financial Statements (continued)

The Town's government-wide financial statements include both the governmental activities of the Town itself (known as the primary government) and of its legally separate component units for which the Town is financially accountable. Financial information for these component units is reported separately (discretely presented) from the financial information presented for the primary government.

Governmental Activities

The Town's basic services are reported here, including: general government support; public safety; transportation; economic assistance and opportunity; culture and recreation and home and community services. Property taxes, local government assistance, mortgage taxes, franchise fees, fines, and state and federal grants finance these activities. The Town also charges fees to residents to help it cover the cost of certain services it provides.

Component Units

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the Town is either financially accountable, or the nature and significance of their relationship with the Town is such that exclusion would cause the Town's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. These entities are reported in a separate column in the government-wide statements. The Town includes eleven separate legal entities in its report (eight water districts, two sanitation districts, and one sewer district). Seven of the water districts are major component units.

Information on separately issued component unit financial statements is shown in Note 5 to the financial statements.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements focus on current available resources and are organized and operated on the basis of funds, each of which is defined as an accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts established for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions or limitations. The Town, like other governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Town can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds

The Town's activities are reported in governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financial requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term effect of the Town's near-term financial decisions. Both the governmental funds Balance Sheet and governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
December 31, 2023

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Fund Financial Statements (continued)

Governmental Funds (continued)

The Town maintains fourteen (14) individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund Balance Sheet and in the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for the six (6) major funds. The General, Highway, Garbage Collection Districts, Solid Waste Disposal District, Debt Service, and Capital Projects funds are reported as major funds. Data from the eight (8) other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining and individual fund statements in the other supplementary information section in this report.

The Town adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General, Special Revenue, and Debt Service funds. A budgetary comparison schedule for the General, Highway, Garbage Collection Districts, and Solid Waste Disposal District funds can be found in the section labeled "Required Supplementary Information Other Than Management's Discussion and Analysis." The budgetary comparison schedule for the Debt Service Fund and all nonmajor governmental funds with the exception of the Special Grants Fund can be found in the section labeled "Supplementary Information".

Fiduciary Funds

All of the Town's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate Statement of Fiduciary Net Position and Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position. We exclude these activities from the Town's other financial statements because the Town cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The Town is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found following the basic financial statements.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements this report contains required supplementary information other than MD&A and other supplementary information immediately following the notes to the financial statements.

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
December 31, 2023

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial net position. In the case of the Town, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceeded assets and deferred outflows of resources by \$482,765,374 at the close of the most recent year.

Condensed Statement of Net Position Governmental Activities - Primary Government as of December 31, 2023 and 2022

	2023	2022
Assets		* (as restated)
Other assets	\$ 330,140,330	\$ 362,678,562
Capital assets	632,406,678	624,054,814
Total Assets	962,547,008	986,733,376
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	168,817,823	173,707,500
Liabilities		
Other liabilities	245,506,012	220,790,926
Long-term liabilities	1,148,839,626	1,167,195,157
Total Liabilities	1,394,345,638	1,387,986,083
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	219,784,567	284,382,322
Net Position		
Net investment in capital assets	127,275,639	103,918,069
Restricted	16,155,302	7,066,119
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(626, 196, 315)	(622,911,717)
Total Net Position	\$ (482,765,374)	\$ (511,927,529)

^{*} As restated for the implementation of Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITAs).

Total assets and deferred outflows of resources of the Town as of December 31, 2023 were \$1,131,364,831, a decrease of \$29,076,045 from the prior year. Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources as of December 31, 2023 were \$1,614,130,205, a decrease of \$58,238,200 from the prior year balance. This results in an overall net position deficit of \$482,765,374 as of December 31, 2023. Of the Town's net position balance, \$127,275,639 reflects the Town's investment in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation/amortization (e.g., land, development rights, construction in progress, land rights, buildings, improvements other than buildings, machinery and equipment, software, roads, curbs, sidewalks, drainage systems, lighting systems and subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) right-to-use assets) less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The Town uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens and consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Town's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves will not be used to liquidate these liabilities. The Town's net position also included \$16,155,302 that is restricted by statute or for other specific purposes and \$626,196,315 that is an unrestricted deficit.

The deficit balance of unrestricted net position includes unfunded long-term liabilities. These long-term liabilities along with the payment of bonds and notes will be funded through future budgetary appropriations when they become payable in future periods. Included in these long-term liabilities are due to employees' retirement system in the amount of \$4,948,004, compensated absences in the amount of \$28,626,708, claims and judgments payable in the amount of \$26,675,337, other litigation payable of \$196,000, estimated liability for landfill closure and post-closure care costs in the amount of \$1,700,000, net pension liability proportionate in the amount of \$56,150,552, total OPEB (other postemployment benefits) liability in the amount of \$537,349,538 and LOSAP (length of service award program) liability – proportionate share of \$11,794,583.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS December 31, 2023

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (continued)

Our analysis below focuses on the changes in net position of the Town's governmental activities.

Changes in Net Position Governmental Activities - Primary Government For The Years Ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

	 2023	2022
Program Revenues		
Charges for services	\$ 26,948,065	\$ 27,438,005
Operating grants and contributions	14,511,610	13,197,275
Capital grants and contributions	6,395,193	 9,640,566
Total Program Revenues	 47,854,868	 50,275,846
General Revenues	_	
Real property taxes	234,501,266	234,746,545
Other real property tax items	10,784,086	10,573,240
Non-property tax items	5,126,148	5,113,254
Interest earnings	14,063,428	3,085,713
Local government assistance - unrestricted	19,560,313	19,534,137
State aid - unrestricted	11,341,354	19,134,192
Other	 4,666,385	 5,049,265
Total General Revenues	300,042,980	297,236,346
Total Revenues	347,897,848	 347,512,192
Program Expenses		
General government support	44,113,625	34,187,945
Public safety	31,671,716	30,061,892
Transportation	56,468,862	58,657,274
Economic assistance and opportunity	3,779,210	3,679,890
Culture and recreation	82,717,194	77,439,824
Home and community services	83,999,397	95,463,439
Interest on debt	 15,985,689	 15,535,454
Total Expenses	318,735,693	 315,025,718
Change in Net Position	29,162,155	 32,486,474
Net Position at Beginning of Year	 (511,927,529)	 (544,414,003)
Net Position at End of Year	\$ (482,765,374)	\$ (511,927,529)

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
December 31, 2023

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (continued)

Net position, from all governmental activities, increased by \$29,162,155 in the current year. Key elements of the governmental activities are:

- The current year increase was mainly due to the increase in general revenues of \$2,806,634, which was mainly due to an increase of \$10,977,715 in interest earnings for higher interest rates on larger balances offset by a decrease of \$7,792,838 in state aid mortgage tax for fewer mortgage recordings because of rising interest rates.
- Total program expenses were \$318,735,693 in 2023, an increase of \$3,709,975 over the prior year. Expenses increased in general governmental support by \$9,925,680, in public safety by \$1,609,824 and by \$5,277,370 in cultural and recreation which were offset by a decrease in expenses in home and community services of \$11,464,042 and a decrease of \$2,188,412 in transportation.

The following chart illustrates the total and net cost of services by function for the Town's governmental funds.

Total and Net Expense of Services
Governmental Activities - Primary Government
For The Years Ended December 31, 2023 and 2022.

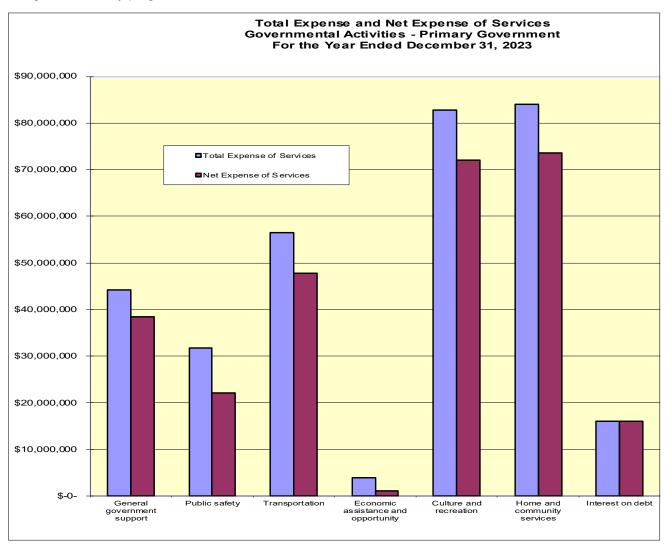
	Total Expense of Services					Net Expense of Services		
		2023 2022		2023			2022	
General government support	\$	44,113,625	\$	34,187,945	\$	38,442,821	\$	31,200,146
Public safety		31,671,716		30,061,892		22,110,647		20,073,036
Transportation		56,468,862		58,657,274		47,753,238		51,912,196
Economic assistance and opportunity		3,779,210		3,679,890		978,319		789,244
Culture and recreation		82,717,194		77,439,824		72,039,932		67,281,012
Home and community services		83,999,397		95,463,439		73,570,179		77,958,784
Interest on debt		15,985,689		15,535,454		15,985,689		15,535,454
	\$	318,735,693	\$	315,025,718	\$	270,880,825	\$	264,749,872

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS December 31, 2023

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (continued)

The total cost of all governmental activities this year was \$318,735,693. The net expense of these services after being subsidized by program revenues was \$270,880,825.



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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS December 31, 2023

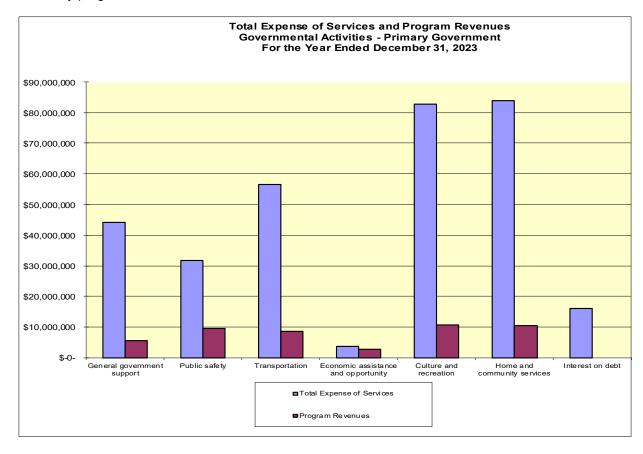
GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (continued)

The following chart illustrates the total costs of services and program revenues by function for the Town's governmental activities.

Total Expense of Services and Program Revenues Governmental Activities - Primary Government For The Years Ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

	Total Expense					Program			
		of Se	rvice	es	Revenues			s	
	2023 2022		2023			2022			
General government support	\$	44,113,625	\$	34,187,945	\$	5,670,804	\$	2,987,799	
Public safety		31,671,716		30,061,892		9,561,069		9,988,856	
Transportation		56,468,862		58,657,274		8,715,624		6,745,078	
Economic assistance and opportunity		3,779,210		3,679,890		2,800,891		2,890,646	
Culture and recreation		82,717,194		77,439,824		10,677,262		10,158,812	
Home and community services		83,999,397		95,463,439		10,429,218		17,504,655	
Interest on debt		15,985,689		15,535,454					
	\$	318,735,693	\$	315,025,718	\$	47,854,868	\$	50,275,846	

The total cost of all governmental activities this year was \$318,735,693. The costs of these services were subsidized by program revenues of \$47,854,868.



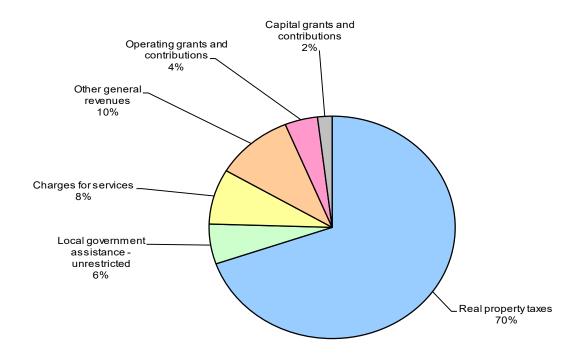
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS December 31, 2023

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (continued)

Revenue by Source

Governmental Activities - Primary Government For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Real property taxes	\$ 234,501,266
State aid - unrestricted	11,341,354
Local government assistance - unrestricted	19,560,313
Charges for services	26,948,065
Other general revenues	34,640,047
Operating grants and contributions	14,511,610
Capital grants and contributions	 6,395,193
	\$ 347,897,848



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
December 31, 2023

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE TOWN'S FUNDS

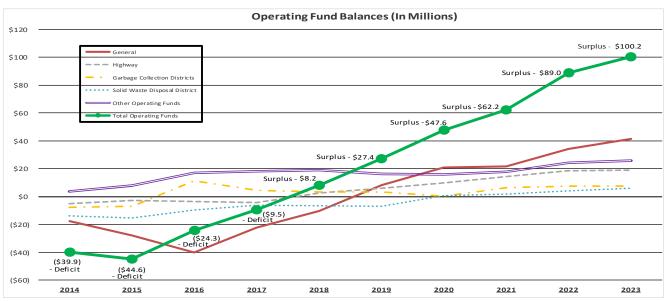
Governmental Funds

The focus of the Town's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Town's financing requirements. In particular, spendable fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the year.

At December 31, 2023, the Town's governmental funds reported a total ending fund balance of \$60,993,674, a decrease of \$35,898,186 from the prior year fund balance of \$96,891,860. The category breakdown of fund balance is as follows:

- **Nonspendable fund balance** \$4,797,287 (inherently nonspendable) includes the portion of net resources that are not in spendable form or will not convert to cash within the current period.
- Restricted fund balance \$39,874,568 (externally enforceable limitations on use) includes amounts subject to limitations imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments.
- Assigned fund balance \$48,678,303 (limitation resulting from intended use) consists of amounts where
 the intended use is established by the Town Board, but do not meet the criteria to be classified as
 restricted or committed.
- Unassigned fund balance deficit \$32,356,484 (residual net resources) is the remaining total fund balance deficit in the Capital Projects Fund of \$62,919,452, Fire Protection Districts Fund of \$573,942 and unassigned General Fund balance of \$31,136,910.

The negative change in total governmental fund balance was primarily due to the decrease in federal aid of \$2.1 million, state aid of \$7.6 million and departmental income of \$1.9 million which were offset by an increase in use of money and property of \$12.1 million. Expenditures increased by \$14.7 million overall. The expenditures in general government support increased by \$4.7 million, debt service increased by \$3.0 million, capital outlay by \$8.3 million, employee benefit increased by \$5.2 million offset by decreases of \$8.2 million in home and community and \$1.2 million in transportation. The Town began the year anticipating that revenues would equal expenditures, utilizing no appropriations of fund balance for the 2023 budget in the governmental funds. During the year, the Town appropriations included prior year encumbrances of \$590,235.



The chart above shows the ten-year trend of the operating fund balances of the Town. It's important to point out the remarkable swing from a \$44.6 million deficit in 2015 to a surplus of \$100.2 million in 2023. This includes reporting an \$11.2 million operating surplus in 2023 while improving residential services and paying down debt. See the Statistical Section pages 169-170 for the fund balances for each governmental fund.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
December 31, 2023

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE TOWN'S FUNDS (continued)

Governmental Funds (continued)

The changes in fund balance in the General, Highway, Garbage Collection Districts, Solid Waste Disposal District, Capital Projects and Nonmajor Governmental funds are explained in their respective paragraphs below.

General Fund	2023	2023 2022		 2021
Revenues	\$ 161,014,030	\$	150,851,295	\$ 147,179,467
Expenditures	122,239,379		109,564,546	118,959,563
Other Financing Sources (Uses), net	(31,335,105)		(28,870,202)	(27,482,586)
Net Change in Fund Balance	7,439,546		12,416,547	737,318
Fund Balance, beginning	 34,201,390		21,784,843	21,047,525
Fund Balance, ending	\$ 41,640,936	\$	34,201,390	\$ 21,784,843

The General Fund operated at a surplus of \$7,439,546 which provided an ending fund balance of \$41,640,936. Revenues increased by \$10,162,735 over the prior year to \$161,014,030, and expenditures increased by \$12,674,833 to \$122,239,379 and other financing uses net, increased by \$2,464,903 to \$31,335,105 compared to the prior year. The increase in revenue was in intergovernmental charges and use of money and property. An increase of \$5,609,420 in intergovernmental charges relates mainly to the increase in Nassau County local government assistance allocated to the General Fund. Use of money and property increased by \$7,289,710 which was mainly due to the increase in interest and earnings from higher interest rates and increased level of funds available. These increases were offset by the net decrease of \$7,605,251 in state aid mostly related to mortgage tax. Expenditures increased mainly due to the increase in general government support of \$4,699,370 included in the increase was an increase of \$880,000 for judgment and claims and for increased activity in the American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) \$2,493,358 and \$2,888,953 in general government support and home and community services, respectively. Employee benefits increased by \$1,734,185 mostly for hospital, medical and dental activity. Debt service increased \$1,710,080 for higher repayments and new SBITA liability payments.

Highway Fund	2023		2022		2021
Revenues	\$	56,080,848	\$	54,622,334	\$ 51,985,728
Expenditures		28,314,642		28,044,551	30,590,505
Other Financing Sources (Uses), net		(27,177,974)		(22,485,307)	 (16,826,768)
Net Change in Fund Balance		588,232		4,092,476	4,568,455
Fund Balance, beginning		18,570,063		14,477,587	 9,909,132
Fund Balance, ending	\$	19,158,295	\$	18,570,063	\$ 14,477,587

In the Highway Fund, the fund balance increased by \$588,232 to \$19,158,295. Revenues totaled \$56,080,848, an increase of \$1,458,514, while expenditures and net other financing uses totaled \$55,492,616, an increase of \$4,962,758 over the prior year. The increase in revenue was the result of the recognition of federal aid of \$1,136,040 in the current year for disaster assistance that has been approved in 2023 by the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA). Expenditures have a slight increase of \$270,091. Overall, the Town increased the fund balance in the Highway Fund from \$18,570,063 for the year ended December 31, 2022 by \$588,232 to a fund balance of \$19,158,295 as of the year ended December 31, 2023.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
December 31, 2023

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE TOWN'S FUNDS (continued)

Governmental Funds (continued)

Garbage Collection Districts Fund	2023			2022	2021			
Revenues	\$ 64,777,707		\$ 63,754,508		\$	72,008,705		
Expenditures	62,549,256		60,195,467		62,549,256 60,195,467			59,180,980
Other Financing Sources (Uses), net		(2,275,411)		(2,378,108)		(6,619,906)		
Net Change in Fund Balance		(46,960)		1,180,933		6,207,819		
Fund Balance, beginning		7,650,933		6,470,000		262,181		
Fund Balance, ending	\$	7,603,973	\$	7,650,933	\$	6,470,000		

In the Garbage Collection Districts Fund, the fund balance remained fairly consistent with an overall decrease of only \$46,960 from \$7,650,933 for the year ended December 31, 2022 to a fund balance of \$7,603,973 at December 31, 2023.

Solid Waste Disposal District Fund	2023			2022	2021		
Revenues	\$ 26,693,204		\$ 29,461,371		\$	30,706,532	
Expenditures	22,924,751		22,924,751 25,093,719			25,481,437	
Other Financing Sources (Uses), net		(1,927,990)		(2,069,299)		(4,035,966)	
Net Change in Fund Balance		1,840,463		2,298,353		1,189,129	
Fund Balance (Deficit), beginning		4,068,880		1,770,527		581,398	
Fund Balance, ending	\$	5,909,343	\$	4,068,880	\$	1,770,527	

In the Solid Waste Disposal District Fund, fund balance increased by \$1,840,463 from \$4,068,880 to a fund balance of \$5,909,343. Revenues totaled \$26,693,204, a decrease of \$2,768,167 from the prior year, while expenditures and other financing uses net, totaled \$24,852,741, a decrease of \$2,310,277 from the prior year. The decrease in revenue was mainly due to a decrease in real property taxes of \$3,435,222 offset by an increase of \$849,393 in federal aid and \$121,911 in state aid mostly related for disaster assistance. The overall decrease in expenditures was mainly due to a decrease in sanitation transport of \$2,610,726 and recycle processing of \$772,510 which was offset by increases of \$181,344 for medical, dental and optical insurance and \$379,737 for workers' compensation. Overall, the Town increased the fund balance in the Solid Waste Disposal District Fund over a fund balance of \$4,068,880 for the year ended December 31, 2022 by \$1,840,463 to a fund balance of \$5,909,343 at December 31, 2023.

In the Capital Projects Fund, the fund balance decreased by \$47,097,642 to a deficit of \$39,200,186. The decrease was mainly the result of a decrease of \$54,485,000 issued during 2022 and an increase in capital outlay for general government, transportation and culture and recreation. Revenues for continuing highway programs and disaster assistance aid along with transfers from the General and Highway funds totaling \$3,000,000 reduced the impact on fund balance.

The total Nonmajor Governmental Funds' fund balance increased by \$1,378,175. Revenues totaled \$74,897,215 a decrease of \$12,513,735 from the prior year, while expenditures and other financing sources (uses), net totaled \$73,519,040, a decrease of \$7,103,955 from the prior year. The decrease in revenue was mainly due to a decrease in intergovernmental charges of \$5,160,000 and federal aid of \$9,841,405 offset by an increase of \$2,584,144 in real property taxes. The decrease in expenditures was primarily caused by decrease in home and community services and transportation of \$9,600,092 and \$510,357, respectively which was offset by an increase in cultural and recreation and employee benefit of \$1,438,007 and \$959,317, respectively.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS December 31, 2023

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The Town appropriated expenditures in the original General Fund budget equal to estimated revenues for a balanced budget. Over the course of the year, the Town Board revises the budget as needed so that expenditures do not exceed appropriations. In the General Fund, various transfers between appropriations were approved for this purpose. The adopted budget was also revised by \$366,612 for encumbrances from the prior year. Please see the General Fund section for more details on the comparison of final budget to actual amounts.

Variances for the General Fund

In the current year, the General Fund's final revenue budget amounts compared to the original revenue budget amounts showed an increase of \$14.8 million. This increase was due to an increase of \$6.4 million in federal aid (ARPA), an increase of \$0.5 million in insurance recoveries and an increase of \$7.7 million in interest and earnings from what was originally budgeted.

The actual revenue was over budget compared to the final revenue budget by \$1.3 million. This was due to actual use of money and property exceeding final budget by \$1.8 million for lease payments collected and interest earnings, interfund revenue exceeding budget by \$1.7 million, property tax and related items exceeded final budget by \$0.6 million for increases in payment in lieu of taxes and additional restored property taxes, total departmental income was over the final budgeted amount by \$0.6 million due to collection of greater than anticipated recreational fees, beach pool, golf fees and community services fees, court fines exceeding budget by \$0.4 million. This was offset by actual mortgage tax revenue being lower than final budgeted by \$4.7 million. Nassau County local government assistance revenue which was under budget by \$1.5 million, but this was offset by services to other governments exceeding final budget by \$1.6 million. The Town allocated \$5.5 million of the actual assistance revenue to other operating funds that was originally budgeted for in the General Fund. See Note 3.C for the details of the allocation.

The final expenditure budget compared to the original expenditure budget showed an increase of \$17.4 million offset by \$2.7 million increase in transfers in. These budget amendment increases were primarily due to increased activity in ARPA projects in general government support and in home and community, salaries in public safety of \$1.1 million, increased use of the parks added to culture and recreation expenditures of \$1.9 million, employee benefits of \$2.2 million and debt service of \$3.2 million for bond anticipation notes and SBITAs with the other changes representing line-item transfers.

The total actual expenditures was less than the final budgeted expenditures by \$6.1 million. This variance was due to the actual costs of general government support of \$3.8 million less than the final budgeted expenditure resulting from decreased spending in Comptroller, Town Attorney, human resources, general services, central vehicle maintenance and other general governmental support. In addition to this, employee benefits actual expenditure was under the final budgeted amount by \$1.4 million mainly because of decreased spending in hospital, medical and dental expenditures and the state employees' retirement system.

The overall variance for the General Fund compared to the final budget was \$7.5 million, due to the favorable expenditure variance added to the favorable revenue variance.

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
December 31, 2023

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

As of December 31, 2023, the Town had \$632,406,678, in net capital assets including land, development rights, construction in progress, land rights, buildings, improvements other than buildings, machinery and equipment, software, SBITAs right-to-use assets, roads, curbs and sidewalks, drainage and street lighting net of accumulated depreciation/amortization. In addition, the Town has encumbered funds for commitments of capital expenditures in the amount of \$24,917,068.

Primary government		2023	2022		
				*(as restated)	
Land	\$	130,363,502	\$	130,363,502	
Development rights		1,306,296		1,306,296	
Construction in progress		11,127,867		9,828,058	
Total non-depreciable capital assets		142,797,665		141,497,856	
Land rights		9,296,520		9,296,520	
Buildings		177,812,693		177,437,714	
Improvements other than buildings		569,873,308		546,269,797	
Machinery and equipment		111,783,282		110,219,534	
Software		29,768,406		28,579,527	
*SBITAs right-to-use assets		1,880,686		1,880,686	
Infrastructure:					
Roads, curbs and sidewalks		525,385,639		500,596,711	
Drainage system		183,517,036		183,488,322	
Lighting system		23,194,821		23,194,821	
Total depreciable/amortizable capital assets		1,632,512,391		1,580,963,632	
Total capital assets		1,775,310,056		1,722,461,488	
Less: accumulated depreciation/amortization		1,142,903,378		1,098,406,674	
Primary government - Total net capital assets	\$	632,406,678	\$	624,054,814	

^{*} As restated for the implementation of Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITAs).

During 2023, capital assets increased with activity in the New York Rising program of approximately \$1.5 million for streetlights and drainage projects. Ongoing road improvements partially funded by the New York State Department of Transportation are reported as an increase to infrastructure roads of \$24.8 million. Increases of \$17.0 million in the parks systems, \$4.3 million in general services, and \$1.6 million in conservation are reported in the improvements other than buildings. Machinery and equipment purchases totaled \$5.1 million, mostly related to transportation and culture and recreation for \$1.8 million each. SBITAs right-to-use assets are being reported this year in accordance with the adoption of GASB Statement No. 96.

Accumulated depreciation/amortization increased by approximately \$48.1 million and was offset by disposals of approximately \$3.6 million.

Additional information on the Town's capital assets can be found in Note 3.D to the financial statements.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS December 31, 2023

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION (continued)

Capital Assets (continued)

The Town's discretely presented component units had \$443,817,424 in net capital assets including land, construction in progress, buildings, right-to-use leased office space, improvements other than buildings, machinery and equipment, software, water and sewer mains.

Component units		2023	2022		
Land	\$	6,205,794	\$	6,225,794	
Construction in progress		101,722,909		79,282,530	
Total non-depreciable capital assets		107,928,703		85,508,324	
Buildings		76,539,691		69,783,515	
Right-to-use leased office space		74,831		18,441	
Improvements other than buildings		210,217,920		191,115,671	
Machinery and equipment		99,013,137		95,189,261	
Software		255,986		246,986	
Infrastructure:					
Water mains		150,399,281		125,016,538	
Sewer system		1,529,592		1,524,942	
Total depreciable/amortizable capital assets		538,030,438		482,895,354	
Total capital assets		645,959,141		568,403,678	
Less: accumulated depreciation/amortization		202,141,717		187,336,327	
Component units - Total net capital assets	\$	443,817,424	\$	381,067,351	

The capital program is a long-range financing guide and not a definite plan. Each appropriation must be authorized by Town Board resolution before its commencement. Each may be financed by issuance of general obligation bonds, which, at times, are preceded by issuance of bond anticipation notes for various periods of time depending on the probable usefulness of the purpose of the expenditure. The following sets forth a summary of the Town's capital program, as adopted for 2024 and the next five years (in thousands).

Equipment	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029
General Fund	\$ 5,889.0	\$ 4,322.6	\$ 4,796.0	\$ 3,998.0	\$ 3,612.0	\$ 3,112.0
General - Part Town	180.0	57.5	57.5	57.5	57.5	57.5
Highway Fund	3,730.0	2,417.0	3,377.0	2,417.0	2,347.0	2,217.0
Special Districts	5,444.0	654.0	639.0	456.0	465.0	425.0
Total Equipment	\$ 15,243.0	\$ 7,451.1	\$ 8,869.5	\$ 6,928.5	\$ 6,481.5	\$ 5,811.5
Improvements	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029
General Fund	\$ 33,500.0	\$ 5,065.0	\$ 4,730.0	\$ 5,515.0	\$ 4,420.0	\$ 4,920.0
Highway Fund	14,500.0	31,818.0	27,938.0	24,769.0	22,875.0	27,500.0
Special Districts	2,300.0	2,000.0	2,000.0	2,000.0	2,000.0	2,000.0
Total Improvements	\$ 50,300.0	\$ 38,883.0	\$ 34,668.0	\$ 32,284.0	\$ 29,295.0	\$ 34,420.0
Total Program	\$ 65,543.0	\$ 46,334.1	\$ 43,537.5	\$ 39,212.5	\$ 35,776.5	\$ 40,231.5

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
December 31, 2023

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION (continued)

Debt Administration

At December 31, 2023, the Town had \$508,905,000 in long-term general obligation bonds outstanding, of which \$455,528,686 was for general Town purposes. Also outstanding at year-end were bond anticipation notes (BANs) in the amount of \$287,039,500 of which \$125,000,000 was for general Town purposes. The New York State Environmental Facilities Corporation refinanced \$2,345,000 on behalf of the Town that previously was financed through the State Clean Water and Drinking Water Revolving Funds (SRF) at lower current-market interest rates.

Debt Limit

The Town has the power to contract indebtedness for any Town purpose so long as the principal amount thereof, subject to certain limited exceptions, shall not exceed seven percent of the average full valuation of taxable real estate of the Town, and subject to certain enumerated exclusions and deductions such as water and certain sewer facilities and cash or appropriations for current debt service.

The constitutional method for determining full valuation is calculated by taking the assessed valuation of taxable real estate as shown upon the latest completed assessment roll and dividing the same by the equalization rate as determined by the State Board of Equalization and Assessment. The State Legislature is required to prescribe the manner by which such ratio shall be determined. Average full valuation is determined by taking the sum of the full valuation of the last completed assessment roll and the four preceding assessment rolls and dividing such sum by five. Percentage of debt contracting power exhausted at December 31, 2023 was 13.06%.

Additional information on the Town's debt activity can be found in Note 3.F to the financial statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

Property Tax

Chapter 97 of the Laws of 2011 (Tax Cap Law) was enacted on June 24, 2011 and took effect for the 2012 budget year. The Tax Cap Law limits annual increases of the Town's overall real property tax to no more than the lesser of 2.00% or the rate of inflation. Certain increases to the tax levy are excluded from the limitations imposed by the Tax Cap Law including exclusions for certain expenditures for retirement system contributions and tort judgments payable by the Town. In addition, the Town Board may override the limitations if the Town Board enacts, by vote of at least sixty percent of the voting power of the Town Board, a local law to override such limit for the upcoming budget year. The Tax Cap Law does not provide exclusion for debt service on general obligations issued by the Town.

The Town has adopted a budget for 2024, which factors in inflation and other adjustments to revenues and expenditures. The 2024 budget includes decreases in real property tax revenue from the prior year budget for the General, Drainage District and Public Parking District funds of 2.79%, 14.62% and 13.39% respectively. There was an increase in real property tax revenue from the prior year budget for Town Outside Village, Lighting District and the Park Districts funds of 989.86%, 12.62% and 6.18% respectively. The adopted budget for 2024 has a total tax levy decrease of \$217.

State Aid and Local Assistance

The Town receives financial assistance from New York State and Nassau County. During 2023, financial assistance included state aid – mortgage tax \$9,658,932; state aid - revenue sharing \$1,682,422, and County local government assistance of \$20,006,313. Should the State not adopt its budget in a timely manner, municipalities and school districts in the State, including the Town may be affected by a delay in the payment of state aid. The State is not constitutionally obligated to maintain or continue state aid to the Town. The Town's 2024 budget included similar amounts for this financial assistance.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
December 31, 2023

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES (continued)

Federal Assistance

The Town receives financial assistance from the Federal government for various ongoing projects. The Town has also received funds mentioned previously from ERA and ARPA. Currently the Town is working with the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) to recover costs from hurricane Isaias and from the COVID-19 pandemic. Reimbursement for these costs have partially been obligated to by FEMA. The Town anticipates obligations for these remaining prior costs some time in 2024 and will recognize the revenue when obligated.

Bond Rating

See the Comptroller's transmittal letter page 6 for details of the Town's bond rating increases.

Environmental Issues and Litigation

The Town is currently in litigation on certain matters which involve the remediation for the contamination by environmentally hazardous substances at the Bethpage Community Park and other lawsuits in the ordinary conduct of its affairs. These matters are at various stages of litigation, and it is uncertain as to the outcome. Additional information on these matters can be found in Note 4.B and 4.C to the financial statements.

CONTACTING THE TOWN'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our taxpayers, residents and creditors with a general overview of the Town's finances and to show the Town's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Office of the Comptroller at Town of Oyster Bay, 74 Audrey Avenue, Oyster Bay, NY 11771.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

December 31, 2023

ASSETS	Primary Governmen Activities		_	Component Units
	φ	226 202 450	φ	100 677 660
Cash and investments	\$	226,202,158	\$	109,677,662
Restricted cash and investments		39,621,075		67,935,013
Accounts receivable, net		3,902,770		19,875,843
Receivable - service concession arrangement		9,417,066		
Accrued Interest receivable		845,080		
State and federal aid receivables		11,864,237		12,219,516
Due from other governments, net		5,918,551		659,194
Due from primary government				52,325,042
Due from component units		4,804,536		
Lease/license receivables		22,352,645		29,827,316
Inventory of material and supplies		4,797,287		1,445,748
Prepaids		414,925		1,581,011
Non-depreciable capital assets		142,797,665		107,928,703
Depreciable/amortizable capital assets, net of depreciation/amortization		489,609,013		335,888,721
Total Assets		962,547,008		739,363,769
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Pensions related		45,770,635		7,536,183
LOSAP related		1,476,011		
OPEB related		121,368,452		17,552,049
Deferred loss on refundings		202,725		97,399
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		168,817,823		25,185,631
				(continued)

See notes to the financial statements.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

December 31, 2023

	G	Primary Governmental Activities		Component Units
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable and other accrued liabilities	\$	38,708,256	\$	19,251,151
Accrued interest payable		8,025,049		7,724,022
Deposits payable		2,935,203		298,884
Due to other governments		1,184,477		
Due to primary government				4,804,536
Due to component units		52,325,042		
Bond anticipation notes payable		125,000,000		810,000
Unearned revenues		17,327,985		264,638
Non-current liabilities:				
Non-current liabilities due within one year		91,374,944		22,321,770
Non-current liabilities due in more than one year:				
General obligation bonds payable, inclusive of premiums		414,652,679		48,493,616
Other debt, inclusive of premiums				37,962,130
Bond anticipation notes payable long-term				151,170,715
Lease liability				43,197
Due to Employees' Retirement System		3,954,069		
Compensated absences		27,195,373		3,547,095
Claims and judgments payable		19,590,942		
Estimated liability for landfill closure and postclosure care costs		1,330,000		
Net pension liability - proportionate share		56,150,552		9,070,477
LOSAP liability - proportionate share		11,794,583		
Total OPEB liability		521,593,713		80,098,828
Subscription-Based IT Arrangement Liability		1,202,771		
Total Liabilities		1,394,345,638		385,861,059
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Service concession arrangement		9,359,677		
Contractual service fees				9,446
Lease/license related		21,614,827		28,879,157
Pensions related		3,377,206		585,274
LOSAP related		3,528,687		
OPEB related		180,886,432		27,884,458
Deferred gain on refundings		1,017,738		
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		219,784,567		57,358,335
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets		127,275,639		234,811,547
Restricted:				
Length of service award program		9,353,979		
Debt service		6,055,418		5,282,047
Retirement Contribution				754,492
Employee benefit accrued liability				2,164,733
Capital				35,498,282
Repairs				7,406,643
Grant related:				
Culture and recreation		3,781		
Home and community services		353,415		
Economic assistance and opportunity		388,709		
Unrestricted (Deficit)		(626, 196, 315)		35,412,262
Total Net Position	\$	(482,765,374)	\$	321,330,006

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENT

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For The Year Ended December 31, 2023

		Program Revenues		
			Operating	Capital
		Charges for	Grants and	Grants and
Function/Program	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT				
Governmental Activities:				
General government support	\$ 44,113,625	\$ 2,254,336	\$ 3,416,468	
Public safety	31,671,716	9,561,069		
Transportation	56,468,862	2,718,695	1,262,267	\$ 4,734,662
Economic assistance and opportunity	3,779,210		2,795,033	5,858
Culture and recreation	82,717,194	10,227,705	449,557	
Home and community services	83,999,397	2,186,260	6,588,285	1,654,673
Interest on debt	15,985,689			
Total Primary Government	\$ 318,735,693	\$ 26,948,065	\$ 14,511,610	\$ 6,395,193
COMPONENT UNITS				
Home and community services	\$ 82,920,933	\$ 36,259,860	\$ 17,966	\$ 39,130,587

General Revenues

Real property taxes
Other real property tax items
Non-property tax items
Interest earnings
Local government assistance - unrestricted
State aid - unrestricted
Other

Total General Revenues

Change in Net Position

Net Position - beginning

Net Position - ending

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

 Primary Government	Component Units
\$ (38,442,821) (22,110,647) (47,753,238) (978,319) (72,039,932) (73,570,179) (15,985,689) (270,880,825)	
	\$ (7,512,520)
234,501,266 10,784,086 5,126,148 14,063,428	46,055,493 2,486,894 9,330,320
19,560,313 11,341,354 4,666,385	10,883,150
 300,042,980 29,162,155	68,755,857
 (511,927,529)	 260,086,669
\$ (482,765,374)	\$ 321,330,006

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS December 31, 2023

	MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS				
			Garbage		
	General	Highway	Collection Districts		
100570					
ASSETS Cash and investments	Ф 70 706 700	ф 7 00 200	¢ 40.005.470		
Restricted cash and investments	\$ 79,786,798	\$ 728,300	\$ 10,995,172		
Accounts receivable, net of allowances	4,549,966	1,228,667	19,047		
for doubtful accounts of \$1,150,282	2,617,416	8,933	22,202		
Receivable - service concession arrangement	57,389	0,933	22,202		
Accrued Interest receivable	627,199				
Due from other funds	027,199	16,102,703	628,070		
State and federal aid receivables	2,213,663	1,263,918	020,070		
Due from other governments, net of allowances	2,213,003	1,203,910			
for doubtful accounts of \$45,843	5,642,735	266,311			
Due from component units	3,042,733	200,311			
Lease/License receivables	22,204,733				
		1 070 577			
Inventory of material and supplies	3,334,601	1,070,577			
Total Assets	\$121,034,500	\$ 20,669,409	\$ 11,664,491		
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
AND FUND BALANCES					
LIABILITIES					
	\$ 16.263.216	¢ 1210111	¢ 4.060.519		
Accounts payable and other accrued liabilities	\$ 16,263,216	\$ 1,310,114	\$ 4,060,518		
Accrued liabilities	065 507	204.000			
Deposits payable	965,597	201,000			
Due to other governments	508,914				
Due to component units	16,102,703				
Due to component units	6,371,216				
Bond anticipation notes payable Unearned revenues	17 206 E72				
Official fevertues	17,206,573				
Total Liabilities	57,418,219	1,511,114	4,060,518		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Lease/license related	21,482,345				
Unavailable revenue from rental of real property	493,000				
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	21,975,345	-0-	-0-		
FUND BALANCES					
Nonspendable	3,334,601	1,070,577			
Restricted	4,549,966	1,228,667	19,047		
Assigned	2,619,459	16,859,051	7,584,926		
Unassigned (deficit)	31,136,910				
	44.040.000	10 150 555	7.000.000		
Total Fund Balances	41,640,936	19,158,295	7,603,973		
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources					
and Fund Balances	\$ 121,034,500	\$ 20,669,409	\$ 11,664,491		
and tand buildings	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		, ,		

					Other	
	olid Waste	Debt	Capital	G	overnmental	
Dis	oosal District	 Service	Projects		Funds	Totals
\$	6,145,776		\$ 104,467,975	\$	24,078,137	\$226,202,158
	16,858	\$ 100,628	23,719,266		9,986,643	39,621,075
	1,122,746		6,877		124,596	3,902,770
						57,389
						627,199
						16,730,773
	1,009,683		5,001,815		2,375,158	11,864,237
	8,953				552	5,918,551
			4,804,536			4,804,536
			94,988		52,924	22,352,645
		 			392,109	4,797,287
\$	8,304,016	\$ 100,628	\$ 138,095,457	\$	37,010,119	\$336,878,620
\$	2,394,673		\$ 6,240,603	\$	8,004,515	\$ 38,273,639
					1,768,606	2,935,203
			20,298		655,265	1,184,477
					628,070	16,730,773
			45,953,826			52,325,042
			125,000,000			125,000,000
					121,412	17,327,985
	2,394,673	 -0-	177,214,727		11,177,868	253,777,119
			80,916		51,566	21,614,827
		 				493,000
	-0-	 -0-	80,916		51,566	22,107,827
	4	100	00 = 12 = 2		392,109	4,797,287
	16,858	100,628	23,719,266		10,240,136	39,874,568
	5,892,485		(00.040.450)		15,722,382	48,678,303
			(62,919,452)		(573,942)	(32,356,484)
	5,909,343	 100,628	(39,200,186)		25,780,685	60,993,674
\$	5,909,343 8,304,016	\$ 100,628	(39,200,186) \$ 138,095,457	\$	25,780,685	60,993,674 \$336,878,620

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RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

December 31, 2023

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds		\$ 60,993,674
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Capital assets less accumulated depreciation are included in the Statement of Net Position:		
Capital assets - non-depreciable	\$ 142,797,665	
Capital assets - depreciable/amortizable	1,632,512,391	
Accumulated depreciation/amortization	(1,142,903,378)	632,406,678
Receivables in the Statement of Net Position that do not provide		
current financial resources are not reported as receivables in the funds.		
Receivable - service concession arrangement	9,359,677	
Accrued interest receivable	217,881	9,577,558
Prepaid items included in the Statement of Net Position		414,925
Long-term liabilities applicable to the Town's governmental activities are not		
due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported in		
the funds. However these liabilities are included in the Statement of Net Position:		
General obligation bonds payable, inclusive of premiums	(480,067,178)	
Due to Employees Retirement System	(4,948,004)	
Compensated absences	(28,626,708)	
Claims and judgments payable	(26,675,337)	
Other litigation payable	(196,000)	
Estimated liability for landfill closure and postclosure care costs	(1,700,000)	
Net pension liability - proportionate share	(56,150,552)	
LOSAP liability - proportionate share	(11,794,583)	
Total OPEB liability	(537,349,538)	
Subscription-Based IT Arrangement Liability	(1,331,726)	(1,148,839,626)
Deferred outflows of resources included in the Statement of Net Position:		
Pensions related	45,770,635	
LOSAP related	1,476,011	
OPEB related	121,368,452	
Deferred loss on refundings	202,725	168,817,823
Additional accounts payable for retainage is included in the Statement of Net Position		(434,617)
Deferred inflows of resources included in the Statement of Net Position:		
Service concession arrangement	(9,359,677)	
Pensions related	(3,377,206)	
LOSAP related	(3,528,687)	
OPEB related	(180,886,432)	
Deferred gain on refundings	(1,017,738)	(198,169,740)
Other assets not available to pay for current-period expenditures, and		400.000
therefore, are deferred inflows in the funds.		493,000
Interest payable applicable to the Town's governmental		
activities are not due and payable in the current period		
and accordingly are not reported in the funds. However		
these liabilities are included in the Statement of Net Position.		(8,025,049)
Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ (482,765,374)

See notes to the financial statements.

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For The Year Ended December 31, 2023

	MAJOR FUNDS					
						Garbage
		General		Highway	Colle	ection Districts
REVENUES						
Real property taxes	\$	59,656,843	\$	50,624,580	\$	62,961,754
Other real property tax items		3,614,101		2,562,876		1,260,890
Non-property tax items		5,126,148				
Departmental income		9,269,992		426,706		
Intergovernmental charges		16,175,414		408,622		
Use of money and property		10,951,976		691,455		555,063
Licenses and permits		360,566				
Fines and forfeitures		521,249				
Sale of property and compensation for loss		1,006,220				
Miscellaneous local sources		1,895,245		104,342		
Interfund revenues		34,278,831				
State aid		11,748,742		126,227		
Federal aid		6,408,703		1,136,040		
Total Revenues		161,014,030		56,080,848		64,777,707
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General government support		50,397,234				
Public safety		7,213,188				
Transportation				19,673,108		
Economic assistance and opportunity		50,067				
Culture and recreation		23,613,093				
Home and community services		6,001,070				44,161,221
Employee benefits		31,744,018		7,716,240		18,307,232
Capital Outlay						
Debt Service:						
Principal		1,750,131				
Interest		1,470,578		925,294		80,803
Total Expenditures		122,239,379		28,314,642		62,549,256
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures		38,774,651		27,766,206		2,228,451
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in		2,704,000		1,960,401		203,529
Transfers out		(34,039,105)		(29,138,375)		(2,478,940)
Issuance of refunding bond		, , ,		,		,
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent						
. 4) 10 1014						
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(31,335,105)		(27,177,974)		(2,275,411)
Net Change in Fund Balances		7,439,546		588,232		(46,960)
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year		34,201,390		18,570,063		7,650,933
Fund Balances (Deficit) at End of Year	\$	41,640,936	\$	19,158,295	\$	7,603,973

See notes to the financial statements.

			Other	
Solid Waste	Debt	Capital	Governmental	
Disposal District	Service	Projects	Funds	Totals
Disposal District	Service	Flojects	<u> </u>	Totals
\$ 13,487,748			\$ 47,770,341	\$ 234,501,266
592,999			2,753,220	10,784,086
				5,126,148
11,167,811			10,961,395	31,825,904
17,757			5,050,000	21,651,793
295,931	\$ 3,720,937	\$ 10,535	991,978	17,217,875
				360,566
				521,249
152,009				1,158,229
5,116	1,651,250	3,307	186,289	3,845,549
				34,278,831
124,440		3,795,356		15,794,765
849,393		842,808	7,183,992	16,420,936
26,693,204	5,372,187	4,652,006	74,897,215	393,487,197
	20,226			50,417,460
			15,939,359	23,152,547
			4,249,518	23,922,626
			2,668,114	2,718,181
			18,928,198	42,541,291
20,260,062			7,185,641	77,607,994
2,595,552			13,175,140	73,538,182
		54,749,648		54,749,648
	58,376,458			60,126,589
69,137	17,875,545		189,508	20,610,865
22,924,751	76,272,229	54,749,648	62,335,478	429,385,383
3,768,453	(70,900,042)	(50,097,642)	12,561,737	(35,898,186)
02.005	70 070 000	2 000 000	404 400	04 044 440
83,065	76,272,229	3,000,000	421,192	84,644,416
(2,011,055)	(5,372,187)		(11,604,754)	(84,644,416)
	2,345,000			2,345,000
-	(2,345,000)			(2,345,000)
(1,927,990)	70,900,042	3,000,000	(11,183,562)	-0-
1,840,463		(47,097,642)	1,378,175	(35,898,186)
4,068,880	100,628	7,897,456	24,402,510	96,891,860

 \$ 5,909,343
 \$ 100,628
 \$(39,200,186)
 \$ 25,780,685
 \$ 60,993,674

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RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For The Year Ended December 31, 2023

Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds		\$ (35,898,186)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation/amortization expense. The amount by which capital outlay exceeds depreciation/amortization expense in the current period	l is:	
Capital outlay	\$ 58,318,551	
Depreciation/amortization expense	(48,086,001)	10,232,550
Net change in deferred outflows of resources not reported in the funds:		
Pensions related	(4,318,160)	
LOSAP related	(543,832)	
OPEB related	343,234	
Deferred loss on refundings	(370,919)	(4,889,677)
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:		
Accounts payable	159,191	
Lease liability	11,171	
Due to Employees Retirement System	4,175,218	
Compensated absences	(1,582,156)	
Claims and judgments payable	(1,320,541)	
Estimated liability for landfill closure and postclosure care costs	370,000	
Retirement incentive payable	56,667	
Other postemployment benefits payable	9,232,858	
LOSAP liability - proportionate share	(503,165)	
Changes in net pension asset / (liability) - proportionate share	(77,722,836)	
Accrued interest cost	(377,989)	
Subscription-Based IT Arrangement Liability	(1,331,726)	(68,833,308)
Net change in deferred inflows of resources not reported in the funds:		
Pensions related	72,061,650	
LOSAP related	1,547,357	
OPEB related	(8,808,772)	
Deferred gain on refundings	233,470	65,033,705
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial		
resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		5,140,613
		2,112,212
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction has any effect on net position:		
lectioned of refunding hand	(2.245.000)	
Issuance of refunding bond	(2,345,000)	E0 070 450
Repayment of bond principal	60,721,458	58,376,458
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ 29,162,155

See notes to the financial statements.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

December 31, 2023

	Custodial
	Funds
ASSETS	
Cash	\$ 121,061,626
Investments	4,297,152
Taxes Receivable	1,140,910,498
Total Assets	\$ 1,266,269,276
LIABILITIES	
Deposits payable	\$ 580,052,717
Taxes Collected for other Governments	681,919,407
Total Liabilities	1,261,972,124
NET POSITION	
Restricted for Length of Service Award Program	4,297,152
Total Liabilities and Net Position	\$ 1,266,269,276

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION For The Year Ended December 31, 2023

		Custodial Funds
ADDITIONS		
Contributions - sponsor	\$	304,128
Taxes collected	1,4	416,366,145
Investment activity		2,605,171
Total additions	1,4	419,275,444
DEDUCTIONS		
Benefit payments		183,757
Remittances to other governments	1,4	418,859,042
-		
Total deductions	1,4	419,042,799
Net increase in fiduciary net position		232,645
Net position - beginning		4,064,507
Net position - ending	\$	4,297,152

DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION December 31, 2023

200111201 01,	2020		
		Major	
	Bethpage Water District	Hicksville Water District	Jericho Water District
ASSETS			
Cash and investments	\$ 50,994,930	\$ 14,195,487	\$ 10,670,658
Restricted cash and investments	9,686,705	28,568,405	13,561,211
Accounts receivable, net	5,968,407	1,071,590	2,864,088
State and federal aid receivables			202,162
Due from other governments	3,346	346,537	
Due from primary government	6,725,911	214,399	15,798,412
Lease receivables	9,261,293	1,914,084	
Inventory of materials and supplies	248,169	15,309	414,377
Prepaids	138,232	44,992	442,499
Non-depreciable capital assets	11,857,739	26,611,138	46,758,779
Depreciable capital assets, net of depreciation	69,745,482	50,376,912	70,669,727
Total Assets	164,630,214	123,358,853	161,381,913
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Pensions related	857,816	971,516	1,331,297
OPEB related	1,273,284	2,073,413	3,719,526
Deferred charges on refundings	85,816	2,010,410	0,7 10,020
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		2 044 020	E 050 933
	2,216,916	3,044,929	5,050,823
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable and other accrued liabilities	925,919	3,633,194	6,718,849
Accrued interest payable	1,579,401	359,345	3,059,766
Deposits payable	94,137		99,330
Due to primary government			954,857
Bond anticipation notes payable			810,000
Unearned revenues	36,869	41,150	88,826
Non-current liabilities:			
Non-current liabilities due within one year	2,835,829	2,976,829	3,639,907
Non-current liabilities due in more than one year:			
General obligation bonds payable, inclusive of premiums	13,893,354		8,082,966
Other debt, inclusive of premiums		37,962,130	
Bond anticipation notes payable long-term Lease liability	31,980,000		69,778,000
Compensated absences	250,597	351,003	733,187
Net pension liability - proportionate share	976,396	1,184,768	1,642,322
Total OPEB liability	8,281,501	12,664,350	13,470,960
Total Liabilities	60,854,003	59,172,769	109,078,970
		39,172,709	109,070,970
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Contractual service fees			
Lease related	8,980,381	1,914,084	
Pensions related	54,846	48,190	106,055
OPEB related	1,617,232	4,616,935	5,305,659
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	10,652,459	6,579,209	5,411,714
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	38,172,997	52,207,024	42,524,606
Restricted:			
Debt Service	299,005	2,224,081	1,971,518
Retirement Contribution	232,377	27,026	298,206
Employee benefit accrued liability	376,289	462,670	907,509
Capital	8,779,034	7,222,562	9,066,345
Repairs	•		1,317,633
Unrestricted (deficit)	47,480,966	(1,491,559)	(4,143,765)
Total Net Position	\$ 95,340,668	\$ 60,651,804	\$ 51,942,052

Locust Valley Water District	Massapequa Water District	Plainview Water District	South Farmingdale Water District	Nonmajor Component Units	Total
\$ 2,140,478	\$ 1,980,340	\$ 4,805,175	\$ 21,108,274	\$ 3,782,320	\$ 109,677,662
790,054	2,235,189	8,602,917	4,014,312	476,220	67,935,013
642,652	2,058,796	981,753	5,978,105	310,452	19,875,843
3,351,732		7,329,634		1,335,988	12,219,516
	164,962	144,349		-	659,194
4,249,012	202,670	8,312,321	16,655,981	166,336	52,325,042
5,172,578	3,659,297		2,621,613	7,198,451	29,827,316
137,421	79,875	473,674	12,951	63,972	1,445,748
183,208	166,760	251,185	216,077	138,058	1,581,011
3,915,761	521,582	10,770,137	2,216,254	5,277,313	107,928,703
18,729,153	24,265,920	47,352,679	34,303,024	20,445,824	335,888,721
39,312,049	35,335,391	89,023,824	87,126,591	39,194,934	739,363,769
460,314	883,612	694,294	1,022,262	1,315,072	7,536,183
682,374	3,251,330	1,325,769	2,157,489	3,068,864	17,552,049
				11,583	97,399
1,142,688	4,134,942	2,020,063	3,179,751	4,395,519	25,185,631
1,918,599	208,600	3,332,057	1,519,512	994,421	19,251,151
566,234	325,513	846,734	951,147	35,882	7,724,022
9,700		43,372	350	51,995	298,884
	686,854			3,162,825	4,804,536
					810,000
	148	97,645			264,638
1,298,631	1,957,441	6,482,966	2,108,490	1,021,677	22,321,770
6,693,991	1,549,625	6,711,514	9,563,030	1,999,136	48,493,616 37,962,130
11,320,000	6,121,215	12,811,500	19,160,000		151,170,715
11,020,000	0,121,210	12,011,000	10,100,000	43,197	43,197
306,859	337,628	244,202	464,765	858,854	3,547,095
429,835	1,121,755	860,302	1,354,170	1,500,929	9,070,477
2,812,762	11,811,583	9,640,661	7,642,772	13,774,239	80,098,828
25,356,611	24,120,362	41,070,953	42,764,236	23,443,155	385,861,059
				0.446	9,446
5,072,071	3,522,726		2,476,506	9,446 6,913,389	28,879,157
22,710	73,520	71,617	115,845	92,491	585,274
1,617,131	4,254,862	2,746,334	3,163,836	4,562,469	27,884,458
6,711,912	7,851,108	2,817,951	5,756,187	11,577,795	57,358,335
5,530,554	14,931,670	41,905,584	20,268,881	19,270,231	234,811,547
787,443					5,282,047
- , -	196,883				754,492
418,265	,				2,164,733
864,821	1,740,470	4,061,480	2,764,575	998,995	35,498,282
,	297,836	4,541,437	1,249,737	*	7,406,643
785,131	(9,667,996)	(3,353,518)	17,502,726	(11,699,723)	35,412,262
\$ 8,386,214	\$ 7,498,863	\$ 47,154,983	\$ 41,785,919	\$ 8,569,503	\$ 321,330,006

DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For The Year Ended December 31, 2023

	Major		
	Bethpage Water District	Hicksville Water District	Jericho Water District
EXPENSES			
Current:			
Home and community services	\$ 11,729,864	\$ 13,996,356	\$ 16,906,294
Total Expenses	11,729,864	13,996,356	16,906,294
PROGRAM REVENUES			
Charges for services	2,838,610	4,498,257	11,568,232
Operating grants and contributions			
Capital grants and contributions	50,000	12,818,421	8,684,374
Total Program Revenues	2,888,610	17,316,678	20,252,606
Net (Expense) Revenue	(8,841,254)	3,320,322	3,346,312
GENERAL REVENUES			
Real property taxes	9,678,335	8,307,447	6,793,269
Other real property tax items	921,169	535,104	303,980
Use of money and property:			
Interest and earnings	2,581,167	1,362,635	1,711,573
Rental	663,684	414,041	
Fines and Forfeitures			103,470
Sales of property and			
compensation for loss	66,463	2,268,718	2,626,270
Miscellaneous local sources	607,049	9,977	1,362,818
Total General Revenues	14,517,867	12,897,922	12,901,380
Changes in Net Position	5,676,613	16,218,244	16,247,692
Net Position - beginning	89,664,055	44,433,560	35,694,360
Net Position - ending	\$ 95,340,668	\$ 60,651,804	\$ 51,942,052

Locust Valley Water District	Massapequa Water District	Plainview Water District	South Farmingdale Water District	Nonmajor Component Units	Total
\$ 4,479,484	\$ 7,340,780	\$ 8,918,533	\$ 9,966,226	\$ 9,583,396	\$ 82,920,933
4,479,484	7,340,780	8,918,533	9,966,226	9,583,396	82,920,933
2,079,431 17,966	3,639,777	4,985,172	4,857,469	1,792,912	36,259,860 17,966
3,383,766	56,681	10,832,699		3,304,646	39,130,587
5,481,163	3,696,458	15,817,871	4,857,469	5,097,558	75,408,413
1,001,679	(3,644,322)	6,899,338	(5,108,757)	(4,485,838)	(7,512,520)
2,141,055 20,783	2,285,530 127,190	5,833,379 274,032	3,855,991 92,457	7,160,487 212,179	46,055,493 2,486,894
362,816 378,715	581,859	881,873	1,568,580 458,227	279,817 440,948	9,330,320 2,355,615 103,470
338,238	52,923 136,308	80,847 324,316	38,408 375,505	9,275 126,950	5,142,904 3,281,161
3,241,607	3,183,810	7,394,447	6,389,168	8,229,656	68,755,857
4,243,286	(460,512)	14,293,785	1,280,411	3,743,818	61,243,337
4,142,928	7,959,375	32,861,198	40,505,508	4,825,685	260,086,669
\$ 8,386,214	\$ 7,498,863	\$ 47,154,983	\$ 41,785,919	\$ 8,569,503	\$ 321,330,006

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2023

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Town of Oyster Bay (Town), which was established in 1653, is governed by Town Law and other general laws of the State of New York and various local laws. The Town Board is the legislative body responsible for overall operations. The Town Board consists of the Supervisor who is elected for a term of two years and six council members who are elected for terms of four years. The Town Board appoints the Town Attorney, Comptroller, Commissioner of Department of Public Works (DPW) and Inspector General whose terms are fixed by Town Law. The Town Clerk and Receiver of Taxes are elected and serve for two years and four years, respectively. The Director of Finance is appointed by the Supervisor. The Town Board appoints the following nine Commissioners: Community and Youth Services, General Services, Human Resources, Intergovernmental Affairs, Parks, Planning and Development, Environmental Resources, Public Safety, and Sanitation. The Commissioners serve at the discretion of the Town Board.

The Town provides a full range of municipal services, including public safety, transportation, home and community services, public works and road maintenance, recreation and parks, economic assistance and opportunity, and general and administrative services.

The financial statements of the Town of Oyster Bay have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

The more significant of the Town's accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The financial reporting entity consists of: (a) the primary government, which is the Town of Oyster Bay; (b) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable; and (c) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The decision to include a potential component unit in the Town of Oyster Bay reporting entity is based on several criteria, including legal standing, financial accountability or the determination by management that it would be misleading to exclude the component unit. Based on the application of these criteria, the following is a summary of certain entities considered in determining the Town of Oyster Bay's reporting entity.

Certain special districts of the Town are separate legal entities and have separately elected boards of commissioners. These special districts provide water, sewer and sanitation services to residents and businesses within the districts. The special districts cannot issue bonded debt without the approval and the backing of the full faith and credit of the Town. Budgets and tax rates are approved by the Town. Tax levies of the special districts are collected by the Town Receiver of Taxes. As a result of this fiscal dependency, the Town is financially accountable for these special districts. Accordingly, these special districts have been determined to be component units of the Town and are presented discretely in a separate column in the combined government-wide financial statements to emphasize that they are legally separate from the primary government. The addresses of the administrative office, for these component units are presented in Note 5.

The Town of Oyster Bay Housing Authority (Authority) is an autonomous body, created under Section 480 of New York State Public Housing Law, responsible for maintaining housing for seniors and families of low income. The Authority is overseen by a seven-member commission. Five members are appointed to five-year terms by the Town Board. Two tenant commissioners are elected to two-year terms by all the residents within the housing units and then confirmed by the Town Board. The Authority is considered a related organization because the majority of the commissioners are appointed by the Town. The Town cooperates with the Housing Authority in making social programs available to seniors at each complex they control. The Housing Authority is not considered a part of the Town's reporting entity.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2023

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financials Statements

The Town's basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the Town as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the Town's major and non-major funds).

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on the Town as a whole, except fiduciary activities with separate columns for the primary governmental activities as well as the discretely presented component units.

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position, the Town's governmental activities are presented on a consolidated basis and are reported on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets, receivables, and deferred outflows of resources as well as long-term debt and obligations and deferred inflows of resources. The Town's net position is reported in three parts: net investment in capital assets; restricted net position; and unrestricted net position.

The government-wide Statement of Activities reports both the gross and net cost of each of the Town's functional categories (general government support, public safety, transportation, economic assistance and opportunity, culture and recreation and home and community services), which are otherwise supported by general government revenues (property, sales and use taxes, certain intergovernmental revenues, fines, permits and charges, etc.). The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues to produce the net cost of each program. Program revenues include (a) charges for services and (b) operating and capital grants and contributions that are directly associated with the function. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants while the capital grants column reflects capital-specific grants. The net costs (by function) are normally covered by general revenue (property, taxes, intergovernmental revenues, interest income, etc.).

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Eliminations have been made to prevent distortion of the direct costs and program revenues reported. Sales and purchases of goods and services for a price approximating their external value are not eliminated between the funds in the government-wide financial statements.

This government-wide focus is more on the sustainability of the Town as an entity and the change in the Town's net position resulting from the current year's activities.

Fund Financial Statements

The accounts of the Town are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund balances, revenues, and expenditures, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions or limitations. The various funds are presented by type in the fund financial statements. Certain funds of the Town are utilized to account for resources derived from and/or expenditures applicable to an area less than the entire Town. In the fund financial statements, the emphasis is on the major funds and nonmajor funds are summarized into a single column. Accordingly, the Town maintains the following fund types:

Governmental Funds - Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions are financed. The acquisition use and balances of expendable financial resources and the related liabilities are accounted for through governmental funds. The measurement focus of the governmental funds is upon determination of financial position and changes in financial position. Governmental funds are further classified as major and nonmajor funds.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2023

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financials Statements (continued)

Fund Financial Statements (continued)

Governmental Funds (continued)

The Town reports the following major governmental funds:

General - is the principal operating fund of the Town. This fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

Special Revenue - are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

Highway - is a special revenue fund used to account for maintenance and improvement of the Town's roadways and the cost of snow removal. The major source of revenue is real property taxes.

Garbage Collection Districts - is a special revenue fund used to account for sanitation services provided by garbage collection district #1 and #2. The major source of revenue is real property taxes.

Solid Waste Disposal District - is a special revenue fund used to account for the solid waste disposal and recycling service of the Town. The major sources of revenue are real property taxes and departmental income. The Town reports the Solid Waste Disposal District as a major fund rather than a nonmajor fund to enhance consistency and because management believes it is important to the financial statement users.

Debt Service - is used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest and for financial resources that are being accumulated for principal and interest in future years.

Capital Projects - is used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

Additionally, the Town accounts for and reports the following nonmajor funds:

Special Revenue Funds include the following:

Town Outside Village - is used to account for revenues and expenditures for certain services provided to the area of the Town located outside of incorporated villages.

Special Grants - is used to account for federal aid for the Community Development Block Grant, Temporary Assistance for Needy Families, Workforce Investment Act Programs, New York Rising, Emergency Rental Assistance and other grant programs.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2023

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financials Statements (continued)

Fund Financial Statements (continued)

Governmental Funds (continued)

Special District Funds - are used to account for taxes or other revenues, which are raised or received to provide special services to areas that encompass less than the whole Town. The Special District Funds consist of a number of separate districts, which are administered by the Town Board as follows:

Drainage District

Park Districts:

Bethpage Hicksville Oyster Bay

Glenwood - Glen Head Jericho Plainview - Old Bethpage Hempstead - Oyster Bay Locust Valley South Farmingdale

Community Hall Massapequa Syosset

and Swimming Pool

Fire Protection Districts:

Bayville Greenvale Plainview

East Norwich Northeast Farmingdale

Glenwood - Glen Head Oyster Bay

Lighting District

Public Parking District

Water District:

Northeast Farmingdale

Fiduciary Funds - Fiduciary Funds are used to account for assets held by the Town in a trustee or custodial capacity.

Custodial Fund - is for money (and/or property) received and held in the capacity of trustee, custodian or agent. The Town's fiduciary funds include custodial funds as follows:

Co-Sponsor LOSAP Custodial Fund – accounts for the portion of the length of service award program (LOSAP) that are jointly sponsored by other municipalities for the volunteers of the Oyster Bay and Glenwood - Glen Head Fire Protection Districts. The Town's portions of the jointly sponsored program assets are recorded in the Fire Protection Districts fund. The liabilities related to the Town's portion of the program are recorded in the government-wide statements.

Town Receiver of Taxes Custodial Fund – accounts for amounts due to other governments for general and school taxes collected.

Discretely Presented Component Units

Certain special districts that have separately elected boards and provide water, sewer, and sanitation services to residents and businesses within their districts. These districts, which follow government fund accounting principles and are accounted for as discretely presented component units, are as follows:

Massapequa Water DistrictOyster Bay Water DistrictSyosset Sanitation DistrictPlainview Water DistrictJericho Water DistrictOyster Bay Sewer DistrictHicksville Water DistrictSouth Farmingdale Water DistrictGlenwood - GlenheadLocust Valley Water DistrictBethpage Water DistrictGarbage District

See Note 5 for more information on the component units and designation of major and nonmajor.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2023

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

Measurement focus refers to what is being measured whereas the basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurement made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

In the government-wide statements, governmental activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred, or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place.

In the fund's statements, governmental funds use a current financial resources measurement focus and are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (measurable and available to finance current operations). "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. Property taxes are considered available if they are collected within 60 days after the year end. The Town generally considers all other revenues available if they are collected within 120 days after the year end. Revenues susceptible to accrual include Nassau County local assistance at year end on behalf of the Town, franchise fees, and charges for services, intergovernmental revenues and operating transfers. In certain unusual circumstances this application of the Town's normal availability period for a given revenue source might distort revenue trends from one year to the next. In such unusual circumstances, revenues maybe considered available if received beyond 120 days, however to the extent the revenue will remain uncollected after one year, the Town classifies the fund balance as nonspendable in the General Fund or as restricted or assigned fund balance in funds other than the General Fund.

Permits, fees, and other similar revenues are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until they are received in cash. In those instances where expenditures are the prime factor in determining eligibility for state and federal grants, revenues are recognized when the expenditure is incurred. In the Capital Projects Fund, long-term debt is recognized as revenue upon receipt of the proceeds. Expenditures are recorded on the accrual basis except that (a) principal and interest on indebtedness are recognized as expenditures when due; (b) other long-term liabilities which vest or accumulate, are charged as expenditures when paid.

Because governmental funds statements are presented using a measurement focus and basis of accounting different from that used in the government-wide statements' primary governmental activities column, reconciliations are presented that briefly explain the adjustments necessary to reconcile ending net position and the change in net position.

D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position or Fund Equity

1. Cash and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents consist of funds deposited in demand accounts, time deposit accounts and certificates of deposit with maturities of less than three months. See Note 3.A.

Restricted Cash and Investments

The Town jointly sponsors two LOSAP and is the sole sponsor of one LOSAP to provide retirement-like benefits for those volunteering time and services pertaining to firefighting services, in accordance with the Program Plan Documents. The assets are held in trust accounts in the name of the award programs. See Note 3.A for more information on the program's investments and Note 3.H for more information on the programs.

The Town also has restricted cash for debt service and various grants.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2023

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position or Fund Equity (continued)

2. Receivables

Receivables include amounts due from Federal, State, and other governments or entities for services provided by the Town. Receivables are recorded and revenues recognized as earned or as specific program expenditures are incurred.

3. Prepaids

Prepaids in the government-wide statements represent governmental activities bond insurance, component unit insurance and retirement benefits that will benefit a future period. Prepaids are accounted for under the consumption method.

Inventory - Materials and Supplies

Inventory in the General and Special Revenue funds is valued at cost, using weighted average cost method. Inventory in these funds is accounted for under the consumption method.

5. Capital Assets

Capital assets purchased or acquired with an original cost of \$5,000 or more are reported at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Contributed assets (including those pursuant to a service concession arrangement/PPP) are reported at acquisition value as of the date received. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. Depreciation and amortization on all assets are provided on the straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

Land rights	10-15 years
Buildings	40 years
Improvements other than buildings	20 years
Machinery and equipment	8-10 years
Software	5-10 years
Subscription-Based IT Arrangement	
right-to-use assets	Subscription term
Infrastructure:	
Roads, curbs and sidewalks	20 years
Drainage system	20 years
Street lighting	20 years

Infrastructure assets, consisting of certain improvements other than buildings including roads, curbs, sidewalks, drainage system, street lighting, water mains and sewer system are capitalized along with other capital assets.

See the component units' audited financial statements for specific component unit policy information.

In the fund financial statements, capital assets are recorded as capital outlay expenditures in the governmental funds upon acquisition.

6. Unearned Revenues

Unearned revenues arise when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria has been satisfied. In the government-wide financial statements, unearned revenues consist of revenue received in advance and/or grants received before the eligibility requirements have been met.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2023

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position or Fund Equity (continued)

7. Deferred Outflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the Balance Sheet or Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net assets that applies to future periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenditure/expense) until that time. In this category, the Town reports deferred loss on refundings that will be recognized in a future period in the government-wide Statement of Activities. The Town also reports deferred amounts related to pensions, other postemployment benefits (OPEB) and length of service award programs (LOSAP), which relate to differences between expected and actual experience, changes in assumptions, contributions subsequent to the measurement date and pension changes in proportion and differences between the Town's contributions and proportionate share of contributions.

8. Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to liabilities, the Balance Sheet or Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to future periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The unavailable revenue related to rental of real property is deferred in the governmental funds and will be recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. The unavailable revenue is recognized on the Statement of Net Position in the government-wide statements. On the governmental fund Balance Sheets and the Statement of Net Position deferred inflows of resources-lease related were recognized at the commencement of the Town's lease receivables. The inflow of resources- lease related is recognized in a systematic and rational manner over the term of the respective leases on both the fund and government-wide level. In the government-wide financial statements, the Town reports deferred amounts related to pensions, OPEB and LOSAP. The deferred amounts for all three consisted of the differences between expected and actual experience and changes in assumptions. The deferred amounts for pensions also included the net difference between projected and actual investment earnings on pension plan investments and changes in proportion and differences between the Town's contributions and proportionate share of contributions. The Town reports deferred gains on refundings for the amount of net proceeds on a refunding of debt that is exceeded by the old debt and unamortized premium. The Town also reports a deferred inflow of resources for the present value of the future installment payments to be received under the service concession arrangement/PPP.

9. Premiums of Debt Issuance

Premiums related to the issuance of long-term debt are amortized on a straight-line basis over the life of the issue and are presented as part of the general obligation bonds payable, inclusive of premiums in the non-current liabilities.

10. Long-Term Obligations

The liabilities for long-term obligations consisting of general obligation bonds payable, bond anticipation notes payable long-term, lease liability, due to Employees' Retirement System, compensated absences, claims and judgments payable, other litigation payable, estimated liability for landfill closure and post closure care costs, retirement incentive payable, other postemployment benefits payable, proportionate shares of length of service award and net pension liability and other debt are recognized in the government-wide financial statements. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds on a straight-line basis. Bonds payable are reported net of applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund statements, long-term obligations are not reported as liabilities. The debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources and payment of principal and interest reported as expenditures. Premiums received on long-term debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2023

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position or Fund Equity (continued)

11. Interfund Transactions

Interfund transactions, exclusive of interfund services provided and used, have been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. In the fund's statements interfund transactions include:

a) Interfund Revenues

Interfund revenues in the General Fund represent amounts charged for services or facilities provided by the General Fund and charging the cost to the other funds. The amounts paid by the fund receiving the benefits of the service or facilities are reflected as an expenditure of that fund. The interfund revenue recorded in the General Fund is substantially an administrative charge which allocates approximately 60% of the expenditures for the Town Board, Executive, Comptroller, Receiver of Taxes, Town Clerk, Town Attorney, Human Resources, General Services and Public Safety Departments to other funds for services rendered.

b) Transfers

Transfers represent payments to the Debt Service and Capital Projects funds from the other funds for their appropriate share of the debt service and transfers to operating funds for premiums and interest earnings.

12. Real Property Tax Assessment and Collection Procedures

In Nassau County, the assessment and lien of real property for taxation is done by the County Department of Assessment. The County assessment rolls are used for the levy of real property taxes by the Town and the School Districts, as well as by the County and by Special Districts of the County and the Town. The Town of Oyster Bay Receiver of Taxes collects all real property taxes for the Town, Nassau County, Town Special Districts and School Districts. Real property taxes become a lien on January 1st for general taxes and October 1st for school taxes.

Town and County taxes are levied on January 1st, and are due in two installments, 50% on January 1st and 50% on July 1st, payable without penalty to February 10th and August 10th, respectively. Penalties are imposed thereafter at the rate of 1% per month from January 1st and July 1st until August 31st, after which taxes are payable to the County Treasurer. The Town retains the total amount of Town, Highway and Town Special Districts levies from the amount collected, and forwards the balance collected to the County which assumes collection responsibility. The Town and Town's Special Districts therefore realize annually the 100% collection of real property taxes.

Accounts receivable include restored taxes from prior tax rolls received within 60 days of year-end.

School District property taxes are levied on October 1st and are due in two installments, 50% on October 1st and 50% on April 1st payable without penalty to November 10th and May 10th, respectively. A separate tax bill from the Town and County taxes is sent out for school tax purposes. The County is also responsible for uncollected school taxes.

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2023

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position or Fund Equity (continued)

13. Benefits

Eligible Town employees participate in the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System (System). See Note 3.G.

Full-time town employees may choose to participate in the Town's elective deferred compensation plans established under Internal Revenue Code Section 457. See Note 3.I.

In addition to providing pension benefits, the Town provides health insurance coverage and survivor benefits for retired employees and their survivors. Town's employees may become eligible for these benefits if they reach normal retirement age with at least five consecutive years of service while working for the Town.

Health care benefits in accordance with New York State Health Insurance Rules and Regulations (administered by the New York State Department of Civil Service), are provided through the New York State Empire Plan (Empire Plan) whose premiums are based on the benefits paid throughout the State during the year.

The Town recognizes the cost of providing benefits by recording its share of insurance premiums as an expenditure in the year paid. The Town's union contracts and ordinances require that it provide its eligible enrollees with the Empire Plan benefit coverage, or if another provider is utilized, the equivalent coverage. Under the provisions of the Empire Plan, premiums are adjusted on a prospective basis for any losses experienced by the Empire Plan. The Town has the option to terminate its participation in the Empire Plan at any time without liability for its respective share of any previously incurred loss. The liability for the other postemployment benefits payable is recorded as a non-current liability in the government-wide statements. See Note 3.J.

14. Length of Service Award Program (LOSAP) Liabilities

The Town jointly sponsors LOSAPs, defined benefit service award programs, for its volunteer firefighters of two different fire protection districts and is the sole sponsor of one program. The two programs have multiple sponsors all of whom are legally responsible for annual contributions to the program, as such this is considered a special funding situation. All three programs are administered through a trust. Payments under the program are made from the general assets of the sponsors. See Note 3.H.

The trusts do not meet the criteria of GASB Statement No. 73, paragraph 4 because the assets are not protected from the Town's creditors. Accordingly, the Town reports its proportionate share of the total LOSAP service award liabilities which have been measured at the actuarial present value of projected benefit payments without offset from the trust assets.

The portions of the LOSAP programs that the Town manages for the co-sponsors of the joint plans are reported in the Co-Sponsor LOSAP Custodial Fund.

15. Compensated Absences

The liability for vested or accumulated vacation, sick leave or compensatory time (compensated absences) is recorded as current and non-current obligations in the government-wide statements. The current portion of this debt is estimated based on historical trends or expected payouts. Compensated absence liability and expense are reported in the governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignation and retirements.

The amount that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is reported in the funds statement of the respective fund that will pay it.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2023

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

- D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position or Fund Equity (continued)
 - 16. Net Position and Fund Equity Classifications

In the government-wide financial statements, equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- a) Net investment in capital assets Consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation/amortization and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, notes, or other debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets, including related accounts payable / retainage payable in the government-wide financial statements. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt are included in this component of net position. Debt outstanding is reduced by unspent proceeds determined for each capital project by authorization and increased by unamortized premiums on capital debt.
- b) Restricted net position Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c) Unrestricted net position All other net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

In the fund financials statements, governmental funds report aggregate amounts for five classifications of fund balances based on the constraints imposed on the use of these resources; they are 1) nonspendable, 2) restricted, 3) committed, 4) assigned, or 5) unassigned.

Nonspendable fund balance includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a)
not in spendable form (i.e. prepaid items or inventories), (b) will not convert to cash within the
current period (i.e. long-term receivables and financial assets held for resale), or (c) legally or
contractually required to be maintained intact (i.e. the principal of a permanent fund).

The spendable portion of the fund balance comprises the remaining four classifications: restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned. See Note 2.B.

- 2) Restricted fund balance reflects the constraints imposed on resources either (a) externally by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments; or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- 3) Committed fund balance reflects amounts that can only be used for specific purposes by a government using its highest and most binding level of decision-making authority. The Town's highest decision-making authority is the Town Board, who by adoption of a Town ordinance prior to year-end, can commit fund balance. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Town Board removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action imposing the commitment.
- 4) Assigned fund balance reflects the amounts constrained by the Town's "intent" to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed. The Town Board has the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes. Assigned fund balances include all remaining amounts (except negative balances) that are reported in governmental funds, other than the General Fund, that are not classified as nonspendable and are neither restricted nor committed.
- 5) Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund. It is also used to report negative fund balances in other governmental funds.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2023

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position or Fund Equity (continued)

17. Net Position and Fund Equity Classifications (continued)

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Town's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources – committed, assigned and unassigned - in order as needed.

18. Encumbrances

In governmental funds, encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve applicable appropriations, is generally employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in the General, Highway, Garbage Collection Districts, Solid Waste Disposal District, Lighting District and Public Parking District funds. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are generally reported as assigned fund balance since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities.

19. Use of Estimates

Management uses estimates and assumptions in preparing financial statements. Those estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities, and the reported revenues and expenditures/expenses. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

20. New Pronouncements

The Town has adopted all of the current Statements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) that are applicable.

21. Change in Accounting Principle

During the year ended December 31, 2023, the Town implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements* (SBITAs). GASB Statement No. 96 enhances the relevance and consistency of information of the Town's SBITA activities. It establishes requirements for SBITA accounting based on the principle that subscription-based information technology arrangements are financing of the right-to-use an underlying asset. The Town is required to recognize an intangible right-to-use subscription asset and a corresponding subscription liability. As of January 1, 2023, The Town had subscription-based information technology arrangement transactions which had no effect on beginning net position or beginning fund balance as the subscription-based information technology arrangement liability amount of \$1,880,686.

22. Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated subsequent events for disclosure and/or recognition in the financial statements through June 24 2024, the date of the independent auditor's report, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2023

2. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Budgetary Information

The Town follows the procedures enumerated below in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- a) On or before September 20th, each department, officer or district submits to the Budget Officer and to the Comptroller a detailed estimate of the budget known as "departmental estimates" for the amount of revenue to be received and expenditures to be made for the ensuing year.
- b) On or before September 30th, the Budget Officer files with the Town Clerk and the Comptroller and presents to the Town Board a tentative budget for the ensuing year.
- c) On or before October 5th, the Town Board reviews the tentative budget and files with the Town Clerk a preliminary budget.
- d) The Town Board conducts a public hearing on the preliminary budget and on or before November 20th the Town Board meets to adopt the budget now known as the "annual budget".
- e) Formal budgetary integration is employed during the year as a management control device for the General, certain Special Revenue and Debt Service funds. The Town Board adopts the budget and establishes the legal level of control of the budget at the object level of expenditures. The object level identifies expenditu0res by the article purchased or service obtained in order to carry out a function. All budgetary amendments and transfers of appropriations require Town Board approval. Appropriations for all governmental funds except the Capital Projects Fund lapse at year end.
- f) Budgets for the General, Debt Service, and Special Revenue funds exclusive of the Special Grant Fund, are legally adopted for each year. The budgets are adopted on a basis of accounting consistent with GAAP. Appropriations authorized for the current year are increased by the amount of encumbrances carried forward from the prior years. In the event that actual revenues received exceed budgeted amounts, additional budgetary appropriations are made. The Capital Projects and Special Grant funds are budgeted on a project or grant basis, respectively.
- g) In order to show the full legal level of budgetary compliance for the General and certain Special Revenue funds detailed individual schedules of Revenue, Expenditure and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual are presented in a separate Budget Report on <u>Town</u> <u>Comptroller - Town of Oyster Bay (oysterbaytown.com)</u>.
- h) In June 2011, New York State enacted Chapter 97, Laws of 2011 Real Property Tax Levy Cap and Mandate Relief Provisions, which includes a 2.00% property tax cap for municipalities, however, there are permitted exceptions and adjustments that can increase the property tax cap percentage. Beginning in 2012, no local government is authorized to increase its property tax levy by more than the calculated property tax cap; however, local governments can exceed the property tax cap limit by a 60% vote of the governing body and annually adopting a local law. The 2023 budget included no increase in real property tax revenue from the prior year for the Town's overall governmental activities.

B. Fund Balance (Deficit)

The fund balance section of the balance sheets of the governmental funds focus on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the fund can be spent. The components of fund balance include the following items, as needed: (1) nonspendable, (2) restricted, (3) committed, (4) assigned, or (5) unassigned.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2023

2. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY (continued)

B. Fund Balance (Deficit) (continued)

The following table provides the detail regarding fund balance categories and classifications for the governmental funds which show components of nonspendable fund balances, as well as the purposes for restricted, and assigned fund balance. The unassigned fund balance is also shown.

				Garbage	Sol	id Waste		Debt	Capital		Other		
	General	Highway	Colle	ection Districts		sal District	S	ervice	Projects		ernmental		
	 Fund	 Fund		Fund		Fund		Fund	 Fund		unds		Total
Fund Balances:													
Nonspendable:													
Inventory	\$ 3,334,601	\$ 1,070,577								\$	392,109	\$	4,797,287
Total Nonspendable	 3,334,601	 1,070,577	\$	-0-	\$	-0-	\$	-0-	\$ -0-		392,109		4,797,287
Restricted for:													
Debt service	4,546,185	1,228,667		19,047		16,858		100,628			144,033		6,055,418
Capital projects									23,719,266				23,719,266
LOSAP											9,353,979		9,353,979
Grantor restrictions	3,781										742,124		745,905
Total Restricted	4,549,966	 1,228,667		19,047		16,858		100,628	 23,719,266	1	0,240,136		39,874,568
Assigned to:													
Purchases on order:													
General	317,882												317,882
Highway		112,273											112,273
Garbage collection districts				20,440									20,440
Solid waste disposal						362,041							362,041
Lighting district											16,254		16,254
Public parking district											2,475		2,475
General fund:													
Insurance	2,301,577												2,301,577
Special revenue funds:													
Highway		16,746,778											16,746,778
Garbage collection districts				7,564,486									7,564,486
Solid waste disposal					5	5,530,444							5,530,444
Town outside village											2,253,070		2,253,070
Drainage district											1,528,876		1,528,876
Park districts											5,873,385		5,873,385
Lighting district											1,722,037		1,722,037
Public parking district											4,300,235		4,300,235
Water district	 										26,050		26,050
Total Assigned	 2,619,459	 16,859,051		7,584,926	5	5,892,485		-0-	 -0-	1	5,722,382		48,678,303
Unassigned, reported in:													
General	31,136,910												31,136,910
Fire protection											(573,942)		(573,942)
Capital projects	 	 							 (62,919,452)			(62,919,452)
Total Unassigned (deficit)	 31,136,910	 -0-		-0-		-0-		-0-	 (62,919,452)		(573,942)	(32,356,484)
Total Fund Balances	\$ 41,640,936	\$ 19,158,295	\$	7,603,973	\$ 5	5,909,343	\$	100,628	\$ (39,200,186)	\$ 2	5,780,685	\$	60,993,674

Individually budgeted sub-funds reported within the non-major Fire Protection Districts Fund had deficit fund balances at December 31, 2023 for Glenwood-Glen Head, Oyster Bay and Plainview districts where the fund balance was restricted for their LOSAP investments. The Town anticipates eliminating these deficits through careful monitoring of expenditures combined with increases in shared local government assistance and increases in property taxes where necessary.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2023

2. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY (continued)

C. Reclassifications

Certain reclassifications to prior year amounts were made to conform with the current year presentation.

3. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. Cash and Investments

Cash consists of funds deposited in demand accounts, time deposit accounts.

The Town's investments are governed by a formal investment policy. The Town's monies must be deposited in FDIC-insured commercial banks or trust companies located within the state. The Town is authorized to use demand accounts and certificates of deposit. Permissible investments include obligations of the U.S. Treasury, U.S. Agencies and investments made by the New York Cooperative Liquid Asset Security System (NYCLASS).

Cash and investments of the primary government consist of the following:

			Fiduciary Funds					
	Governmental Funds			co-Sponsor LOSAP estodial Fund		Town ceiver of Taxes ustodial Fund		
Cash:								
Demand Deposits	\$	122,256,733			\$	121,061,626		
Certificate of Deposit Money Market / Savings		75,000,000 59,201,110						
Cash on Hand:								
Petty Cash		11,411						
Total Cash		256,469,254	\$	-0-		121,061,626		
Investments:								
Length of Service Award		9,353,979		4,297,152				
	\$	265,823,233	_\$_	4,297,152	\$	121,061,626		

It is the Town's policy to require collateral held in the name of the Town for demand deposits, money market deposits and certificates of deposit for all deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. Obligations that may be pledged as collateral are obligations of the United States and its agencies and obligations of the State and its municipalities and school districts.

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits / Investments – Custodial credit risk for deposits exists when, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government may be unable to recover deposits, or recover collateral securities that are in possession of an outside agency. Custodial credit risk for investments exists when, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party.

Deposits are to be disclosed as exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance, and the deposits are either:

- Uncollateralized
- Collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or
- Collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent but not in the Town's name

At December 31, 2023, the Town's bank deposit balances were \$383,787,406. Of these balances, \$162,600,442 was covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, \$212,446,558 was covered by irrevocable stand-by letters of credit issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank, which were held by the pledging financial institutions in the Town's name, \$8,663,329 was covered by collateral held by the Town's agents, third-party financial institutions, in the Town's name, \$77,077 was collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or its trust, in the name of the Town.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2023

3. **DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS** (continued),

A. Cash and Investments (continued)

As of December 31, 2023, the Town of Oyster Bay did not have any investments subject to credit risk, interest-rate risk or concentration of credit risk.

At December 31, 2023, the Town's component units' bank deposit balances were covered by Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or fully collateralized by letters of credit and by collateral held by the component units' agents, third-party financial institutions, in the component unit's name, or collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or its trust, in the name of the component unit.

Some component units participate in cooperative investment arrangements pursuant to New York General Municipal Law, Article 3A and 5-G. Those investment pools are not registered with the SEC and are overseen by elected Governing Boards of the participating members. The following table summarizes the pooled investments by district:

		U.S	Government .
<u>District</u>	Pool Name	_	<u>securities</u>
Bethpage Water	NYLAF	\$	5,292,618
Oyster Bay Sewer	NYCLASS		4,738
So. Farmingdale Water	NYCLASS		5,138,647

NYCLASS investments are stated at cost, which approximates market value. Cost of the shares is considered to approximate market value. The investments are highly liquid and considered to be cash equivalents. Additional information concerning the cooperative is presented in the annual report of the New York CLASS, which can be found on its website at https://www.newyorkclass.org.

New York Liquid Asset Fund (NYLAF) investments are measured at amortized cost, which approximates fair value. Additional information concerning the NYLAF cooperative is presented in the annual report of NYLAF, which can be found on its website at https://www.nylaf.org.

Bethpage Water District also had investments held by one third party custodian totaling \$20,778,252 with a fair value measurement of Level 1- Investment fair values based on prices quoted or published in active markets for identical assets. Bethpage Water District investments were subject to interest rate risk, that risk that changes in the market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investments. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The following table summarizes the District's interest rate risk, based on maturity dates of various investments:

		ities (in Years)		
	Fair Value	<u>L</u>	ess than 1	<u>1-2</u>
U.S.Government securities	\$ 20.778.252	\$	9.599.518	\$11.178.734

Restricted Length of Service Award Program Investments

The Town contributes monies to two length of service award programs (LOSAP), as a non-employer contributing entity through joint sponsorship intermunicipal agreements, they are also a sole sponsor of one LOSAP. The funds are set-a-side for LOSAP retirement-like benefits for those volunteering time and services pertaining to firefighting services, in accordance with the Program Plan Documents. The funds are managed by an administrator, designated by the joint or sole sponsoring board(s). The administrator maintains the investments in a group benefit trust that are invested by Empower Retirement in their general investment account. The underlying investments are in group annuity contracts and are reported at contract value.

The Town's proportionate share and full share of the sole sponsored program of the LOSAP investments are reported in the Fire Protection Districts Fund and are included in the schedule of cash and investments under the governmental funds. The Co-Sponsor LOSAP Custodial Fund contains the proportionate share of the other sponsoring municipalities. See Note 3.H for more information on the programs.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2023

3. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)

B. Receivables

Accounts Receivable

Accounts Receivable at December 31, 2023 consisted of the following:

			Garbage		Solid Waste				Non-Major			Total
	 General	Highway Co		Collection Districts		Disposal District		Capital	Go	vernmental	Governmental	
Corporate franchise fees	\$ 1,312,599										\$	1,312,599
Vendor agreements	763,763								\$	14,383		778,146
Corvel Workers' Compensation	300,000											300,000
Customers	1,223,182	\$ 13,328	\$	22,202	\$	1,273,371				123,193		2,655,276
Other							\$	6,877		154		7,031
	3,599,544	13,328		22,202		1,273,371		6,877		137,730		5,053,052
Allowance	(982,128)	(4,395)				(150,625)				(13,134)		(1,150,282)
	\$ 2,617,416	\$ 8,933	\$	22,202	\$	1,122,746	\$	6,877	\$	124,596	\$	3,902,770

Due from Other Governments

A receivable for the balance of the local government assistance from Nassau County for the fourth quarter sales tax was recorded in the General Fund in the amount of \$5,040,618. The total assistance for the year was \$20,006,313. It is included in the Statement of Activities as general revenue "local government assistance – unrestricted." The Town allocated this revenue to the following funds:

General Fund		\$ 14,556,313
Highway Fund		400,000
Town Outside Village Fund		3,750,000
Park Districts		1,250,000
Fire Protection Districts		 50,000
	Total	\$ 20,006,313

The balance of the due from other governments in the General Fund from Nassau County amounted to \$523,640 from various departments for other operational costs. The remainder of the receivable of \$78,811 was due from local municipalities.

The Highway Fund recorded receivables for services to other local governments. The reimbursement of cleanup costs totaling \$247,257 was the majority of this receivable at December 31, 2023.

Lease/License Receivables

The Town has entered into twenty-five various agreements to lease/license its buildings and land to others for various purposes. Presently the Town leases/licenses its buildings at various beaches and parks, ice skating and athletic facilities, golf course facilities, docks, waterfront facility, and office space. The Town leases/licenses its land at the Old Bethpage solid waste disposal complex, 14 Acres at its public works facility, land for telecommunications facilities, land for a water tower, unimproved land to others and an underwater lease of shellfish properties in Oyster Bay Harbor.

The Town recognizes a lease/license receivable and a deferred inflows of resources in the government-wide and fund financial statements. At the commencement of a lease/license, the Town initially measures the lease/license receivable at the present value of payments expected to be received during the lease/license term. The lease/license receipts included in the measurement of the lease/license receivable is composed of fixed payments from the lessee/licensee. The discount rate used by the Town ranges from 3.35% to 3.50%. The Town expects to renew these leases/licenses for all renewable periods. The lease/license terms are for 20-288 months. The Town recognized \$1,898,690 of lease/license revenue and \$740,503 of interest income during the year.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2023

3. **DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS** (continued)

B. Receivables (continued

Lease/License Receivables (continued)

The total amount of inflows recognized during the year for variable payments not included in the measurement of the lease/license receivable is \$486,235.

The Town monitors changes in circumstances that would require remeasurement of its leases/licenses, and will remeasure the lease/license receivables and deferred inflows of resources if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease/license receivables.

The following table is the amortization schedule for the lease/license receivables:

	Principal	Interest	Total		
For years ending December 31,					
2024	\$ 1,669,357	\$ 753,300	\$	2,422,657	
2025	1,513,247	709,360		2,222,607	
2026	1,486,878	648,889		2,135,767	
2027	1,549,419	596,753		2,146,172	
2028	1,412,414	543,313		1,955,727	
2029 - 2033	5,306,865	2,145,237		7,452,102	
2034 - 2038	3,729,879	1,316,285		5,046,164	
2039 - 2043	3,916,180	667,820		4,584,000	
2044 - 2048	1,768,406	65,193		1,833,599	
Total	\$ 22,352,645	\$ 7,446,150	\$	29,798,795	

C. Interfund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

The composition of interfund receivable and payable balances for the Town at December 31, 2023 is as follows:

	Amount Receivable	Amount Payable
Major Funds:	 . 1000.140.0	 . ayaa.e
General		\$ 16,102,703
Highway	\$ 16,102,703	
Garbage Collection Districts	 628,070	
Total Major Funds	16,730,773	16,102,703
Nonmajor Funds:		
Fire Protection Districts		 628,070
Total Nonmajor Funds	-0-	628,070
Total	\$ 16,730,773	\$ 16,730,773

The composition of interfund transfers for the year ended December 31, 2023, is as follows:

	T	ransfers In	Transfers Out				
Major Funds:							
General	\$	2,704,000	\$	34,039,105			
Highway		1,960,401		29,138,375			
Garbage Collection Districts		203,529		2,478,940			
Solid Waste Disposal District		83,065		2,011,055			
Debt Service		76,272,229		5,372,187			
Capital Projects		3,000,000					
Total Major Funds		84,223,224		73,039,662			
Nonmajor Funds:							
Town Outside Village		27,531		283,492			
Drainage District		24,991		161,305			
Park Districts		116,316		3,869,360			
Lighting District		24,372		512,086			
Public Parking District		227,982		6,778,511			
Total Nonmajor Funds		421,192		11,604,754			
Total	\$	84,644,416	\$	84,644,416			

During the year, transfers are used to move revenues from the fund with collection authorization to the debt service fund as debt service principal and interest payments become due for general obligation bonds and bond anticipation notes and allocation of funds from debt service for premiums and interest earnings to the operating funds.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2023

3. **DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS** (continued)

D. Capital Assets

		Balance *		Additions/		eletions/	Balance
Brimary Covernment		1/1/23	Rec	lassifications	Recla	assifications	 12/31/23
Primary Government	(as restated)					
Capital assets not being depreciated:							
Land	\$	130,363,502					\$ 130,363,502
Development rights		1,306,296					1,306,296
Construction in progress		9,828,058	\$	1,893,617	\$	593,808	11,127,867
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated		141,497,856		1,893,617		593,808	142,797,665
Depreciable/amortizable capital assets:							
Land rights		9,296,520					9,296,520
Buildings		177,437,714		374,979			177,812,693
Improvements other than buildings		546,269,797		23,603,511			569,873,308
Machinery and equipment		110,219,534		5,153,045		3,589,297	111,783,282
Software		28,579,527		1,188,879			29,768,406
Infrastructure:							
Roads, curbs and sidewalks		500,596,711		24,788,928			525,385,639
Drainage system		183,488,322		28,714			183,517,036
Lighting system		23,194,821					23,194,821
*SBITAs right-to-use assets		1,880,686					1,880,686
Total Depreciable/Amortizable Capital Assets		1,580,963,632		55,138,056		3,589,297	1,632,512,391
Less accumulated depreciation/amortization:		_					
Land rights		8,067,983		486,295			8,554,278
Buildings		68,538,985		4,032,433			72,571,418
Improvements other than buildings		399,821,924		17,590,963			417,412,887
Machinery and equipment		89,323,498		1,514,848		3,589,297	87,249,049
Software		24,657,571		1,778,740			26,436,311
Infrastructure:							
Roads, curbs and sidewalks		313,315,229		21,199,251			334,514,480
Drainage system		175,173,611		685,919			175,859,530
Lighting system		19,507,873		371,380			19,879,253
SBITAs right-to-use assets				426,172			426,172
Total Accumulated Depreciation/Amortization	\$	1,098,406,674	\$	48,086,001	\$	3,589,297	1,142,903,378
Total Net Depreciable/							
Amortizable Capital Assets							489,609,013
Total Net Capital Assets							\$ 632,406,678
Depreciation/amortization expense was charged to g	overn	mental functions a	as follo	ows:			
General government support							\$ 4,793,418
Public safety							272,516
Transportation							24,350,061
Economic assistance and opportunity							832
Culture and recreation							16,388,768
Home and community services							2,280,406
Total Governmental Activities Depreciation/Amortizat	ion E	xpense					\$ 48,086,001

The Town of Oyster Bay evaluates prominent events or changes in circumstances affecting capital assets to determine whether impairment of a capital asset has occurred. The Town's policy is to record an impairment loss in the period when the Town determines that the carrying amount of the asset will not be recoverable.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2023

3. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)

D. Capital Assets (continued)

Subscription-based information technology arrangements

The Town has entered into two subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) involving payroll and human resources services software and various desktop and server software subscriptions.

The payroll and human resources software subscription arrangement is for an initial term of five years with a renewal term of five years. The Town expects to renew this arrangement for the renewable period. The total term is 120 months.

The various desktop and server software subscription arrangement is for a term of 18 months.

The Total costs of the Town's subscription assets are recorded as \$1,880,686, less accumulated amortization of \$426,172. The Town recognized \$56,745 of interest expense during the year.

Certain reclassifications have been made to the beginning balances to better reflect the nature of the asset. These reclassifications did not change total capital assets, net. Discretely presented component units capital asset balances and activity for the year ended December 31, 2023 were as follows:

	Balance 1/1/23	Additions/ Reclassifications	Deletions/ Reclassifications	Balance 12/31/23		
Discretely Presented Component Units						
Capital assets not being depreciated:						
Land	\$ 6,225,794		\$ 20,000	\$ 6,205,794		
Construction in progress	79,282,530	\$ 77,123,082	\$ 54,682,703	101,722,909		
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	85,508,324	77,123,082	54,702,703	107,928,703		
Depreciable/amortizable capital assets:						
Buildings	69,822,853	6,735,279	18,441	76,539,691		
Right-to-use lease office space	18,441	56,390		74,831		
Improvements other than buildings	190,852,246	20,784,937	1,419,263	210,217,920		
Machinery and equipment	95,173,706	4,170,338	330,907	99,013,137		
Software	246,986	9,000		255,986		
Infrastructure:						
Water mains	125,256,180	25,328,518	185,417	150,399,281		
Sewer system	1,524,942	4,650		1,529,592		
Total Depreciable/Amortizable Capital Assets	482,895,354	57,089,112	1,954,028	538,030,438		
Less accumulated depreciation/amortization:						
Buildings	28,321,256	1,839,928		30,161,184		
Right-to-use lease office space	10,869	10,922	18,441	3,350		
Improvements other than buildings	63,808,667	7,188,581	1,267,433	69,729,815		
Machinery and equipment	39,952,601	4,875,955	516,324	44,312,232		
Software	171,535	31,217		202,752		
Infrastructure:						
Water mains	54,030,218	2,639,420		56,669,638		
Sewer system	1,041,181	21,565		1,062,746		
Total Accumulated Depreciation/Amortization	\$ 187,336,327	\$ 16,607,588	\$ 1,802,198	202,141,717		
Total Net Depreciable/Amortizable Capital Assets				335,888,721		
Total Net Capital Assets				\$ 443,817,424		

Home and community services

\$ 16,607,588

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2023

3. **DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS** (continued)

E. Accounts Payable, Other Accrued Liabilities and Unearned Revenue

Accounts payable and other accrued liabilities (excluding accrued interest) at December 31, 2023 were as follows:

				Garbage	,	Solid Waste		1	lon-Major		Total
	General	Highway	Colle	ection Districts	Di	sposal District	Capital	Go	vernmental	G	overnmental
Payroll and employee benefits	\$ 2,611,411	\$ 425,911	\$	1,297,289	\$	107,405		\$	897,313	\$	5,339,329
Unpaid claims	12,368,723	878,791		2,763,229		2,287,268	\$ 6,240,603		5,599,489		30,138,103
Other	1,283,082	5,412							1,507,713		2,796,207
	\$ 16,263,216	\$ 1,310,114	\$	4,060,518	\$	2,394,673	\$ 6,240,603	\$	8,004,515	\$	38,273,639

The primary governmental activities recognized an additional other accrued liability for retainage payable of \$593,808 on the Statement of Net Position.

				Major						
		Locust South							Non-Major	Component
	Bethpage	Hicksville	Jericho	Valley	Mas	sapequa	Plainview	Farmingdale	Component Units	Units
Payroll and employee benefits	\$ 51,818	\$ 65,265	\$ 134,929	\$ 19,322	\$	88,914	\$2,011,490	\$ 42,382	\$ 62,669	\$ 2,476,789
Unpaid claims	768,678	2,958,249	3,859,188	1,822,854		119,686	899,572	1,408,904	730,602	12,567,733
Retainage payable	105,423	609,680	2,724,732	76,423			420,995	68,226	201,150	4,206,629
	\$925,919	\$3,633,194	\$6,718,849	\$1,918,599	\$	208,600	\$3,332,057	\$1,519,512	\$ 994,421	\$19,251,151

Unearned revenue at December 31, 2023, was composed of the following:

		Non-Major	Total
	General	Governmental	Governmental
Grant Advances	\$ 17,136,573	\$ 121,412	\$ 17,257,985
Other	70,000		70,000
	\$ 17,206,573	\$ 121,412	\$ 17,327,985

	Water Districts											Component
	Вє	ethpage	Hi	icksville	J	Jericho Plai		Plainview Massapequa			Units	
Collections in advance	\$	36,869	\$	41,150	\$	88,826	\$	97,645	\$	148	\$	264,638

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2023

3. **DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS** (continued)

F. Indebtedness

Short-term Debt

Bond Anticipation Notes (BANs) – Bond anticipation notes (BANs) are generally used as a temporary means of financing capital expenditures in the Capital Projects Fund. State law requires that BANs issued for capital purposes be converted to long-term obligations within five years after the original issue date. Generally, the notes or renewal thereof may not extend more than two years beyond the original date of issue unless a portion is redeemed within two years and within each 12-month period thereafter. BANs are expected to be paid from the proceeds of future bond issues after renewal of these notes. BANs that were issued and have not been renewed or converted to bonds as of the release of the financial statements were considered short-term and are included in the Capital Projects Fund of the Town or of component unit, as applicable. The remainder of the notes are considered long-term and are reported in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. See Note 6 for more details.

Bond Anticipation Notes Short-Term

			Balance		New		Balance
			 1/1/23	Renewed	Issue	Redeemed	12/31/23
Series	Rate	Maturity					
Primary Government:							
General Fund							
Bond Anticipation Note No. 2 November 2022	* 5.00%	August 2023	\$ 1,190,000			\$ 1,190,000	
Capital Projects Fund							
Bond Anticipation Notes August 2022	2.00%- 3.00%	August 2023	66,640,000			66,640,000	
Bond Anticipation Notes August 2023	4.75%	August 2024		\$ 63,640,000	\$ 61,360,000		\$ 125,000,000
	Total F	Primary Government	 67,830,000	63,640,000	61,360,000	67,830,000	125,000,000
Component Units:							
Water Bond Anticipation Notes March 2022	3.00%	March 2023	6,185,000			6,185,000	-0-
Water Bond Anticipation Notes March 2023	5.00%	March 2024	 		810,000		810,000
	Tot	tal Component Units	6,185,000	-0-	810,000	6,185,000	810,000
	Total Bond Anticipatio	n Notes Short-Term	\$ 74,015,000	\$ 63,640,000	\$ 62,170,000	\$ 74,015,000	\$ 125,810,000

^{*}The BANs issued by the General Fund were for the Gold Coast Library land acquisition.

Bond Anticipation Notes Long-Term

			Balance		New		Balance
Series	Rate	Maturity	1/1/23	Renewed	Issue	Redeemed	12/31/23
Component Units:							
Water Bond Anticipation Notes March 2022	3.00%	March 2023	\$ 141,520,735			\$ 141,520,735	
Water Bond Anticipation Notes March 2023	5.00%	March 2024		\$ 135,802,500	\$ 25,427,000		\$ 161,229,500
Total Bond Anticipation Notes Lo	ong-Term,	Component Units	\$ 141,520,735	\$ 135,802,500	\$ 25,427,000	\$ 141,520,735	\$ 161,229,500

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2023

3. **DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS** (continue)

F. Indebtedness (continued)

Short-term Debt (continued)

Activity of BANs issued and redeemed during 2023:

Total Bond Anti	Total Bond Anticipation Notes December 31, 2022							<u>General</u> \$ 1,190,000			Capital Projects \$ 66,640,000			
<u>Debt - Principal from available resources</u> Short-term BANs							(1,190,000)			(3,000,000)				
Renewal of short-tern	n B/	\Ns								63,640	,000)		
Short-term BANs - new issue (principal payment due within one year)										61,360	,000,	<u>.</u>		
Total Bond Anti	Total Bond Anticipation Notes December 31, 2023									\$125,000	,000	<u> </u>		
	Bethpage Jericho Locust Valley						ley Massapequa			Plainview		South armingdale	Component Units	
Long-term BANs renewed Long-term BANs new issue	\$	32,950,000	\$	51,400,000 20,558,000	\$	10,140,000 1,500,000	\$	7,400,000	\$	14,192,500 3,369,000	\$	19,720,000	\$	135,802,500 25,427,000
Short-term BANs - new issue (principal payment due within one year)				810,000										810,000
Total Water District Notes December 31, 2023	\$	32,950,000	\$	72,768,000	\$	11,640,000	\$	7,400,000	\$	17,561,500	\$	19,720,000	\$	162,039,500
Long-term BANs paid with renewals	\$	32,950,000	\$	51,400,000	\$	10,140,000	\$	7,400,000	\$	14,192,500	\$	19,720,000	\$	135,802,500
<u>Debt - Principal from available resources</u> Short-term BANs Long-term BANs		2,438,235		430,000 1,750,000		100.000		300,000		550.000		5,755,000 580,000		6,185,000 5,718,235
Debt Principal paid 2023		2,438,235		2,180,000		100,000		300,000		550,000		6,335,000		11,903,235
Total Water District Notes December 31, 2022	\$	35,388,235	\$	53,580,000	\$	10,240,000	\$	7,700,000	\$	14,742,500	\$	26,055,000	\$	147,705,735

Revenue Anticipation Notes (RANs) – These notes would be issued as a temporary means of financing a cash flow shortfall in the General Fund. There were no RANs issued or outstanding in 2023.

Tax Anticipation Notes (TANs) – These notes would be issued as a temporary means of financing a cash flow shortfall in various funds. There were no TANs issued or outstanding in 2023.

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2023

3. **DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS** (continued)

F. Indebtedness (continued)

Long-term Liabilities

Summary of changes in long-term liabilities transactions for the year ended December 31, 2023 is as follows:

					Non-current	Non-current
	Balance *			Balance	liabilities due	liabilities due
	1/1/23	Increases	Reductions	12/31/23	within one year	more than one year
Primary Government:	(as restated)					
General obligation bonds payable	\$ 513,905,144	\$ 2,345,000	\$ 60,721,458	\$ 455,528,686	\$ 60,669,191	\$ 394,859,495
Plus premiums on issuance	29,679,105		5,140,613	24,538,492	4,745,308	19,793,184
Total General Obligation Bonds	543,584,249	2,345,000	65,862,071	480,067,178	65,414,499	414,652,679
Lease liability	11,171		11,171	-0-		
Due to Employees' Retirement System	9,123,222		4,175,218	4,948,004	993,935	3,954,069
Compensated absences	27,044,552	3,913,108	2,330,952	28,626,708	1,431,335	27,195,373
Claims and judgments payable	25,354,796	8,895,163	7,574,622	26,675,337	7,084,395	19,590,942
Other litigation payable	196,000			196,000	196,000	
Estimated liability for landfill closure						
and post-closure care costs	2,070,000		370,000	1,700,000	370,000	1,330,000
Retirement incentive payable	56,667		56,667	-0-		
Net pension liability - proportionate share		56,150,552		56,150,552		56,150,552
LOSAP liability - proportionate share	11,291,418	1,084,025	580,860	11,794,583		11,794,583
Total OPEB liability	546,582,396	87,709,734	96,942,592	537,349,538	15,755,825	521,593,713
*Subscription-Based IT Arrangement Liability	1,880,686		548,960	1,331,726	128,955	1,202,771
Total Non-Current Liabilities	\$ 1,167,195,157	\$ 160,097,582	\$ 178,453,113	\$ 1,148,839,626	\$ 91,374,944	\$ 1,057,464,682
					Nam aumant	Non-sument
	Delene			Dalamas	Non-current	Non-current
	Balance	I	D. L. C.	Balance	liabilities due	liabilities due
Commonant Unite	1/1/23	Increases	Reductions	12/31/23	within one year	more than one year
Component Units: General obligation bonds payable	\$ 59,499,856		\$ 6,123,542	\$ 53,376,314	\$ 6,375,809	\$ 47,000,505
Plus premiums on issuance	2,407,752		\$ 0,123,542 477,461		437,180	
Total General Obligation Bonds	61,907,608		6,601,003	1,930,291 55,306,605	6,812,989	1,493,111 48,493,616
•		\$ -0-				
Other debt, inclusive of premiums	42,382,250	05 105 000	2,075,060	40,307,190	2,345,060	37,962,130
Bond anticipation notes long-term	141,520,735	25,427,000	5,718,235	161,229,500	10,058,785	151,170,715
Lease liability	40,606	63,909	34,602	69,913	26,716	43,197
Compensated absences	4,214,936	667,058	857,528	4,024,466	477,371	3,547,095
Net pension liability - proportionate share	05 000 000	9,320,890	250,413	9,070,477	0.000.045	9,070,477
Total OPEB liability	85,033,898	4,872,400	7,206,621	82,699,677	2,600,849	80,098,828
Total Non-Current Liabilities	\$ 335,100,033	\$ 40,351,257	\$ 22,743,462	\$ 352,707,828	\$ 22,321,770	\$ 330,386,058

 $^{^{\}star}$ As restated for the implementation of Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITAs).

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2023

3. **DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS** (continued)

F. Indebtedness (continued)

Long-term Debt

General Obligation Bonds - The Town generally borrows money in order to acquire land or equipment or construct buildings and improvements. This enables the cost of these capital assets to be borne by the present and future taxpayers receiving the benefit of the capital assets. These long-term obligations are backed by the full faith and credit of the Town.

A summary of these bonds outstanding at year end by issue is as follows:

	Original		Interest	Final		Outstanding
General Obligation Serial Bonds		Borrowing	Rates	Maturity	;	at Year End
New York State Environmental Facilities						
Corporation, Refunding, Series 2023A	\$	2,345,000	3.422%-4.756%	2043	\$	2,345,000
2026 Public Improvement		54,485,000	4.00%	2034		50,800,000
2025 Public Improvement Refunding		93,600,000	5.00%	2031		84,440,000
2024 Public Improvement, Series B		36,065,000	2.0%-3.0%	2034		31,330,000
2023 Public Improvement, Series A		72,350,000	2.00%	2035		63,795,000
2022 Public Improvement Refunding, 2011 A & 2014A		78,775,000	2.0%-4.0%	2028		57,095,000
2021 Federally Taxable (Settlement of Claims)		30,000,000	2.0%-2.25%	2035		24,670,000
2020 Public Improvement Refunding, 2013B		52,970,000	0.0%-4.0%	2027		31,755,000
2019 Public Improvement Refunding, 2009A		2,085,000	2.0%-4.0%	2028		1,250,000
2018 Public Improvement, Series B		152,665,388	3.0%-4.0%	2033		109,670,000
2017 Public Improvement Refunding, 2008 & 2010		83,195,000	0.0%-5.0%	2027		35,895,000
2016 Public Improvement, Series A		10,524,981	3.0%-3.5%	2033		7,700,000
2012 Public Improvement Refunding, 1997 & 2006		40,750,000	2.0%-5.0%	2024		5,340,000
2011 Public Improvement Refunding, 2004C & 2007		28,680,000	2.0%-5.0%	2028		2,820,000
	\$	738,490,369			\$	508,905,000

The Town has authorized additional borrowings of \$3,555,000 for the Town and \$144,590,100 for the component units that have not been issued at December 31, 2023.

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2023

3. **DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS** (continued)

F. Indebtedness (continued)

Long-term Debt (continued)

A summary of bond activity for the year by purpose is as follows:

	Balance		5	Balance
	1/1/23	Issued	Redeemed	12/31/23
Primary Government:				
General	\$ 207,397,164		\$ 25,315,816	\$ 182,081,348
Highway	198,671,595	\$ 2,345,000	23,012,883	178,003,712
Garbage Collection Districts	17,929,647		1,888,923	16,040,724
Solid Waste Disposal District	12,409,839		1,543,066	10,866,773
Town Outside Village	1,961,031		211,274	1,749,757
Drainage District	1,002,050		123,037	879,013
Park Districts	24,204,477		2,970,266	21,234,211
Lighting District	3,922,455		393,562	3,528,893
Public Parking District	46,406,886		5,262,631	41,144,255
Total Primary Government	513,905,144	2,345,000	60,721,458	455,528,686
Component Units:				
Massapequa Water District	\$ 2,045,223		\$ 275,230	\$ 1,769,993
Plainview Water District	8,676,634		1,120,805	7,555,829
Locust Valley Water District	8,029,800		725,600	7,304,200
Oyster Bay Water District	2,469,423		259,249	2,210,174
Jericho Water District	9,626,300		846,600	8,779,700
So. Farmingdale Water District	11,710,581		1,182,809	10,527,772
Bethpage Water District	16,367,500		1,433,500	14,934,000
Oyster Bay Sewer District	574,395		279,749	294,646
Total Component Units	59,499,856	0-	6,123,542	53,376,314
Total General Obligation Bonds	\$ 573,405,000	\$ 2,345,000	\$ 66,845,000	\$ 508,905,000

Future principal and interest payments to maturity for the primary government are as follows:

For years ending December 31,	 Principal	 Interest	Total Principal and Interest		
2024	\$ 60,669,191	\$ 15,633,494	\$ 76,302,685		
2025	57,747,147	13,298,231	71,045,378		
2026	59,821,494	11,123,915	70,945,409		
2027	51,605,459	9,058,898	60,664,357		
2028	43,830,295	7,143,400	50,973,695		
2029 - 2033	155,445,100	17,179,982	172,625,082		
2034 - 2038	25,725,000	770,810	26,495,810		
2039 - 2043	 685,000	 9,765	 694,765		
Totals	\$ 455,528,686	\$ 74,218,495	\$ 529,747,181		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2023

3. **DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS** (continued)

F. Indebtedness (continued)

Long-term Debt (continued)

Future principal and interest payments to maturity for the component units are as follows:

For years ending December 31,		Principal	Interest	and Interest			
· · · , · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			 				
2024	\$	6,375,809	\$ 2,052,956	\$	8,428,765		
2025		6,222,853	1,796,644		8,019,497		
2026		6,438,506	1,547,500		7,986,006		
2027		6,609,541	1,287,117		7,896,658		
2028		6,084,705	1,028,273		7,112,978		
2029 - 2033		21,644,900	2,036,573		23,681,473		
Totals	\$	53,376,314	\$ 9,749,063	\$	63,125,377		

Current Refunding of Bonds

On May 18, 2023, the New York State Environmental Facilities Corporation Town issued \$2,345,000 in Refunding Bonds on behalf of the Town through the State Clean Water and Drinking Water Revolving Funds with interest rates of 3.422% - 4.756% and annual maturities beginning May 1, 2024 through May 1, 2043. The full amount of \$2,345,000 issued, was for the refunding of Town debt related to the Highway Fund.

The net proceeds of \$2,345,000 were used to current refund outstanding 2013 Series B Public Improvement Bonds, with interest rates of 2.93% - 4.76%.

The refunding resulted in a savings of \$226,426 over the life of the bonds.

Interest Expenditures/Expense (Bonds, BANs, Leases and SBITAs)

Interest expenditures/expense for governmental funds on a fund basis and for governmental activities on the Statement of Net Position were as follows:

General	\$ 1,470,578	
Highway	925,294	
Garbage Collection Districts	80,803	
Solid Waste Disposal District	69,137	
Debt Service	17,875,545	
Total Major Funds		\$ 20,421,357
Town Outside Village	25,399	
Drainage District	21,924	
Park Districts	37,570	
Lighting District	30,516	
Public Parking District	74,099	
Total Non-Major Funds		189,508
Total Governmental Funds		20,610,865
Statement of Activities:		
Change in Accrued Interest Cost	377,988	
Change in Deferred Charges on Refundings	370,919	
Change in Deferred Inflows on Refundings	(233,470)	
Change in Premium on Obligations Payable	(5,140,613)	(4,625,176)
Total Statement of Activities		\$ 15,985,689

The above general obligation bonds and bond anticipation notes are direct borrowings of the Town for which its full faith and credit are pledged and are payable from taxes levied on all taxable real property within the Town.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2023

3. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)

F. Indebtedness (continued)

Leases

In 2018, the Town entered into a lease agreement to finance the acquisition of two digital presses and related equipment. The amount financed was \$111,711 and is to be repaid by the General Fund over 60 months, with monthly payments of \$1,862. The lease has an interest rate of 0%. This lease was paid off in 2023.

The equipment valued at \$111,711 has been fully depreciated.

Subscription-based IT arrangement liability

The following table is the amortization schedule for the subscription-based information technology arrangement liability.

For years ending December 31,	 Principal	Interest		Total	
2024	\$ 128,955	\$	42,645	\$ 171,600	
2025	133,342		38,258	171,600	
2026	137,878	33,722		171,600	
2027	142,569		29,031	171,600	
2028	147,419		24,181	171,600	
2029 - 2033	641,563		44,838	686,401	
Total	\$ 1,331,726	\$	212,675	\$ 1,544,401	

Other Debt, inclusive of premiums

One of the Town's major component units, Hicksville Water District has issued serial bonds not guaranteed by the Town to finance improvements to that district. The \$40,307,190 outstanding serial bonds, inclusive of premiums have been included under the caption "Other debt, inclusive of premiums" because the Town does not bear any responsibility with respect to this debt in its repayment. That is the responsibility of the Town of Hempstead. The premium was \$1,792,190 and the bonds outstanding totaled \$38,515,000 at December 31, 2023.

Other Long-Term Liabilities - Liabilities for claims and judgments payable and other litigation payable are liquidated by the General Fund. Landfill closure and post-closure care costs are mostly liquidated by the Solid Waste Disposal District. The liabilities related to the retirement system are liquidated on an allocation based on salary the largest funds coming from the General, Garbage Collection Districts followed by the Highway and Park Districts funds. The length of service award program liability – proportionate share will be liquidated by the Fire Protection Districts Fund. Compensated absences will be liquidated based on the fund where the employee earning the time was assigned. The Town allocates the expense based on the function the employee's unit is assigned. The total other postemployment benefits payable is liquidated by various governmental funds based on the percentage of health insurance costs incurred by employees and their assigned payroll fund.

Aggregate Expense

Employee benefit expense is allocated to the various functions in the Statement of Activity based on the function code of the personnel salaries.

Within the functional expenses are included the following expenses:

ERS	\$	20,112,821
LOSAP		(194,924)
OPEB	<u> </u>	(767,320)
Aggregate Expense	\$	19,150,577

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2023

3. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)

G. Retirement System

Plan Description

The Town of Oyster Bay participates in the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System (ERS or System). This is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The net position of the System is held in the New York State Common Retirement Fund (Fund), which was established to hold all assets and record changes in fiduciary net position allocated to the System. The Comptroller of the State of New York serves as the trustee of the Fund and is the administrative head of the System. The Comptroller is an elected official determined in a direct statewide election and serves a four-year term.

The external advisory committees appointed by the Comptroller meet periodically throughout the year and provide independent, expert assistance in guiding the Fund. These committees include: the Advisory Council for the Retirement System; the Investment Advisory Committee; the Real Estate Advisory Committee; the Actuarial Advisory Committee and the Audit Advisory Committee.

System benefits are established under the provisions of the New York State Retirement and Social Security Law (RSSL). Once a public employer elects to participate in the System, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. Generally, members of the System are employees of the State and its municipalities, other than New York City. The Town also participates in the Public Employees' Group Life Insurance Plan (GLIP), which provides death benefits in the form of life insurance. In the Fund statements, GLIP amounts are apportioned to and included in ERS. The System is included in the State's financial report as a pension trust fund.

That report may be found at https://www.osc.ny.gov/retirement/resources/2023-nyslrs-annual-comprehensive-financial-report or obtained by writing to the New York State and Local Retirement System, 110 State Street, Albany, NY 12244-0001.

Obligation of employers and employees to contribute and benefits to employees are governed by the RSSL. The Comptroller shall adopt and may amend rules and regulations for the administration and transaction of the business of the System and for the custody and control of their funds.

Vesting

Subsequent to March 31, 2022, legislation was passed that reduced the number of years of service credit from ten years to five years. Therefore all members are vested when they reach five years of service credit.

Benefits Provided

The System provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits.

Tiers 1 and 2

Eligibility: Tier 1 members, with the exception of those retiring under special retirement plans, must be at least age 55 to be eligible to collect a retirement benefit. There is no minimum service requirement. Tier 2 members, with the exception of those retiring under special retirement plans, must have five years of service and be at least age 55 to be eligible to collect a retirement benefit. The age at which full benefits may be collected for Tier 1 and Tier 2, is 55 and 62, respectively.

Benefit calculation: Generally, the benefit is 1.67% of final average salary for each year of service if the member retires with less than 20 years. If the member retires with 20 or more years of service, the benefit is 2% of final average salary for each year of service. Tier 2 members with five or more years of service can retire as early as age 55 with reduced benefits. Tier 2 members age 55 or older with 30 or more years of service can retire with no reduction in benefits. As a result of Article 19 of the RSSL, Tier 1 and Tier 2 members who worked continuously from April 1, 1999 through October 1, 2000 received an additional month of service credit for each year of credited service they have at retirement, up to a maximum of 24 additional months.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2023

3. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)

G. Retirement System (continued)

Benefits Provided (continued)

Tiers 1 and 2 (continued)

Final average salary is the average of the wages earned in the three highest consecutive years of employment. For Tier 1 members who joined on or after June 17, 1971, each year's compensation used in the final average salary calculation is limited to no more than 20% greater than the previous year. For Tier 2 members, each year of final average salary is limited to no more than 20% greater than the average of the previous two years.

Tiers 3, 4 and 5

Eligibility: Tier 3, Tier 4 and Tier 5 members, with the exception of those retiring under special retirement plans, must have five years of service and be at least age 55 to be eligible to collect a retirement benefit. The full benefit age for Tiers 3, 4 and 5 is 62.

Benefit calculation: Generally, the benefit is 1.67% of final average salary for each year of service if the member retires with less than 20 years. If a member retires with between 20 and 30 years of service, the benefit is 2% of final average salary for each year of service. If a member retires with more than 30 years of service, an additional benefit of 1.5% of final average salary is applied for each year of service over 30 years. Tier 3, Tier 4 and Tier 5 members with five or more years of service can retire as early as age 55 with reduced benefits. Tier 3 and Tier 4 members age 55 or older with 30 or more years of service can retire with no reduction in benefits.

Final average salary is the average of the wages earned in the three highest consecutive years of employment. For Tier 3, Tier 4 and Tier 5 members, each year's compensation used in the final average salary calculation is limited to no more than 10% greater than the average of the previous two years.

Tier 6

Eligibility: Tier 6 members, with the exception of those retiring under special retirement plans, must have five years of service and be at least age 55 to be eligible to collect a retirement benefit. The full benefit age for Tier 6 members is age 63 for System members.

Benefit calculation: Generally, the benefit is 1.67% of final average salary for each year of service if the member retires with less than 20 years. If a member retires with 20 years of service, the benefit is 1.75% of final average salary for each year of service. If a member retires with more than 20 years of service, an additional benefit of 2% of final average salary is applied for each year of service over 20 years. Tier 6 members with five or more years of service can retire as early as age 55 with reduced benefits.

Final average salary is the average of the wages earned in the five highest consecutive years of employment. For Tier 6 members, each year's compensation used in the final average salary calculation is limited to no more than 10% greater than the average of the previous four years.

Disability Retirement Benefits

Disability retirement benefits are available to members unable to perform their job duties because of permanent physical or mental incapacity. There are three general types of disability benefits: ordinary, performance of duty, and accidental disability benefits. Eligibility, benefit amounts, and other rules such as any offsets of other benefits depend on a member's tier, years of service, and plan.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2023

3. **DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS** (continued)

G. Retirement System (continued)

Benefits Provided (continued)

Ordinary Death Benefits

Death benefits are payable upon the death, before retirement, of a member who meets eligibility requirements as set forth by law. The first \$50,000 of an ordinary death benefit is paid in the form of group term life insurance. The benefit is generally three times the member's annual salary. For most members, there is also a reduced post-retirement ordinary death benefit available.

Post-Retirement Benefit Increases

A cost-of-living adjustment is provided annually to: (i) all retirees who have attained age 62 and have been retired for five years; (ii) all retirees who have attained age 55 and have been retired for ten years; (iii) all disability retirees, regardless of age, who have been retired for five years; (iv) recipients of an accidental death benefit, regardless of age, who have been receiving such benefit for five years; and (v) the spouse of a deceased retiree receiving a lifetime benefit under an option elected by the retiree at retirement. An eligible spouse is entitled to one-half the cost-of-living adjustment amount that would have been paid to the retiree when the retiree would have met the eligibility criteria. This cost-of-living adjustment is a percentage of the annual retirement benefit of the eligible member as computed on a base benefit amount not to exceed \$18,000 of the annual retirement benefit. The cost-of-living percentage shall be 50% of the annual Consumer Price Index as published by the U.S. Bureau of Labor but cannot be less than 1% or exceed 3%.

Contributions

Generally, Tiers 3, 4 and 5 members must contribute 3% of their salary to the System. As a result of Article 19 of the RSSL, eligible Tiers 3 and 4 employees, with a membership date on or after July 27, 1976, who have ten or more years of membership or credited service with the System, are not required to contribute. Members cannot be required to begin making contributions or to make increased contributions beyond what was required when membership began. For Tier 6 members, the contribution rate varies from 3% to 6% depending on salary. Generally, Tiers 5 and 6 members are required to contribute for all years of service. Under the authority of the RSSL, the Comptroller shall certify annually the actuarially determined rates expressly used in computing the employers' contributions based on salaries paid during the System's year ended March 31.

The employer contribution rates for the plan's year ending in 2023 are as follows:

Tier	Plan	Options	Rate
1	75 I	41J165	19.9%
2	75 I	41J165	18.2%
3	A14	41J165	14.9%
3	A15	41J165	14.9%
4	A15	41J165	14.9%
5	A15	41J165	12.9%
6	A15	41J100	9.5%
6	A15	41J165	9.5%

The actual contribution was \$11,141,387, equal to the required amount.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2023

3. **DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS** (continued)

G. Retirement System (continued)

Retirement Amortizations and Incentives

Pursuant to Chapter 57 of the Laws of 2010, the New York State Legislature authorized local governments to amortize a portion of their retirement bill for 10 years. This law requires participating governments to make payments on a current basis, while amortizing existing unpaid amounts relating to the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System's fiscal years when the local employer opts to participate in the program. Chapter 57 further provides that when contribution rates fall below legally specified levels and all outstanding amortizations have been paid, the Town will be required to pay additional moneys into a specific reserve fund which will be used to offset their contributions in the future. These reserve funds will be invested separately from pension assets. The Town's total deferred amount related to the 2012 fiscal year was \$6,895,103 and will be billed and paid over ten years beginning in 2014 and will include interest at 3.00%. During 2023, the Town paid \$784,773 toward this program and has a remaining liability at December 31, 2023 of \$0.

Pursuant to Chapter 57 of the Laws of 2013, the New York State Legislature authorized local governments to amortize a portion of their retirement bill for 12 years. This law requires participating governments to make payments on a current basis, while amortizing existing unpaid amounts relating to the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System's fiscal years when the local employer opts to participate in the program. The Town's total deferred amount related to the 2013 fiscal year was \$6,157,543 and will be billed and paid over twelve years beginning in 2015 and will include interest at 3.76%. During 2023, the Town paid \$2,361,870 toward this program and has a remaining liability at December 31, 2023 of \$0.

Pursuant to Chapter 57 of the Laws of 2013, the Town's total deferred amount related to the 2014 fiscal year was \$4,525,561 and will be billed and paid over twelve years beginning in 2016 and will include interest at 3.50%. During 2023, the Town paid \$462,766 toward this program and has a remaining liability at December 31, 2023 of \$1,651,736.

Pursuant to Chapter 57 of the Laws of 2013, the Town's total deferred amount related to the 2015 fiscal year was \$4,773,406 and will be billed and paid over twelve years beginning in 2017 and will include interest at 3.31%. During 2023, the Town paid \$401,770 toward this program and has a remaining liability at December 31, 2023 of \$2,217,355.

Pursuant to Chapter 57 of the Laws of 2013, the Town's total deferred amount related to the 2016 fiscal year was \$2,002,208 and will be billed and paid over twelve years beginning in 2018 and will include interest at 2.63%. During 2023, the Town paid \$164,039 toward this program and has a remaining liability at December 31, 2023 of \$1,078,913.

Future principal and interest payments to maturity for the Chapter 57 amortizations are as follows:

				To	tal Principal
For years ending December 31,	 Principal Interest and		Interest		nd Interest
2024	\$ 993,935	\$	159,580	\$	1,153,515
2025	1,026,469		127,047		1,153,516
2026	1,060,078		93,438		1,153,516
2027	1,016,246		58,720		1,074,966
2028	659,589		25,604		685,193
2029	 191,687		5,041		196,728
	\$ 4,948,004	\$	469,430	\$	5,417,434

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2023

3. **DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS** (continued)

G. Retirement System (continued)

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension</u>

At December 31, 2023, the Town reported a liability of \$56,150,552 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability of the System. The net pension liability was measured as of March 31, 2023 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of April 1, 2022. The Town's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Town's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected long-term contributions of all participating members.

Below is the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability of the System and the related employer allocation percentage as of the March 31, 2023 measurement date.

Net Pension Liability	Allocation of the System's Total Net Liability	Change in the Allocation of the System's Total Net Pension Liability Since Prior Measurement Date
\$ 56,150,552	0.2618470%	0.0020475

For the year ended December 31, 2023, the Town recognized pension expense of \$20,112,821 for the primary government and \$3,407,719 for the discretely presented component units in the Statement of Activities. At December 31, 2023, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Primary Government			Component Units				
Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources		Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
\$	5,980,473	\$	1,576,919	\$	966,077	\$	254,733
	27,270,330		301,388		4,405,209		48,686
			329,882				53,288
	3,307,511		1,169,017		807,937		228,567
	9,212,321				1,356,960		
\$	45,770,635	\$	3,377,206	\$	7,536,183	\$	585,274
	0	Deferred Outflows of Resources \$ 5,980,473 27,270,330 3,307,511 9,212,321	Deferred Outflows of Resources of S,980,473 \$ 27,270,330 \$ 3,307,511 9,212,321	Deferred Outflows of Resources Deferred Inflows of Resources \$ 5,980,473 \$ 1,576,919 27,270,330 301,388 329,882 3,307,511 1,169,017 9,212,321	Deferred Outflows of Resources Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred Inflows of Resources \$ 5,980,473 \$ 1,576,919 \$ 27,270,330 301,388 329,882 3,307,511 1,169,017 9,212,321 9,212,321	Deferred Outflows of Resources Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred Outflows of Resources \$ 5,980,473 \$ 1,576,919 \$ 966,077 27,270,330 301,388 4,405,209 329,882 3,307,511 1,169,017 807,937 9,212,321 1,356,960	Deferred Outflows of Resources Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred Outflows of Resources Deferred Outflows of Resources Deferred Outflows of Resources \$ 5,980,473 \$ 1,576,919 \$ 966,077 \$ 27,270,330 301,388 4,405,209 329,882 329,882 807,937 9,212,321 1,356,960

Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the Town's contribution subsequent to the measurement date in the amount of \$9,212,321 for the primary government and \$1,356,960 for the discretely presented component units will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the subsequent year. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

For The Years Ending December 31,	Primary Government		Cor	mponent Units
2024	\$	8,073,275	\$	1,396,620
2025		(2,513,074)		(315,788)
2026		12,171,555		1,998,416
2027		15,449,352		2,514,701
	\$	33,181,108	\$	5,593,949

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2023

3. **DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS** (continued)

G. Retirement System (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability as of the measurement date was determined by using an actuarial valuation as of April 1, 2022, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension liability to the measurement date. The actuarial valuations used the following actuarial assumptions:

Investment rate of return (net of investment expenses)	5.90%
Inflation rate	2.90%
Salary scale	4.40%
Cost of living adjustments	1.50%

Annuitant mortality rates are based on the April 1, 2015 – March 31, 2020 System's experience with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Society of Actuaries' Scale MP-2021.

The actuarial assumptions used in the April 1, 2022 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period April 1, 2015 – March 31, 2020.

The long-term rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Best estimates of the arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation as of March 31, 2023 are summarized below:

		Long-term
	Target	Expected Real
Asset Class:	Allocation	Rate of Return
Domestic equity	32.00%	4.30%
International equity	15.00%	6.85%
Private equity	10.00%	7.50%
Real estate	9.00%	4.60%
Opportunistic/Absolute return strategies	3.00%	5.38%
Credit	4.00%	5.43%
Real assets	3.00%	5.84%
Fixed Income	23.00%	1.50%
Cash	1.00%	0.00%
	100.00%	

The real rate of return is net of the long-term inflation assumption of 2.5%.

The discount rate used to calculate the total pension liability was 5.90% for the System. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially. Based upon the assumptions, the Systems' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2023

3. **DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS** (continued)

G. Retirement System (continued)

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability/(Asset) to the Discount Rate Assumption

The following presents the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability/(asset) calculated using the discount rate of 5.90%, as well as what the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability/(asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (4.90%) or 1-percentage point higher (6.90%) than the current assumption:

	One Percent	Current		(One Percent
	Decrease	Assumption		on Increa	
	(4.9%)	(5.9%)		(6.9%)	
Town's proportionate share of the					
collective net pension liability/(asset) \$	135,691,800	\$	56,150,552	\$	(10,315,414)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

The components of the current year net pension liability of the employers in the System as of March 31, 2023, were as follows:

	_(Dolla	rs in thousands)
Employers' total pension liability Plan net position	\$	232,627,259 211,183,223
Employers' net pension liability	\$	21,444,036
Ratio of plan net position to the Employers' total pension liability		90.78%
' '		90.78

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the System's separately issued financial statements.

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2023

3. **DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS** (continued)

H. Fire Protection Length of Service Award Program (LOSAP)

The Town participates in two cost sharing multiple employer special funding defined benefit length of service award programs (LOSAP) for the active volunteer firefighters of the Oyster Bay (Oyster Bay) and Glenwood-Glen Head (Glenwood) Fire Protection Districts and a single employer defined benefit length of service award program for the Plainview (Plainview) Fire Protection District. The programs took effect on July 1, 1991 and April 1, 1990 for Oyster Bay and Glenwood, respectively. The programs were established pursuant to Article 11-A of the New York State General Municipal Law. The programs provide municipally-funded pension-like benefits to facilitate the recruitment and retention of active volunteer firefighters. The Town is approximately a 60% sponsor of the Oyster Bay program and a 46% sponsor of the Glenwood program for the year ended December 31, 2023. The Town is 100% sponsor of the LOSAP program for the Plainview Volunteer Fire Department, Inc., which serves the residents of the Plainview Fire Protection District and took effect on January 1,1990. The Town paid and or accrued contributions and fees of \$180,585, \$157,680 and \$223,429 during 2023 to the Oyster Bay, Glenwood and Plainview programs, respectively. Additional Fire Protection Districts had LOSAP programs for which the Town did not participate in material intermunicipal agreements to directly fund those LOSAP plans, which were administered by others. These plans are not included in this report.

Program Description

Participation, vesting and service credit

Oyster Bay's active volunteer firefighters who have reached the age of 17 are eligible to participate in the program. Glenwood has no minimum age for eligibility. Participants acquire a nonforfeitable right to a service award after being credited with five years of firefighting service or upon attaining the program's entitlement age. The program's entitlement age is age 62 for Oyster Bay and age 55 for Glenwood, both programs require completion of one year of plan participation. In general, an active volunteer firefighter is credited with a year of firefighting service for each calendar year after the establishment of the program in which he or she accumulates fifty points. Plainview's minimum age to participate in its LOSAP program is 17, and the program's entitlement age is 55.

Points are granted for the performance of certain activities in accordance with a system established by the sponsor on the basis of a statutory list of activities and point values. A participant may also receive credit for five years of firefighting service rendered prior to the establishment of the program.

Benefits Provided

Benefits in the amount of \$20 per month per year of service are paid on behalf of each participant who is credited with a year of firefighting service. The programs guarantee a retirement annuity of 120 monthly payments payable inclusively to the participant and his/her designated beneficiary. The maximum number of years of firefighting service for which a participant may receive a contribution is 40 years for Oyster Bay, 37 years for Glenwood and 50 years for Plainview. Except in the case of disability or death, benefits are payable when a participant reaches entitlement age. The program provides statutorily mandatory disability and death benefits which are self-insured and paid from the program trust funds.

The Equal Employment Opportunity Commission (EEOC) settled an age discrimination lawsuit with the Glenwood LOSAP sponsors. Individuals who were granted post-entitled benefits and are not already participants in another class are listed below as post-entitled participants. They will receive the same benefits as retired participants.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2023

3. **DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS** (continued)

H. Fire Protection Length of Service Award Program (LOSAP) (continued)

Prior to the 1/1/2018 Actuarial Valuation, no post-entitlement benefits were provided under the Glenwood plan. As a result of the Consent Decree, post-entitlement benefits are now provided under the Glenwood plan. The plan sponsors elected to pay the monthly post-entitlement benefits that had been earned prior to 1/1/2018 as they came due ("pay-as-you-go"), rather than to set aside a liability for these benefits in the normal funding of the plan. The full actuarial present value of post-entitlement benefits that are earned after 1/1/2018 will be added to the plan and funded in the normal manner, as is done with all of the post-entitlement benefits in the Oyster Bay plan, but those pre-1/1/2018 post-entitlement benefits in the Glenwood plan will continue to simply be paid by the plan sponsors as they come due.

There was no age discrimination lawsuit with respect to the Plainview LOSAP program. The fire company took a pro-active approach by instituting a "LOSAP 2" program through which post-entitlement members receive a single lump-sum payment from the fire company after a year of post-entitlement service is earned.

Participants Covered by the Benefit Terms

	Oyster Bay	Glenwood	Plainview
Retired participants receiving benefits	61	55	25
Inactive participants entitled to,			
but not yet receiving benefits	77	25	64
Active participants	73	53	66
Total	211	133	155

Fiduciary Investment and Control

Service credit is determined by the sponsoring board, based on certified information from the fire companies having members who participate in the program. Each fire company must maintain all required records on forms prescribed by the sponsoring board. The sponsoring boards have retained and designated Glatfelter VFIS Specialty Benefits to assist in the administration of the Oyster Bay, Glenwood and Plainview programs. The designated program administrator's functions include calculating the amount to be contributed to the plan at the end of each year based upon the criteria set forth in the Program's Plan Document. Disbursements for the payment of benefits or administrative expenditures must be approved by the sponsoring board and delivered to the custodian through a payment schedule.

Program assets are required to be held in trust by LOSAP legislation, for the exclusive purpose of providing benefits to participants and their beneficiaries or for the purpose of defraying the reasonable expenditures of the operation and administration of the program. Any payments under the program shall be made from the general assets of the Sponsors which general assets are subject to the claims of creditors of the Sponsor. As such, the trust assets do not meet the criteria as defined by GASB and, therefore, may not be offset against the LOSAP liability.

Authority to invest program assets is vested in the sponsoring board. Subject to restrictions in the Program Plan Document, program assets are invested in accordance with a statutory "prudent person" rule. The sponsoring board is required to retain an actuary to review and certify the administrator's calculations of the amount of the sponsoring board's contributions to the program. The actuary retained by the sponsoring board for this purpose is Gail E. Johnson Consulting Actuary. Portions of the following information are derived from reports prepared by the actuary dated May 26, 2023 for Oyster Bay, April 2, 2024 for Glenwood, and January 26, 2024 for Plainview. The actuary provided additional calculations for the length of service award program liability.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2023

3. **DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS** (continued)

H. Fire Protection Length of Service Award Program (LOSAP) (continued)

Program Financial Condition

The following represents the Town's proportionate share of program assets as of December 31, 2023 and the changes for the year then ended.

	Oyster Bay Glenwood		Plainview	Total		
Total Net Assets Available for Benefits Group annuity contracts (100%)	\$	2,553,123	\$ 1,975,842	\$ 4,825,014	\$	9,353,979
Prior Service Costs						
There are no prior service costs being amortized.						
Receipts and Disbursements						
Program Net Assets, January 1, 2023	\$	2,418,130	\$ 1,853,457	\$ 4,560,789	\$	8,832,376
Changes during the year:						
Plan contributions		180,585	157,680	223,429		561,694
Changes in fair market value of investments		71,246	55,638	136,666		263,550
Plan benefit withdrawals		(116,838)	 (90,933)	(95,870)		(303,641)
Program Net Assets, December 31, 2023	\$	2,553,123	\$ 1,975,842	\$ 4,825,014	\$	9,353,979
Contributions						
Amount of Town's required contribution	\$	297,491	\$ 167,449	\$ 197,831	\$	662,771
Amount of Town's actual contribution	\$	189,992	\$ 180,842	\$ 223,429	\$	594,263
Administration Fees						
Plan administrator and Actuary	\$	3,625	\$ 2,569	\$ 4,765	\$	10,959

<u>Program Liabilities, Program Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the Program</u>

At December 31, 2023, the Town reported a liability of \$11,794,583 for its proportionate share of the length of service award program liability. The length of service award program liability was measured as of June 30, 2023 for Oyster Bay and December 31, 2023 for Glenwood and Plainview, and the total program liability by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2022 and January 1, 2023 for Oyster Bay and Glenwood, and Plainview, respectively. The Town's proportion of the length of service award program liability was based on a projection of the Town's share of contributions to the program.

	Oyster Bay	Glenwood	Plainview	Total LOSAP
Program Liability - Beginning of year	\$ 3,804,362	\$ 2,593,000	\$ 4,894,056	\$ 11,291,418
Service cost	98,657	56,858	132,650	288,165
Interest	162,893	96,599	183,725	443,217
Change of benefit terms			222	
Differences between expected and				
actual experience	(80,950)	(23,419)	(50,080)	(154,449)
Changes in assumptions	(123,209)	107,316	245,105	229,212
Benefit payments	(114,317)	(88,440)	(92,900)	(295,657)
Expenses	(287)	(2,493)	(4,765)	(7,545)
Program Liability - End of year	\$ 3,747,149	\$ 2,739,421	\$ 5,308,013	\$ 11,794,583

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2023

3. **DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS** (continued)

H. Fire Protection Length of Service Award Program (LOSAP) (continued)

<u>Program Liabilities, Program Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the Program (continued)</u>

For the year ended December 31, 2023, the Town recognized LOSAP program expense of (\$194,924) in the Statement of Activities. At December 31, 2023, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the program from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources							Deferred Inflows of Resources								
	O	ster Bay	(Glenwood	Plainview Total		Oyster Bay		Glenwood		Plainview		Total			
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	5,509			\$	4,722	\$	10,231	\$	353,497	\$	236,453	\$	80,784	\$	670,734
Changes in assumptions		541,558	\$	110,492		482,234		1,134,284		918,414		584,887		1,354,652		2,857,953
Contributions made subsequent to the measurement date		331,496						331,496								
Total	\$	878,563	\$	110,492	\$	486,956	\$	1,476,011	\$	1,271,911	\$	821,340	\$	1,435,436	\$	3,528,687

Deferred outflows of resources related to the program resulting from the Town's contribution subsequent to the measurement date in the amount of \$331,496 will be recognized as a reduction of the program liability in the subsequent year. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the program will be recognized in program expense as follows:

For The Years Ending December 31,	0	yster Bay	Glenwood		 Plainview	Total		
2024 2025 2026 2027 2028	\$	(247,720) (448,086) (29,038)	\$	(355,948) (375,875) 20,975	\$ (399,259) (597,978) 48,757	\$	(1,002,927) (1,421,939) 40,694 -0- -0-	
	\$	(724,844)	\$	(710,848)	\$ (948,480)	\$	(2,384,172)	

Funding Methodology and Actuarial Assumptions

The actuarial valuation methodology used by the actuary to determine the sponsor's contribution is the entry age normal method. The assumed rate of return on investment was determined by using the Fidelity Municipal General Obligation AA 20-year Bond Index as of the measurement dates of the individual programs. Update procedures were used to roll forward the liability from the actuarial valuation date to the measurement date.

The assumptions used by the actuary to determine the sponsor's contribution and the actuarial present value of benefits are:

	Oyster Bay	Glenwood	Plainview
Actuarial Valuation Date	July 1, 2022	January 1, 2023	January 1, 2023
Measurement Date	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2023
Investment rate of return	3.86%	3.79%	3.79%
Salary increases	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable
Inflation rate	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Mortality	No pre-retirement mortality; post retirement RP2000 projected to 2030	No pre-retirement mortality; post retirement RP2000 projected to 2030	No pre-retirement mortality; post retirement RP2000 projected to 2030
Turnover	T5	T5	T5
Retirement	First Eligible	First Eligible	First Eligible

^{*} Percentages are net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2023

3. **DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS** (continued)

H. Fire Protection Length of Service Award Program (LOSAP) (continued)

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Program Liability to the Discount Rate Assumption

The following presents the Town's proportionate share of the length of service award program liability calculated using the discount rate of 3.86% for Oyster Bay and 3.79% for Glenwood and Plainview, as well as what the Town's proportionate share of the program liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current assumption:

	0	ne Percent Current		(One Percent	
		Decrease	A	ssumption		Increase
Oyster Bay		_		_		_
Discount rates		2.86%		3.86%		4.86%
Net pension liability	\$	4,998,300	\$	3,747,149	\$	3,605,552
Glenwood						
Discount rates		2.79%		3.79%		4.79%
Net pension liability	\$	3,206,220	\$	2,739,421	\$	2,371,064
Plainview						
Discount rates		2.79%		3.79%		4.79%
Net pension liability	\$	6,405,470	\$	5,308,013	\$	4,456,658

I. Deferred Compensation Plan

The Town participates in the New York State 457(b) deferred compensation plan. All full-time employees are eligible to participate. The Town makes no contributions into this plan. The amount deferred by eligible employees for the year ended December 31, 2023 totaled \$5,677,215.

J. Other Postemployment Benefits (Obligations for Health Insurance)

In the government-wide financial statements, the cost of other postemployment benefits (OPEB), like the cost of pension benefits, generally should be associated with the period in which the cost occurs, rather than in the future years when it will be paid. The Town recognizes the costs of other postemployment benefits in the year when the employee services are received, reports the accumulated liability from prior years, and provides information useful in assessing potential demands on the Town's future cash flows. The Town established and administers a single-employer defined benefit OPEB plan for its employees. Amendments to the plan are authorized by the union contract. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75.

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2023

3. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)

J. Other Postemployment Benefits (Obligations for Health Insurance) (continued)

Plan Description

The Town, as a single-employer defined benefit OPEB plan, per its contract with employees, will pay the full premium costs for medical (currently provided by Empire Core Plan plus Enhancement or H.I.P.) insurance coverage at retirement, provided the employee retired after December 31, 1974 and had been employed with the Town for at least five consecutive years and the retiree is at least 55 years of age and is a member of the retirement system. The Town will also pay the full premium costs for dental (currently provided by CIGNA Healthcare) and optical (currently provided by CSEA Employee Benefit Fund) insurance coverage at retirement for employees who retired after January 1, 2002 and January 1, 2006, respectively, and meet the requirements to receive medical insurance coverage. This contract will be renegotiated at various times in the future. The retiree is also eligible for full Medicare reimbursement per year, based on enrollment date. Healthcare benefits for non-union employees are similar to those of union employees. Upon death of a retiree who retired between January 1, 2002 and December 31, 2005, the Town will continue health insurance for a period of three months. Upon death of a retiree who retired after January 1, 2006 and before January 1, 2010, the Town will continue health insurance for a period of three years and dental insurance for a period of six months after the death of the retiree for the non-remarried spouse and dependents of the employee. Upon death of a retiree who retired after January 1, 2010, the Town will continue health insurance for a period of five years and dental insurance for a period of six months after the death of the retiree for the non-remarried spouse and dependents of the employee. The Town, as administrator of the plan, does not issue a separate report.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

The number of participants as of January 1, 2023, the date of the census data is as follows.

Active employees	1,048
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments	1,315
Total	2,363

There have been no significant changes in the number or the type of coverage since that date.

Contributions

The Town pays the cost of medical, dental and optical coverage as those premiums come due each year along with Medicare Part B premiums, on a pay-as-you-go-basis. During the year ended December 31, 2023, the Town paid \$13,516,589 for insurance premiums, inclusive of Medicare Part B premiums.

Total OPEB Liability

The Town's total OPEB liability of \$537,349,538 was measured as of December 31, 2023 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2023, with updated procedures used to roll forward the OPEB liability to the measurement date.

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2023

3. **DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS** (continued)

J. Other Postemployment Benefits (Obligations for Health Insurance) (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs (continued)

The total OPEB liability in the January 1, 2023 valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs:

Discount Rate 3.26%

Healthcare Cost Trend Rates 7% for pre-65 for 2023, decreasing 0.5% per year to

an ultimate rate of 5% in 2027 and 5% for post-65

Participant Salary Increases 3.5% annually

Payroll Growth Rate 2.5% annually

The discount rate was based on the December 31, 2023 Bond Buyer's 20 Bond Index.

Mortality rates were based on the RPH-2014 Total Dataset mortality table projected fully generationally using projection scale MP-2021.

The demographic assumptions used for this valuation were from the rates developed in the report, "Development of Recommended Actuarial Assumptions" for New York/SUNY Other Postemployment Benefit Plans Actuarial Valuations prepared by AON Hewitt dated August 2022.

Changes in Total OPEB Liability

The following table shows the components of the Town's other postemployment benefits liability:

	Primary Government		Component Units		
Balance at December 31, 2022	\$	546,582,396	\$	85,033,898	
Changes for the year:					
Service cost		10,317,924		1,838,600	
Interest		18,120,552		2,799,399	
Difference between actual and					
expected experience		(83,426,003)		(12,480,622)	
Changes in assumptions and					
other inputs		59,271,258		7,913,956	
Benefit payments		(13,516,589)		(2,405,554)	
Balance at December 31, 2023	\$	537,349,538	\$	82,699,677	

Changes in assumptions and other inputs reflect a change in the discount rate from 3.72% in 2022 to 3.26% in 2023.

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Town, as well as what the Town's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.26%) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.26%) than the current rate:

One Percent			Discount	One Percent					
	Decrease		Rate	Increase					
	(2.26%)		(3.26%)	(4.26%)					
\$	639,164,144	\$	537,349,538 101	\$	457,897,526				

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2023

3. **DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS** (continued)

J. Other Postemployment Benefits (Obligations for Health Insurance) (continued)

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Town, as well as what the Town's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a healthcare cost trend rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.50%) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.50%) than the current rate:

(One Percent	Healthcare Cost		One Percent		
	Decrease	Trend Rates			Increase	
(5.50% decreasing		(6.50% decreasing		(7.50% decreasing		
to 4.00%)		to 5.00%)		to 6.00%)		
\$	453,722,524	\$	537,349,538	\$	645,457,156	

For the year ended December 31, 2023, the Town recognized OPEB expense of \$(767,320). At December 31, 2023, the Town reported deferred outflows or inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Primary Government			Component Units			
							Deferred
	Deferred Outflows of Resources		De	Deferred Inflows		erred Outflows	Inflows of
			of Resources		of Resources		Resources
Difference between expected							
and actual experience	\$	49,661,846	\$	76,103,335	\$	7,293,098	\$ 11,141,104
Changes in assumptions		71,706,606		104,783,097		10,258,951	16,743,354
Total	\$	121,368,452	\$	180,886,432	\$	17,552,049	\$ 27,884,458

The amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

For The Years Ending December 31,	Prir	mary Government	Co	omponent Units
2024	\$	(7,681,830)	\$	(2,239,407)
2025		(14,066,565)		(2,649,624)
2026		(22,057,090)		(2,793,131)
2027		(15,712,495)		(1,606,696)
2028		-0-		(785,875)
Thereafter		-0-		(257,676)
	\$	(59,517,980)	\$	(10,332,409)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2023

3. **DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS** (continued)

K. Compensated Absences and Retirement Incentive Payable

Town employees are granted vacation, sick and compensatory leave and earn compensatory absences in varying amounts. In the event of termination or upon retirement, an employee is entitled to payment for accumulated vacation, sick and compensatory leave subject to certain limitations. Estimated vacation, sick leave and compensatory absences accumulated by employees have been recorded in the Statement of Net Position. Payment of vacation time, sick and compensatory leave is dependent upon many factors; therefore, timing of future payments is not readily determinable. However, management believes that sufficient resources will be made available for the payments of vacation, sick leave and compensatory absences when such payments become due. As of December 31, 2023, the value of the accumulated vacation time and sick leave was \$28,626,708 for the primary government. The liability for compensated absences for the component units amounted to \$4,024,466.

In the prior years, the Town offered employees meeting specific criteria an incentive to retire from active employment. As part of the incentive, employees had the option to receive the retirement incentive payment over a three-year period. The Town recorded, in the Statement of Net Position, \$1,774,000 for individuals who have earned the incentive as of December 31, 2020 and retired in 2021. Seven of those individuals elected to have the three-year payout totaling \$170,000. The final installment was made in 2023 and the balance due at December 31, 2023 was \$0.

L. Tax Abatement Programs

The Town granted real property tax abatements to promote affordable senior citizen housing within the Town of Oyster Bay. Pursuant to Section 125 of the Private Housing Finance Law of the State of New York, a Town qualified project will be included into its privately financed affordable senior citizen housing tax abatement program. This program provides real property tax abatements of 100% of real property taxes for 25 years on qualified new capital improvements. During the term of the agreements, the benefiting entity must operate and maintain the property consistent with the terms of the agreement. As a general condition of providing tax relief assistance, the benefiting company enters into a payment in lieu of taxes (PILOT) agreement to offset the taxes abated. In 2023, the agreements the Town ratified in the current and previous years, resulted in an abatement of \$2,196,538 of the Town's real property taxes and the PILOTs received totaled \$405,398.

The Town is also subject to real property tax abatements granted by the Nassau County Industrial Development Agency (NCIDA), an entity created as a New York State public benefit corporation. The NCIDA was established by Code Section 922, which became Chapter 674 of the Laws of 1975. The NCIDA offers several abatement programs on certain qualified projects to promote, retain, attract and encourage sound commerce and an industry base to prevent unemployment. At December 31, 2016, only the real property tax abatement program offered by NCIDA impacts the Town's revenues. Generally, a qualified project is an applicant submitted project which meets certain economic development criteria (such as job creation/retention) and which either (1) has been or will be financed by the issuance of NCIDA issued bonds, notes or other evidences of indebtedness with respect thereto, or (2) is a straight lease transaction which the NCIDA has determined to undertake pursuant to a lease policy. The NCIDA, as a condition of providing assistance, may require that the benefiting company remit a PILOT payment to offset the amount of taxes abated. The NCIDA is authorized to enter into PILOT agreements per Real Property Tax Law, Section 412-a and General Municipal Law, Section 874. In 2023, the agreements the NCIDA ratified in the current and previous years, resulted in an abatement of \$7,609,589 of the Town's real property taxes and the receipt of \$4,326,201 in PILOT payments.

The Town is also subject to real property tax abatements granted by Nassau County (County). The County approved specific abatements to provide for electric generation facilities within the Town. The two agreements provide PILOT payments through 2026 and 2028, which are subject to change based on the CPI and assessment adjustments. During the year ended December 31, 2023, the agreements resulted in an abatement of \$1,313,771 of the Town's real property tax and the receipt of \$496,331 in PILOT payments.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2023

4. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

A. Risk Management

In common with other municipalities, the Town receives numerous notices of claims. The Town is self-insured for the first \$1,000,000 per occurrence and carries excess liability insurance coverage of \$10,000,000 per occurrence with a \$10,000,000 annual aggregate.

The Town is self-insured for property protection on the first \$50,000, including earthquake and flood, except for wind and hail which are self-insured for 1% of the total insurable value per location of loss arising out of a named storm with a minimum of \$100,000 per loss and \$100,000 for all other wind and hail. The flood deductible is \$25,000, except maximum available National Flood Insurance Program coverage plus \$250,000 for special flood hazard zones B and zones X (shaded) and \$500,000 for moderate flood zones, including zones A and V. The Town has insurance protection coverage of up to \$100,000,000 for any one loss and annual aggregate, except for flood and earthquake, which have limits of \$10,000,000 for any one loss and annual aggregate and \$10,000,000 for any one loss and annual aggregate, respectively. Flood coverage for FEMA special flood hazard zones is provided in the aggregate of \$5,000,000.

The Town is also covered under a Cyber and Multimedia Liability Insurance policy with an aggregate coverage limit of \$1,000,000, and a data breach response coverage limit of \$1,000,000.

The Town is self-insured for workers' compensation insurance and disability insurance. Estimated benefits to be paid are appropriated in the various operating funds of the Town. The actuarially determined workers' compensation liability is reported without a discount when it is probable that a loss has occurred and that the amount of that loss can be reasonably estimated. The result of the process is not an exact amount as it depends on many complex factors such as inflation. The estimate of the claims liability includes amounts for incremental claim adjustments which include attorney, consulting and other fees. The Town is also self-insured for unemployment benefits paid.

The Town's workers' compensation liability is based on an actuarial analysis and the Town's general liability reserves are estimated based on consultations with legal counsel and past experience with similar claims. The Town has not purchased any annuity contracts with regard to its workers' compensation or general liability claims.

Although the eventual outcome of these claims for workers' compensation and general liability cannot presently be determined, the Town has estimated unsettled claims and litigation to be \$26,675,337, which is included in the claims and judgments payable liability in the government-wide financial statements. The Town is of the opinion that the ultimate settlement of the outstanding claims will not result in a material adverse effect on the Town's financial position.

There were no settlements in excess of insurance coverage over the last three years.

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2023

4. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (continued)

A. Risk Management (continued)

The schedule below presents the changes in claims liabilities for the past two years for workers' compensation and general liability and includes an estimate of claims that have been incurred but not yet reported.

	Workers' Co	ompensation	General Liability		
	2023	2022	2023	2022	
Unpaid claims and claim adjustment					
expenditures at the beginning of year	\$ 23,029,609	\$ 22,631,220	\$ 2,325,187	\$ 1,430,735	
Incurred claims and claim adjustment expenditures:					
Provision for insured events of the current year and					
increases in the provision for insured events of prior years	6,093,118	5,789,724	2,802,045	2,887,438	
Total incurred claims and claim adjustment expenditures	6,093,118	5,789,724	2,802,045	2,887,438	
Payments:					
Claim expenditures attributable to insured events of the					
current and prior years	6,665,735	5,391,335	908,887	1,992,986	
Total payments	6,665,735	5,391,335	908,887	1,992,986	
Total unpaid claims and claim adjustment expenditures					
at the end of the year	\$ 22,456,992	\$ 23,029,609	\$ 4,218,345	\$ 2,325,187	

B. Environmental Issues

Bethpage Community Park Litigation – Grumman counterclaim

The Town owns 18 acres of land which had previously been part of a more than 600 acre complex used in Grumman's manufacturing operations before this parcel was conveyed to the Town in 1962 and subsequently developed as Bethpage Community Park (Park).

The site history for the Park is relevant. As indicated above, this parcel was owned by Grumman prior to 1962 and was used for the disposal of industrial waste, starting at some time after Grumman commenced manufacturing in Bethpage in the 1940s. The Park was opened to the public in 1965.

In 2002, the Park was closed in response to testing performed by Grumman. This testing showed elevated levels of certain contaminants, especially PCBs (polychlorinated biphenyls) and solvents, which were disposed by Grumman on the site. Although subsequent evaluation allowed the Town to reopen the Park, except for the baseball field area in the southwest corner of the Park which contains particularly high PCB levels, residual contamination remained below the ground surface.

In 2005, the Town entered into a voluntary agreement (DEC Agreement) with the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC) to allow the Town to proceed with remediation in the northern portion of the Park, for the purpose of allowing the redevelopment of this area with a new ice skating center. This action was necessitated when it became clear that Grumman would not proceed in the foreseeable future with the cleanup it was obligated to perform, and the Town was not willing to let the capital improvement project be delayed indefinitely. The Town's remediation work, completed in 2007, involved the excavation and removal of approximately 173,000 tons of soil. In the interest of ensuring the maximum protection of public health and safety, the cleanup performed by the Town, as approved by NYSDEC, exceeded the minimum which NYSDEC might otherwise have been willing to approve. The new ice skating center was completed in 2008.

The Town is pursuing litigation against Grumman for reimbursement of certain remediation expenses incurred in the clean-up of the ice rink portion of the Park. The court, however, granted Grumman summary judgement, dismissing the Town's claims. Grumman's counterclaim against the Town is pending; Grumman alleges the Town contributed to the contamination of the entire Park and seeks a contribution by the Town toward the cost of remediation.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2023

4. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (continued)

B. Environmental Issues (continued)

Bethpage Community Park Litigation – Grumman counterclaim (continued)

The future costs of remediation would be derivative of the total costs of the Park. The Town is an innocent purchaser (actually a gift recipient) of the park and, except for the Freon that was associated with the former Town ice rink, the Town was not the generator of the hazardous wastes, i.e., VOCs, PCBs, etc. generated and disposed of by Grumman at the Park. There is an outstanding question in the litigation as to whether the Freon found was actually released by the ice rink, or by Grumman. Notwithstanding, Freon is not a cause of the long-term operations and maintenance at the site and no meaningful Freon exists in recent collection samples. It is all the other multiple hazardous chemicals deposited by Grumman causing past and future remedial cleanup costs. To that end, the total operations and maintenance over the long term should be attributable to Grumman, and not the Town.

For an innocent purchaser like the Town, the likely apportionment range for contribution may max out at around 5% of the total costs. There is a reasonable chance that the Town's past clean-up costs of approximately \$23 million at the ice rink may push down the 5% to the Town, particularly in light of the Town receiving the Park as a gift.

Considering a broad remediation number at \$200 million, knowing that some costs (PCBs, solvents, VOCs, removal) are likely going to be wholly attributable to Grumman, the reasonable share of Freon costs, even if attributable to the Town, would likely be minimal.

Since the federal court does not permit an interlocutory appeal in this instance, the Town must wait on its appeal of the summary judgment decision until the matter is final, when the trial on the counterclaims are adjudicated.

The Office of the Town Attorney cannot predict the outcome of the litigation or appeal described above, as well as the actual remediation costs. However, in the event that there is a judgment entered against the Town for money damages, the Local Finance Law permits the Town to issue bonds or notes to fund such judgment.

At the request of the parties (the Town and Grumman), the court has allowed for a lengthy adjournment of the trial so that settlement may be explored. The Town and Grumman, with input from NYSDEC, have discussed the potential of a discontinuance of all claims, a less costly clean-up and either no contribution by the Town or a reduced fixed payment by the Town in furtherance of the remediation.

In December 2023, the Town brought another action in Federal Court seeking injunctive type relief (not monetary damages) in the form of a more extensive remediation than that set forth in the 2014 Record of Decision between Grumman and the DEC. The Town has also sought input from the US Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) as to the PCBs in the Park soil. The EPA has jurisdiction over PCBs and its regulations may result in Grumman's obligation to remove more soil than that required under the Record of Decision.

Furthermore, there have been recent developments at the Bethpage Community Park in the Spring of 2024 that may affect the above counterclaim. During Grumman's continued remediation of the ballfield area, Grumman uncovered twenty- two, 55 gallon drums encased in concrete vaults buried 6-8 feet underground. The drums contained certain hazardous chemicals used by Grumman in the past. This occurrence has changed the landscape of the remediation effort of Grumman in favor of the Town and could result in mitigating the Town's exposure to the counterclaim.

C. Litigation

The Town is subject to a number of lawsuits in the ordinary conduct of its affairs. The Town does not believe, however, that such suits, individually or in the aggregate, are likely to have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the Town, beyond those already recorded.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2023

4. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (continued)

C. Litigation (continued)

Housing Discrimination Litigation

In April 2014, the federal government commenced a civil action against the Town and former Supervisor, alleging that the Town's Next Generation and Golden Age housing programs (collectively, the Housing Programs) were discriminatory and in violation of, inter alia, the Fair Housing Act inasmuch as the Housing Programs had an alleged disparate impact upon African Americans. The federal government's allegations were and remain based upon statistics only, and, significantly, do not contain any indicia that the Housing Programs were intentionally designed and implemented with a discriminatory intent.

More specifically, according to the complaint, the federal government alleges that the Town's Housing Programs have a discriminatory effect because (1) the Housing Programs gave priority to Town residents and relatives of Town residents and (2) the eligible population in the Town happens to include a smaller percentage of African Americans than the eligible populations of New York City and Nassau and Suffolk Counties. In the Town's response to the complaint, the Town has argued, among other things, that the Fair Housing Act prohibits intentional discrimination only; that a disparate impact claim based solely on, and statistics are legally insufficient; and that notwithstanding the foregoing points, the Fair Housing Act does not require municipalities to engage in "racial balancing" as the federal government seeks.

The federal government seeks a declaration that the Housing Programs violated the Fair Housing Act, an injunction to enjoin the Town and its employees from engaging in discrimination on the basis of race, orders for the Town to take steps to prevent discriminatory conduct, insignificant civil penalties, and unspecified damages related to the financial position of the Town. The Town has vigorously defended against this action.

A stay was placed on the action pending the resolution of an unrelated court proceeding. That stay which was in effect for most of 2019 was lifted, and since 2020 the United States District Court Magistrate Judge has had conferences with the parties in an attempt to settle the matter. Discovery is proceeding.

In a related matter, on December 17, 2015, the State, through its Division of Human Rights brought a similar lawsuit under the New York State Human Rights Law in Nassau County Supreme Court. The complaint makes almost identical statistically based allegations of discrimination as those set forth in the federal government's action. Discovery is proceeding.

Tax Assessment Litigation

This action was served upon the Town on April 27, 2018, and seeks, among other forms of relief, that the named defendants, which includes the County of Nassau and the Town, make an unspecified refund to the plaintiff, New York American Water Company, Inc., for plaintiff's alleged overpayment in taxes resulting from the County's allegedly erroneous method by which certain property was assessed for taxation purposes. Because the County is responsible for the assessment of properties within the County, the Town believes at this early juncture that the complaint does not state a cause of action against the Town. Several of the defendants have moved to dismiss the plaintiff's complaint. On February 15, 2019, the assigned justice rendered a decision granting, in part, the County of Nassau's motion to dismiss and granting, in full, the North Shore Central School District's motion to dismiss. Based upon the reasoning contained in the justice's decision, the Town made a similar motion to dismiss. On May 21, 2019, Justice Jeffrey Brown granted the Town's motion to dismiss in full.

Separately, New York American Water served similar actions in 2019, 2020, 2021, 2022 and 2023 to challenge Nassau County's assessments. However, because the Court granted the motions to dismiss in the 2018 action, the parties have agreed to hold the 2019-2023 actions in abeyance pending resolution of any appeals of the 2018 motions to dismiss. New York American Water failed to perfect an appeal of the 2018 decision. In late 2022, the entire action was dismissed, a decision which is presently before the Court for reargument and for appeal.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2023

4. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (continued)

C. Litigation (continued)

Sanitation Assessment Matters

For several years, there has been litigation involving the assessment of property owned by utilities and telephone carriers by various sanitation districts. In short, the courts found such assessments to be improper, as the infrastructure (i.e., phone lines, gas lines, water pipes, utility poles) of said entities did not generate garbage and should have therefore been exempt from the related assessments. The Courts have held that the Town was obligated to first compensate the utilities for the amounts paid by them, but that the County of Nassau, pursuant to the "County Guaranty" provision of the Nassau County Administrative Code, must then compensate the Town.

There are two actions pending in Nassau County Supreme Court, *MCImetro v. Town of Oyster Bay, et al.* and *New York American Water v. Town of Oyster Bay, et al.*, wherein the plaintiffs seek, respectively, reimbursement for taxes paid in certain Sanitation and Solid Waste Districts over a period of several years. The exposure on the MCImetro case is approximately \$150,000, and the New York American Water matter is approximately \$25,000.

Once the Town pays the judgment and/or settlement, it can seek payment from the County of Nassau for the same amounts.

The Town has recorded \$196,000 at December 31, 2019 in the government-wide statements as other litigation payable for this liability.

Frank M. Flower & Sons, Inc. – Flower Counterclaims

In June 2023, the Town brought suit against Frank M. Flower & Sons, Inc. (Flower), alleging that Flower breached its lease due to numerous factors, including dredging of Oyster Bay beyond the boundaries of a 1994 lease; failure to mark the boundaries as required under the leasehold; failure to seed hatchery produced clams; and other violations of the lease.

In June 2024, Flower served an Amended Complaint with Counterclaims. Flower alleges breach of lease in failing to negotiate a renewal of the 1994 lease, expiring in 2024; preventing Flower from performing aquacultural activities in certain areas contemplated within the lease; unjust enrichment due to Flower not having unfettered access to the areas under the lease; and a claim of a right to any remaining aquaculture existing in the leased areas after the expiration of the lease. The Amended Complaint with Counterclaims was improperly filed and is legally without effect. Counsel for Flower has conceded this point and will seek judicial permission to file the Amended Complaint. No specific dollar amount is sought in the Counterclaims, but merely alleges damages as a result of non-renewal of the lease agreement and the value of any aquaculture existing in the leased areas following expiration of the agreement.

Substantively, the Town asserts that the Counterclaims lack merit. In New York, there is no obligation of a party to renew a lease for aquacultural activities. The Town further disputes any right of Flower to the clams or oysters remaining in the leased areas after expiration of the agreement. As to the claim of inability of Flower to perform its activities in certain areas during the leasehold, the Town disputes this claim, as such inability resulted from numerous causes during the thirty-year lease. There are also considerations of the relevant statutes of limitations of such a claim at this late juncture.

The Office of the Town Attorney cannot predict the outcome of the pending litigations, motions, indemnification claim, or appeal described above, or whether any additional litigation against the Town or its officers or officials will be initiated. However, in the event that there is a judgment entered against the Town for money damages, the Local Finance Law permits the Town to issue bonds or notes to fund such a judgment.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2023

4. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (continued)

D. Intermunicipal Agreements

The Town is party to a number of Inter-municipal Agreements as follows:

The Town contracts with the Town of Hempstead (TOH) for the purpose of the management and operation of the Hempstead – Oyster Bay Community Hall and Swimming Pool by the Department of Parks and Recreation of the TOH. The agreement may be renewed for a period of 5 years or less by adoption of each Town. All payments by the Town to the district are current and recorded in Park Districts Fund.

The Town pays Water Districts/Utilities for rental of fire hydrants in various fire protection areas. The costs of these contracts are recorded in each Fire Protection Districts Fund. These agreements are on a calendar year term and totaled approximately \$335,000 for 2023.

The Town pays Villages/Fire Companies for fire protection for residents of fire protection areas and for certain Town facilities. The costs of these contracts of approximately \$7.8 million are recorded in the Fire Protection Districts Fund. These agreements are typically on a calendar year term and include associated costs for various length of service award programs. See Note 3.H for further details.

The Town is participating in the New York Rising grant program and is administering the program which includes work for the Village of Massapequa Park and the Massapequa Fire Department. The grant is reported in the Special Grant Fund.

The Town provides access to Town fuel pumps for various local municipalities and the revenue from the sales for the year 2023 was approximately \$368,000 and recorded in the General Fund.

The Town extends its purchasing power and lends its work force to local municipalities to cover such additional needs such as salt and sand for roads, street lighting maintenance, harbormaster patrols, registrar of vital statistics and dog warden. The fees for these goods and services are reported in the respective funds where the costs were incurred.

E. Landfill Closure and Post-Closure Care Costs

State and federal laws and regulations require the Town to place a final cover on its landfill sites and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the sites for thirty years after closure. The Syosset Landfill stopped receiving waste in 1975 and the Old Bethpage Landfill stopped receiving waste in 1986. Based on monitoring by the EPA, post-closure care costs for the Syosset Landfill were estimated to continue until 2033. In 1994, the Old Bethpage Landfill was determined to have to continue post-closure care maintenance and monitoring until 2025. If the EPA determines the landfill to be remediated before the thirty years are complete, the liability for post-closure care costs will be reduced. Likewise, if the EPA determines that additional post-closure care costs are needed, the liability may increase. As of December 31, 2023, the annual monitoring and post-closure care costs are expected to be approximately \$370,000 per year and Town has recorded a liability of \$1,700,000, which represents the provision to be made in future budgets for unfunded closure and post-closure landfill costs. Actual costs may vary due to inflation or deflation, changes in technology, or changes in regulations or applicable laws.

F. Federal and State Grants

The Town has received grants, which are subject to audit by agencies of the state and federal governments. Such audits may result in disallowances and a request for a return of funds. Based on prior audits, the Town's administration believes disallowances, if any, will be immaterial.

G. Construction and Other Capital Acquisition Commitments

Construction in progress commitments for equipment purchases and other capital acquisition commitments amounting to \$24,917,068 have been recorded as encumbrances in the Capital Projects Fund. It is anticipated that these projects will be paid for by the issuance of general obligation bonds.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2023

4. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (continued)

H. Service Concession Arrangement / Public-Private Partnerships (PPP)

The Town entered into an agreement with Lessing's, Inc. (Lessing's) to use and operate the Mansion at Oyster Bay (catering facility), Clubhouse Grille (restaurant), and the halfway and breakfast house stands at the Honorable Joseph Colby Town of Oyster Bay Golf Course. The agreement conveys to Lessing's the right, through license to provide future repairs, improvements and modifications to the facilities, related storage buildings and grounds and to operate and maintain those facilities for a period of twenty years unless extended. The Town has the right to approve the type of services Lessing's may provide and the fees that may be charged to the public. Lessing's was required to make an up-front concession fee of \$2,000,000. The Town will recognize revenue from monthly license fees that start at \$42,500 per month and increase annually by 3%. The guaranteed base rent for twenty years is \$13,703,892, of which \$601,576 was recognized in 2023 as departmental income in the General Fund.

The Town Board approved a modification to the agreement in 2021 to extend \$229,318 of the lease payments for a two-year period. Lessing's will make 24 additional payments. This receivable is recorded for the current year in the General Fund on the fund level as receivable-service concession arrangement for \$57,389.

The present value of the installments, computed at the discount rate of 1.0%, to be paid after the upfront payment has been liquidated is \$9,359,677 and have been reported in the Statement of Net Position as a receivable-service concession arrangement and an increase in the deferred inflow of resources-service concession arrangement. The Town is also entitled to a 15% share of operator gross receipts over \$6,000,000 annually, which will be recognized as earned. The Town has made no guarantees or commitments to Lessing's, who assumes all risk in the operation of the facilities.

Lessing's has agreed to provide various capital improvements to the facility. The improvements that increase the capacity or efficiency of the facility will be capitalized by the Town at acquisition value once construction is completed. Title to the facilities and all fixed improvements rests with the Town. Lessing's will return the premises back to the Town in its original condition at the end of the lease, so the Town will not recognize depreciation on the existing assets throughout the term of the agreement.

Should the Town terminate the agreement with Lessing's prior to the end of the original term, Lessing's is entitled to actual certified costs of construction after the contract effective date (June 1, 2017) less 5% for each year or part of a year since completion. Lessing's would also receive the balance of the advanced concession fee and any lost profits on events booked prior to receipt of notice of termination.

5. DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS

Complete financial statements of the individual component units can be obtained from their respective administrative offices:

Major discretely presented component units:

Bethpage Water District H 25 Adams Avenue 4 Bethpage, N.Y. 11714 H

Locust Valley Water District 226 Buckram Road Locust Valley, N.Y. 11560

Plainview Water District 10 Manetto Hill Road Plainview, N.Y. 11803 Hicksville Water District 4 Dean Street Hicksville, N.Y. 11802

Massapequa Water District 84 Grand Avenue Massapequa, N.Y. 11758

South Farmingdale Water District 40 Langdon Road

Farmingdale, N.Y. 11735

Nonmajor discretely presented component units:

Glenwood - Glenhead Garbage District P.O. Box 181

Glenwood Landing, N.Y. 11547

Oyster Bay Sewer District 15 Bay Avenue Oyster Bay, N.Y. 11771 Syosset Sanitation District P.O. Box 14

Jericho Water District

125 Convent Road

Syosset, N.Y. 11791

Syosset, N.Y. 11791

Oyster Bay Water District 45 Audrey Avenue Oyster Bay, N.Y. 11771

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2023

6. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Debt Issuance

On March 7, 2024, the Town of Oyster Bay issued water district notes in the amount of \$165,857,495. The bond anticipation notes will mature on March 7, 2025 and bear an interest rate of 3.10%. The proceeds of the bond anticipation notes along with \$10,868,765 in available funds were used to redeem and renew in part \$151,170,715 of bond anticipation notes that matured on March 8, 2024 and provided \$14,686,780 of new monies for capital projects related to water districts.

7. PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT

As a result of the implementation of GASB Statement No. 96, intangible SBITAs right-to-use assets and Subscription-Based IT Arrangement liability were recorded as beginning balances. There was no impact on beginning net position. The amounts recorded were increases to the following financial statements accounts:

	Governmental Activities
Capital assets: SBITAs right-to-use asset	\$1,880,686
Long-term liabilities: Subscription-Based IT	
Arrangement liability	1,880,686

8. NEW PRONOUNCEMENTS

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has issued the following Statements:

Statement No. 99, "Omnibus 2022", The requirements related to financial guarantees and the classification and reporting of derivative instruments within the scope of Statement 53 are effective the year ending December 31, 2024.

Statement No. 100, "Accounting Changes and Error Corrections- an amendment to GASB Statement No. 62", this Statement has been issued to enhance accounting and improve financial reporting related to accounting changes and error corrections. The requirements of this Statement are effective for the year ending December 31, 2024.

Statement No. 101, "Compensated Absences", this Statement has been issued to enhance recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences under a unified model and by amending certain previously required disclosures. The requirements of this Statement are effective for the year ending December 31, 2024.

Statement No. 102, "Certain Risk Disclosures", this Statement has been issued to provide users of government financial statements with essential information about risks related to a government's vulnerabilities due to certain concentrations or constraints. The requirements of this Statement are effective for the year ending December 31, 2025.

Statement No. 103, "Financial Reporting Model Improvements", this Statement has been issued to improve key components of the financial reporting model to enhance its effectiveness in providing information that is essential for decision making and assessing a government's accountability. The requirements of this Statement are effective for the year ending December 31, 2026.

The Town is currently evaluating the impact of the above pronouncements.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION OTHER THAN MD&A

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

In order to show the full legal level of budgetary compliance for the General Fund and certain Special Revenue Funds, detailed individual Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual, are presented in a separate budget report. Town Comptroller – Town of Oyster Bay (oysterbaytown.com)

Budgets for the General Fund and certain Special Revenue Funds are legally adopted for each fiscal year. The budgets are adopted on a basis of accounting consistent with GAAP, except that appropriations authorized for the current year are increased by the amount of encumbrances carried forward from the prior years. The Capital Projects Fund and Special Grant Fund are budgeted on a project or grant basis.

GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN

FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For The Year Ended December 31, 2023

				Variance
	Original	Final		with
	Budget	Budget	Actual	Final Budget
REVENUES				
REAL PROPERTY TAXES				
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 59,180,168	\$ 59,180,168	\$ 59,583,671	\$ 403,503
Ad valorem taxes (Long Island Power Authority)			73,172	73,172
Total Real Property Taxes	59,180,168	59,180,168	59,656,843	476,675
OTHER REAL PROPERTY TAX ITEMS				
Payment in lieu of taxes	1,800,328	1,800,328	2,052,400	252,072
Interest and penalty on taxes	1,700,000	1,700,000	1,561,701	(138,299)
Total Other Real Property Tax Items	3,500,328	3,500,328	3,614,101	113,773
NON-PROPERTY TAX ITEMS				
Franchise fees	5,300,000	5,300,000	5,126,148	(173,852)
Total Non-Property Tax Items	5,300,000	5,300,000	5,126,148	(173,852)
DEPARTMENTAL INCOME				
Town Clerk fees	500,000	500,000	511,448	11,448
Attorney fees	20,000	20,000	44,835	24,835
Other general departmental income	6,000	6,000	11,700	5,700
Public pound charge dog fees	5,000	5,000	12,683	7,683
Recreation fees	1,500,000	1,500,000	1,719,085	219,085
Community service fees	600,000	600,000	840,598	240,598
Recreational concessions	1,150,000	1,150,000	1,031,538	(118,462)
Beach, pool, golf fees	4,000,000	4,000,000	4,160,793	160,793
Boat basin fees	200,000	200,000	192,937	(7,063)
Dock storage leases	700,000	700,000	744,375	44,375
T.11D	0.004.000	0.004.000	0.000.000	
Total Departmental Income	8,681,000	8,681,000	9,269,992	588,992
INTERGOVERNMENTAL CHARGES				
Dog pound facilities, other governments	200	200	748	548
Services other governments	5,000	5,000	1,618,353	1,613,353
Nassau County local government assistance	16,000,000	16,050,000	14,556,313	(1,493,687)
Total Intergovernmental Charges	16,005,200	16,055,200	16,175,414	120,214
USE OF MONEY AND PROPERTY				
Interest and earnings	100,505	7,765,705	8,543,781	778,076
Rental of real property	1,400,000	1,400,000	499,948	(900,052)
Rental of real property Rental of equipment	35,000	35,000	37,863	2,863
Lease/License payments collected	55,550	00,000	1,870,384	1,870,384
Total Use of Money and Property	1,535,505	9,200,705	10,951,976	1,751,271
rotal obe of Money and Property	1,000,000	0,200,100	10,001,010	1,101,211

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GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN

FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

				Variance
	Original	Final		with
	Budget	Budget	Actual	Final Budget
LICENSES AND PERMITS				
Games of chance	\$ 150	\$ 150	\$ 120	\$ (30)
Bingo licenses	300	300	345	45
Dog licenses	12,000	12,000	8,901	(3,099)
Road opening permits	250,000	250,000	351,200	101,200
Total Licenses and Permits	262,450	262,450	360,566	98,116
FINES AND FORFEITURES				
Court fines	150,000	150,000	520,679	370,679
Fines and penalties - dog cases	500	500	570	70
Total Fines and Forfeitures	150,500	150,500	521,249	370,749
SALE OF PROPERTY AND COMPENSATION FOR LOSS				
Sale of scrap and excess material	1,000	1,000	136,422	135,422
Sale of surplus equipment	1,000	1,000		(1,000)
Insurance recoveries	79,169	579,169	769,798	190,629
Other compensation for loss			100,000	100,000
Total Sale of Property and Compensation for Loss	81,169	581,169	1,006,220	425,051
MISCELLANEOUS LOCAL SOURCES				
Refund of prior year expenditures	483,000	106,445	136,831	30,386
Gifts and donations			32,455	32,455
AIM related payment	1,682,422			
Miscellaneous revenue	1,550,000	1,652,145	1,725,959	73,814
Total Miscellaneous Local Sources	3,715,422	1,758,590	1,895,245	136,655
INTERFUND REVENUES Total Interfund Revenues	32,379,334	32,531,321	34,278,831 34,278,831	1,747,510
STATE AID				
Revenue sharing		1,682,422	1,682,422	
Mortgage tax	14,000,000	14,310,000	9,658,932	(4,651,068)
Other			88,058	88,058
Mental health	100,000	100,000	252,725	152,725
Youth program	65,000	65,000	65,000	
Emergency disaster assistance			1,605	1,605
Total State Aid	14,165,000	16,157,422	11,748,742	(4,408,680)
FEDERAL AID				
Other		3,400,416	3,400,416	
Culture and recreation		99,377	99,377	
Emergency disaster assistance			14,445	14,445
Home and community		2,888,952	2,894,465	5,513
Total Federal Aid	-0-	6,388,745	6,408,703	19,958
Total Revenue	144,956,076	159,747,598	161,014,030	1,266,432
		114		(continued)

GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN

FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Original	Final		Encum-	Variance with
	Budget	Budget	Actual	brances	Final Budget
EXPENDITURES					
CURRENT:					
GENERAL GOVERNMENT SUPPORT					
Town Board	\$ 1,968,325	\$ 2,195,625	\$ 2,181,458		\$ 14,167
Executive	1,527,100	1,638,600	1,633,929		4,671
Comptroller	6,597,353	6,678,703	6,132,203	\$ 52,477	494,023
Receiver of Taxes	1,766,320	1,824,320	1,772,299	1,677	50,344
Inspector General	406,500	291,500	150,552		140,948
Town Clerk	1,521,300	1,629,600	1,600,613		28,987
Town Attorney	4,593,700	4,343,700	4,145,311	18,565	179,824
Human resources	1,141,485	1,146,485	957,605		188,880
Public works	2,176,580	2,217,580	2,211,519		6,061
General services	8,008,154	8,882,154	8,671,792	11,206	199,156
Central vehicle maintenance	12,018,145	11,948,603	11,308,635	43,048	596,920
Other general government support	5,445,580	6,169,580	5,089,018	162,717	917,845
Other general government support (ARPA)		3,400,416	3,400,416		
Unallocated insurance					
and payment for losses	1,645,008	2,151,721	1,141,884		1,009,837
Total General Government Support	48,815,550	54,518,587	50,397,234	289,690	3,831,663
PUBLIC SAFETY					
Public safety	4,919,361	5,702,424	5,646,915	14,600	40,909
Animal shelter	1,192,549	1,649,649	1,566,273	8,466	74,910
Total Public Safety	6,111,910	7,352,073	7,213,188	23,066	115,819
ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE AND OPPORTUNITY					
Publicity	35,000	62,000	50,067		11,933
Total Farancia Assistance and Opportunity	25.000	62,000	E0.067		44.022
Total Economic Assistance and Opportunity	35,000	62,000	50,067	-0-	11,933
CULTURE AND RECREATION					
Community and youth services	6,279,871	6,281,871	6,079,333		202,538
Parks, recreation, beaches	15,801,303	17,600,289	17,434,383	5,126	160,780
Culture and recreation other		99,377	99,377		
Total Culture and Recreation	22,081,174	23,981,537	23,613,093	5,126	363,318
HOME AND COMMUNITY SERVICES					
Environmental control	2,185,455	2,390,055	2,195,883		194,172
Housing authority	20,000	20,000	14,500		5,500
Intergovernmental affairs	1,023,000	1,023,000	901,734		121,266
Home and community other (ARPA)		2,888,953	2,888,953		
Total Home and Community Services	3,228,455	6,322,008	6,001,070	-0-	320,938
,	, .,				-
					(continued)

GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN

FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

					Variance
	Original	Final		Encum-	with
	Budget	Budget	Actual	brances	Final Budget
EMPLOYEE BENEFITS					
State Employees' Retirement System	\$ 8,030,000	\$ 7,864,388	\$ 7,184,429		\$ 679,959
Social security	3,650,000	4,104,412	4,101,501		2,911
Workers' compensation	713,000	661,719	608,556		53,163
Disability benefits	6,000	6,000			6,000
Unemployment benefits	51,000	51,000	13,680		37,320
Hospital, medical and dental	18,550,000	20,503,822	19,835,852		667,970
Total Employee Benefits	31,000,000	33,191,341	31,744,018	-0-	1,447,323
Total Current	111,272,089	125,427,546	119,018,670	317,882	6,090,994
DEBT SERVICE					
Debt principal:					
Bond anticipation notes		1,190,000	1,190,000		
Subscription-based IT arrangements		550,000	548,960		1,040
Lease	25,000	25,000	11,171		13,829
Debt interest:	,	,	•		,
Bond anticipation notes		1,418,000	1,417,551		449
Subscription-based IT arrangements		54,000	53,027		973
Total Debt Service	25,000	3,237,000	3,220,709	-0-	16,291
Total Expenditures	111,297,089	128,664,546	122,239,379	317,882	6,107,285
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures	33,658,987	31,083,052	38,774,651	(317,882)	7,373,717
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in:					
Debt service fund		2,700,000	2,704,000		4,000
Transfers out:					
Debt service fund	(34,025,599)	(32,649,664)	(32,539,105)		110,559
Capital projects fund		(1,500,000)	(1,500,000)		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(34,025,599)	(31,449,664)	(31,335,105)	-0-	114,559
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (366,612)	\$ (366,612)	7,439,546	\$ (317,882)	\$ 7,488,276
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year			34,201,390		
Fund Balance at End of Year			\$41,640,936		

HIGHWAY FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
REVENUES				
REAL PROPERTY TAXES				
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 50,536,530	\$ 50,536,530	\$50,536,526	\$ (4)
Ad valorem taxes (Long Island Power Authority)			88,054	88,054
Total Real Property Taxes	50,536,530	50,536,530	50,624,580	88,050
OTHER REAL PROPERTY TAX ITEMS				
Payment in lieu of taxes	3,000,000	3,000,000	2,562,876	(437,124)
r dymone in ned or taxee	0,000,000	0,000,000	2,002,010	(107,121)
Total Other Real Property Tax Items	3,000,000	3,000,000	2,562,876	(437,124)
DEPARTMENTAL INCOME				
Public safety cleanup	500,000	500,000	125,931	(374,069)
Charges demolition of unsafe buildings	100,000	100,000	167,442	67,442
Other transportation	100,000	100,000	133,333	33,333
Total Departmental Income	700,000	700,000	426,706	(273,294)
INTERGOVERNMENTAL CHARGES				
Nassau County local government assistance			400,000	400,000
Services other governments			8,622	8,622
g				
Total Intergovernmental Charges	-0-	-0-	408,622	408,622
USE OF MONEY AND PROPERTY				
Interest and earnings	2,000,000	2,000,000	691,452	(1,308,548)
Rental of real property			3	3
Total Use of Money and Property	2,000,000	2,000,000	691,455	(1,308,545)
MISCELLANEOUS LOCAL SOURCES				
Refund of prior year expenditures			77,855	77,855
Miscellaneous revenue	20,323	20,323	26,487	6,164
Total Miscellaneous Local Sources	20,323	20,323	104,342	84,019
STATE AID				
Emergency disaster assistance			126,227	126,227
Total State Aid	-0-	-0-	126,227	126,227
EEDEDAL AID				
FEDERAL AID			4 400 040	4 400 040
Emergency disaster assistance			1,136,040	1,136,040
Total Federal Aid		-0-	1,136,040	1,136,040
Total Revenues	56,256,853	56,256,853	56,080,848	(176,005)

HIGHWAY FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	roi ille i	real Ellueu Dece	ilibel 31, 2023		
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Encum- brances	Variance with Final Budget
EXPENDITURES					
CURRENT:					
TRANSPORTATION					
Maintenance of streets	\$ 15,213,013	\$ 15,340,393	\$ 15,259,410	\$ 1,193	\$ 79,790
Machinery	3,597,708	3,688,606	3,688,606		
Snow removal	1,984,528	1,200,848	725,092	111,080	364,676
Total Transportation	20,795,249	20,229,847	19,673,108	112,273	444,466
EMPLOYEE BENEFITS					
State Employee Retirement System	1,500,000	1,497,500	1,461,415		36,085
Social security	700,000	712,000	711,225		775
Workers' compensation	500,000	719,015	719,015		
Disability benefits	1,000	1,000			1,000
Unemployment benefits	1,000	1,000			1,000
Hospital, medical and dental	4,200,000	4,825,474	4,824,585		889
Total Employee Benefits	6,902,000	7,755,989	7,716,240	-0-	39,749
Total Current	27,697,249	27,985,836	27,389,348	112,273	484,215
DEBT SERVICE:					
Debt interest:					
Bond anticipation notes		926,000	925,294		706
Total Debt Service	-0-	926,000	925,294	-0-	706
Total Expenditures	27,697,249	28,911,836	28,314,642	112,273	484,921
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	28,559,604	27,345,017	27,766,206	(112,273)	308,916
Over (Grader) Experientares	20,000,004	27,040,017		(112,270)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in: Debt service fund		1,792,587	1,960,401		167,814
Transfers out:	(20 564 404)	(07 620 404)	(07 620 275)		940
Debt service fund	(28,561,194)	(27,639,194)	(27,638,375)		819
Capital projects fund		(1,500,000)	(1,500,000)		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(28,561,194)	(27,346,607)	(27,177,974)	-0-	168,633
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (1,590)	\$ (1,590)	588,232	\$ (112,273)	\$ 477,549
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year			18,570,063		
Fund Balance at End of Year			\$ 19,158,295		

GARBAGE COLLECTION DISTRICTS

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For The Year Ended December 31, 2023

					Variance
		Original	Final		with
		Budget	Budget	Actual	Final Budget
REVENUES					
REAL PROPERTY TAXES					
Ad valorem taxes		\$ 62,961,753	\$ 62,961,753	\$ 62,961,754	\$ 1
	Total Real Property Taxes	62,961,753	62,961,753	62,961,754	1
OTHER REAL PROPERTY	'TAX ITEMS				
Payment in lieu of taxes		1,087	1,322,856	1,260,890	(61,966)
То	otal Other Real Property Tax Items	1,087	1,322,856	1,260,890	(61,966)
USE OF MONEY AND PRO	OPERTY				
Interest and earnings			555,000	555,063	63
	Total Use of Money and Property	-0-	555,000	555,063	63_
	Total Revenues	62,962,840	64,839,609	64,777,707	(61,902)

(continued)

GARBAGE COLLECTION DISTRICTS

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	1 01	THE TEAL LINGER	December 51, 20	123			
	0	E		_	Variance		
	Original	Final	A -4l	Encum-	with		
EXPENDITURES	Budget	Budget	Actual	brances	Final Budget		
CURRENT:							
CORRENT.							
HOME AND COMMUNITY SERVICES							
Sanitation	\$ 44,339,235	\$ 44,256,283	\$ 44,161,221	\$ 20,440	\$ 74,622		
		· <u>- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·</u>					
Total Home and Community Services	44,339,235	44,256,283	44,161,221	20,440	74,622		
EMPLOYEE BENEFITS							
State Employee Retirement System	3,300,000	3,046,500	3,043,399		3,101		
Social security	1,450,000	1,652,000	1,651,057		943		
Workers' compensation	3,650,000	4,490,453	4,490,453				
Disability benefits	1,000	1,000			1,000		
Unemployment benefits	1,000	1,000			1,000		
Hospital, medical and dental	7,750,000	9,122,769	9,122,323		446		
Total Employee Benefits	16,152,000	18,313,722	18,307,232		6,490		
Total Current	60 404 225	62 570 005	62 469 452	20.440	91 110		
Total Current	60,491,235	62,570,005	62,468,453	20,440	81,112		
DEBT SERVICE:							
Debt interest:							
Bond anticipation notes		80,900	80,803		97		
Total Debt Service	-0-	80,900	80,803	-0-	97		
Total Expenditures	60,491,235	62,650,905	62,549,256	20,440	81,209		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over (Under) Expenditures	2,471,605	2,188,704	2,228,451	(20,440)	19,307		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES))						
Transfers in:							
Debt service fund		202,100	203,529		1,429		
Transfers out:					_		
Debt service fund	(2,559,744)	(2,478,943)	(2,478,940)		3		
Total Other Financing Sources (Llees)	(2.550.744)	(2 276 942)	(2 275 411)	0	1 422		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(2,559,744)	(2,276,843)	(2,275,411)	-0-	1,432		
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (88,139)	\$ (88,139)	(46,960)	\$ (20,440)	\$ 20,739		
. J	. (52,100)	. (55,150)	(, /	. (==, : : 0)			
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year			7,650,933				
-							
Fund Balance at End of Year			\$ 7,603,973				

SOLID WASTE DISPOSAL DISTRICT

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For The Year Ended December 31, 2023

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
DEVENUES			7 totadi	
REVENUES REAL PROPERTY TAXES				
Ad valorem taxes	\$13,487,748	\$13,487,748	\$13,487,748	\$ -0-
Total Real Property Taxes	13,487,748	13,487,748	13,487,748	-0-
OTHER REAL PROPERTY TAX ITEMS				
Payment in lieu of taxes	500,151	500,151	592,999	92,848
Total Other Real Property Tax Items	500,151	500,151	592,999	92,848
DEPARTMENTAL INCOME				
Refuse and garbage charges	12,320,000	12,320,000	11,167,811	(1,152,189)
Total Departmental Income	12,320,000	12,320,000	11,167,811	(1,152,189)
INTERGOVERNMENTAL CHARGES				
Refuse and garbage charges - other governments			17,757	17,757
Total Intergovernmental Charges	-0-	-0-	17,757	17,757
USE OF MONEY AND PROPERTY				
Interest and earnings		210,911	295,931	85,020
Total Use of Money and Property	-0-	210,911	295,931	85,020
SALE OF PROPERTY AND				
COMPENSATION FOR LOSS				
Sale of recyclable material			152,009	152,009
Total Sale of Property and Compensation for Loss		-0-	152,009	152,009
MISCELLANEOUS LOCAL SOURCES				
Refund of prior year expenditures			5,116	5,116
Total Miscellaneous Local Sources	-0-	-0-	5,116	5,116
Total Missonalissus Essai Sealises				
STATE AID				
Emergency disaster assistance			94,377	94,377
Other	150,000	150,000	30,063	(119,937)
Total State Aid	150,000	150,000	124,440	(25,560)
FEDERAL AID				
Emergency disaster assistance			849,393	849,393
Total Federal Aid	-0-	-0-	849,393	849,393
Total Revenues				
Total Revenues	26,457,899	26,668,810	26,693,204	24,394

121 (continued)

SOLID WASTE DISPOSAL DISTRICT

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	For the Year E	Ended Decembe	1 31, 2023			
						Variance
	Original	Final		Encum-		with
	 Budget	Budget	Actual	brances	_Fi	nal Budget
EXPENDITURES						
CURRENT:						
HOME AND COMMUNITY SERVICES						
Sanitation	\$ 22,855,874	\$22,120,657	\$20,260,062	\$ 362,041	\$	1,498,554
Total Home and Community Services	 22,855,874	22,120,657	20,260,062	 362,041		1,498,554
EMPLOYEE BENEFITS						
State Employee Retirement System	300,000	307,700	307,634			66
Social security	120,000	151,000	150,851			149
Workers' compensation	150,000	478,213	478,213			
Disability benefits	1,000	1,000				1,000
Unemployment benefits	1,000	1,000				1,000
Hospital, medical and dental	 1,080,000	1,659,115	1,658,854	 		261
Total Employee Benefits	 1,652,000	2,598,028	2,595,552	 -0-		2,476
Total Current	 24,507,874	24,718,685	22,855,614	362,041		1,501,030
DEBT SERVICE:						
Debt interest:						
Bond anticipation notes		69,200	69,137			63
·			,			
Total Debt Service	-0-	69,200	69,137	-0-		63
Total Expenditures	24,507,874	24,787,885	22,924,751	362,041		1,501,093
·	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,					
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures	 1,950,025	1,880,925	3,768,453	 (362,041)		1,525,487
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in:						
Debt service fund			83,065			83,065
Transfers out:						
Debt service fund	(2,080,192)	(2,011,092)	(2,011,055)			37
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 (2,080,192)	(2,011,092)	(1,927,990)	 -0-		83,102
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (130,167)	\$ (130,167)	1,840,463	\$ (362,041)	\$	1,608,589
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year			4,068,880			
Fund Balance at End of Year			\$ 5,909,343			
r and Balanco at End of Total			+ 0,000,040			

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE TOWN'S TOTAL OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

December 31, 2023

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Total OPEB Liability						
Service cost	\$ 10,317,924	\$ 26,425,156	\$ 25,332,873	\$ 15,944,809	\$ 11,087,938	\$ 16,006,520
Interest	18,120,552	14,548,353	14,301,918	13,610,063	16,083,299	17,797,258
Difference between actual and expected experience	(83,426,003)		103,642,118		(98,297,011)	
Changes of assumptions and other inputs	59,271,258	(165,526,923)	1,267,437	55,323,404	95,483,731	(52,957,473)
Benefit payments	(13,516,589)	(17,251,572)	(14,935,728)	(13,652,375)	(12,020,247)	(13,856,455)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability	(9,232,858)	(141,804,986)	129,608,618	71,225,901	12,337,710	(33,010,150)
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning	546,582,396	688,387,382	558,778,764	487,552,863	475,215,153	508,225,303
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	\$537,349,538	\$546,582,396	\$688,387,382	\$558,778,764	\$487,552,863	\$475,215,153
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 79,738,870	\$ 79,983,910	\$ 74,758,564	\$ 77,855,164	\$ 73,219,397	\$ 75,752,158
Total OPEB liability as a percentage						
of covered-employee payroll	673.89%	683.37%	920.81%	717.72%	665.88%	627.33%

Notes to Schedule:

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since 2018 is the first year for this presentation, no other data, prior to 2018 is available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in GASB Statement No. 75, paragraph 4, to pay other postemployment benefits.

The Town currently contributed enough money to the plan to satisfy current obligations on a pay-as-you-go basis.

Plan Changes

Effective for year ended December 31, 2023 the retiree contribution level for retirees hired after December 31, 2016 has changed to be 0%, as with all other retirees.

Assumption Changes

The demographic assumptions have been updated to reflect the "<u>Development of Recommended Actuarial Assumptions</u>" for New York/SUNY GASB 75 Valuation prepared by the AON Hewitt in August 2022. The mortality table has been updated to reflect an updated projection scale.

Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect the effects of changes in the discount rate each period. The following are the discount rates used in each period:

Discount rate:	2023	3.26%
	2022	3.72%
	2021	2.06%
	2020	2.12%
	2019	2.74%
	2018	4.10%
	2017	3.44%
	0000	7.00/ 1 / 5.00/ : 0007
Trend rate:	2023	7.0% down to 5.0% in 2027
	2022	6.5% down to 5.0% in 2025
	2021	7.0% down to 5.0% in 2025
	2020	6.5% down to 5.0% in 2023
	2019	7.0% down to 5.0% in 2023

SCHEDULE OF PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS

December 31, 2023

			Contributions				Actual
	Contributions						
	Contractually	i	in Relation to the		as a Percentage		
Years Ending	Required	Cor	ntractually Required	Deficiency		Covered	of Covered
December 31,	Contributions		Contributions		(excess)	Payroll	Payroll
2023	\$ 11,131,147	\$	11,141,387	\$	(10,240)	\$ 88,779,878	12.55%
2022	10,747,958		12,179,763		(1,431,805)	85,258,135	14.29%
2021	13,451,121		13,460,979		(9,858)	84,179,176	15.99%
2020	11,991,996		11,999,717		(7,721)	79,989,989	15.00%
2019	12,079,858		12,084,434		(4,576)	81,140,236	14.89%
2018	12,270,798		12,282,602		(11,804)	77,611,752	15.83%
2017	13,671,247		13,177,601		493,646	78,717,049	16.74%
2016	14,097,142		11,502,635		2,594,507	86,642,362	13.28%
2015	15,112,830		10,327,189		4,785,641	87,297,307	11.83%
2014	16,227,162		9,980,533		6,246,629	81,871,351	12.19%

Note:

Contribution amounts presented for each year were determined as of December 31st with the contractually required contributions based on the amounts invoiced by the New York State Local Retirement System.

SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY / (ASSET) ${\sf LAST\ TEN\ FISCAL\ YEARS^{12}}$

	 2023	 2022 89	 2021 67	 2020 45	 2019
Town's proportion of the net pension liability / (asset)	0.2618470%	0.2638945%	0.2557856%	0.2797594%	0.2790976%
Town's proportionate share of the net					
collective pension liability / (asset)	\$ 56,150,552	\$ (21,572,284)	\$ 254,696	\$ 74,081,920	\$ 19,774,916
Town's covered payroll	\$ 85,752,082	\$ 80,724,976	\$ 81,808,479	\$ 78,367,255	\$ 80,599,210
Town's proportionate share of the					
net pension liability / (asset) as a percentage					
of its covered payroll	65.48%	-26.72%	0.31%	94.53%	24.53%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage					
of the total pension liability coming					
from Plan	90.78%	103.65%	99.95%	86.39%	96.27%

¹ Data not available prior to fiscal year 2015 implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions".

Note: This schedule is presented to illustrate the retirement for 10 years. However, until a full 10 year trend is compiled, the Town presents information for those years for which information is available.

² The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the March 31 measurement date within the current fiscal year.

³ The discount rate used to calculate the total pension liability was decreased from 7.5% to 7.0% effective with the March 31, 2016 measurement date.

⁴ The discount rate used to calculate the total pension liability was decreased from 7.0% to 6.8% effective with the March 31, 2020 measurement date.

⁵ Increase in proportionate share of the net pension liability mainly attributable to decrease in plan fiduciary net position due to investment losses.

 $^{6 \ \}text{The discount rate used to calculate the total pension liability was decreased from } 6.8\% \ to \ 5.9\% \ effective \ with the March 31, 2021 \ measurement \ date.$

⁷ Decrease in proportionate share of the net pension liability mainly attributable to ERS Statements change in assumption and difference in Projected and actual investments.

 $^{8 \ \}text{The discount rate used to calculate the total pension asset was } 5.9\% \ \text{at the March } 31,2022 \ \text{measurement date}.$

⁹ Decrease in proportionate share of the net pension liability mainly attributable to ERS Statements change in assumption and difference in Projected and actual investments.

 2018	2017		2016 ³		2015
0.3204051%		0.3345750%		0.3241518%	0.3185572%
\$ 10,340,898	\$	31,437,416	\$	52,027,268	\$ 10,761,642
\$ 76,989,796	\$	87,196,731	\$	87,987,807	\$ 82,956,655
13.43%		36.05%		59.13%	12.97%
98.24%		94.70%		90.70%	97.90%

SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE LENGTH OF SERVICE AWARD PROGRAM LIABILITY
SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE LENGTH OF SERVICE AWARD PROGRAM LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS
December 31, 2023

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (1) (2) (3) (4)

					ster Bay Fire tection District June 30,		
Measurement date			2023		2022	2021	 2020
Total program liability - end o	of year	\$	7,001,549	\$	7,096,474	\$ 10,328,205	\$ 9,064,225
Town's percentage share of t	the LOSAP liability at end of year		60.27%		60.27%	60.27%	55.06%
Town's proportionate share of	of the LOSAP liability at end of year	\$	3,747,149	\$	3,804,362	\$ 5,752,193	\$ 4,990,354
Expected average remaining of all participants	years of service		3		4	5	5
				Pro	enwood Fire tection District cember 31,		
Measurement date			2023		2022	2021	2020
Total program liability - end o	of year	\$	5,955,258	\$	5,636,952	\$ 8,780,752	\$ 8,376,051
Town's percentage share of t	the LOSAP liability at end of year		46.00%		46.00%	46.00%	46.00%
Town's proportionate share of	of the LOSAP liability at end of year	\$	2,739,421	\$	2,593,000	\$ 4,039,149	\$ 3,852,985
Expected average remaining of all participants	years of service		3		4	4	4
				Pro	ainview Fire tection District cember 31,		
Measurement date			2023		2022	2021	2020
Town's percentage share of t	the LOSAP liability at end of year		100.00%		100.00%	100.00%	100.00%
Total LOSAP Liability							
	Total LOSAP Liability - Beginning	\$	4,894,056	\$	7,346,843	\$ 6,797,018	\$ 5,503,329
Service cost Interest Changes of benefit terms			132,650 183,725 222		134,841 295,873	243,601 124,364	250,116 109,502
Difference between actual ar	nd expected experience		(50,080)		(86,450)	11,805	
Changes of assumptions and	•		245,105		(2,709,306)	249,205	993,611
Benefit payments and expens	ses Net Change in LOSAP Liability	-	(97,665) 413,957		(87,745) (2,452,787)	(79,150) 549,825	 (59,540) 1,293,689
	Total LOSAP Liability - Ending	\$	5,308,013	\$	4,894,056	\$ 7,346,843	\$ 6,797,018
Expected average remaining of all participants	_		3		4	5	5

Notes:

- (1) The schedules are intended to show LOSAP information for 10 years.
 - Additional years will be displayed as they become available. Plainview LOSAP sponsorship began 1/1/2020.
- (2) There is no covered payroll due to the fact that these are volunteer fire departments.
- (3) Benefits are determined based off service credits earned.

Trust Assets

(4) There are no assets accounted for in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 73 to pay related benefits.

Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect the effects of changes in the discount rate each period. The following are the discount rates used in each period:

		Oyster Bay Fire	Glenwood Fire	Plainview Fire
Discount rate:	2023	3.86%	3.79%	3.79%
	2022	3.69%	4.05%	4.05%
	2021	1.92%	1.84%	1.84%
	2020	2.45%	2.00%	2.00%
	2019	3.13%	2.75%	
	2018	3.62%	3.71%	
	2017	3.56%	3.31%	
Other Changes:				
	2019	None	Loading increased	d from 25%
			to 27% to fund de	ath benefit.

 2019	 2018	 2017
\$ 7,732,971	\$ 6,841,343	\$ 6,242,053
55.06%	55.06%	55.06%
\$ 4,257,427	\$ 3,766,536	\$ 3,436,594
6	9	7
2019	2018	2017
\$ 7,162,820	\$ 5,249,395	\$ 4,324,315
46.00%	46.00%	46.00%
\$ 3,294,898	\$ 2,414,722	\$ 1,989,186
4	6	7

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SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
Combining Balance Sheet	131-132
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	133-134
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance –	
Budget and Actual – Nonmajor Funds	
Town Outside Village	135-136
Drainage District	137-138
Park Districts	139-140
Fire Protection Districts	142
Lighting District	143-144
Public Parking District	145-146
Water District	147
Debt Service Fund	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance –	
Budget and Actual	148
244got and 7 total	
Fiduciary Funds Financial Statements	
Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	151
Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position	152
generally real grant gra	
Discretely Presented Nonmajor Component Units:	
Combining Statement of Net Position	155-156
Combining Statement of Activities	157-158

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

December 31, 2023

	Special Revenue Funds					
	Town Special			Drainage Park		
	Outside Village		Grants	District	Districts	
ASSETS						
Cash and investments	\$	6,663,129		\$ 1,560,239	\$ 8,734,440	
Restricted cash and investments	*	84,219	\$ 488,631	Ų .,000, <u>2</u> 00	58,223	
Accounts receivable, net of allowances		, ,	,		,	
for doubtful accounts of \$13,134		36,125		10,939	68,676	
Due from other funds						
State and federal aid receivables			2,375,158			
Due from other governments		9				
Lease receivables					52,924	
Inventory of material and supplies						
Total Assets	\$	6,783,482	\$ 2,863,789	\$ 1,571,178	\$ 8,914,263	
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURC AND FUND BALANCES	ES					
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable and other accrued liabilities	\$	2,677,587	\$ 1,344,988	\$ 42,302	\$ 2,931,089	
Deposits payable		1,768,606				
Due to other governments			655,265			
Due to other funds						
Unearned revenues			121,412			
Total Liabilities		4,446,193	2,121,665	42,302	2,931,089	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Lease related					51,566	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		-0-		-0-	51,566	
FUND BALANCES						
Nonspendable						
Restricted		84,219	742,124		58,223	
Assigned		2,253,070		1,528,876	5,873,385	
Unassigned (deficit)						
Total Fund Balances		2,337,289	742,124	1,528,876	5,931,608	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources						
and Fund Balances	\$	6,783,482	\$ 2,863,789	\$ 1,571,178	\$ 8,914,263	

See independent auditor's report.

Fire		Public		Total
Protection	Lighting	Parking	Water	Nonmajor
Districts	District	District	District	Funds
\$ 726,594	\$ 1,908,779	\$ 4,458,906	\$ 26,050	\$24,078,137
9,353,979		1,591		9,986,643
	4,584	4,272		124,596
				2,375,158
	543			552
				52,924
	392,109			392,109
\$10,080,573	\$ 2,306,015	\$ 4,464,769	\$ 26,050	\$37,010,119
\$ 672,466	\$ 175,615	\$ 160,468		\$ 8,004,515
,	. ,			1,768,606
				655,265
628,070				628,070
				121,412
1,300,536	175,615	160,468	-0-	11,177,868
				51,566
-0-		-0-		51,566
	392,109			392,109
9,353,979		1,591		10,240,136
	1,738,291	4,302,710	\$ 26,050	15,722,382
(573,942)				(573,942)
8,780,037	2,130,400	4,304,301	26,050	25,780,685
\$10,080,573	\$ 2,306,015	\$ 4,464,769	\$ 26,050	\$37,010,119

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	Special Revenue Funds						
	Town Special Outside Village Grants		Drainaga		Dork		
			Special Grants		Drainage		Park
	Outsi	de village		Jianis	District		Districts
REVENUES							
Real property taxes	\$	100,141			\$ 1,645,989	9	\$25,278,689
Other real property tax items		14,846			139,266	6	1,467,809
Departmental income	9	9,913,242					743,802
Intergovernmental charges	;	3,750,000					1,250,000
Use of money and property		18,339			58,210	0	380,528
Miscellaneous local sources		50,002	\$	121,323	8,529	9	1,719
Federal aid			7,	183,992			
Total Revenues	1'	3,846,570	7	305,315	1,851,994	1	29,122,547
EXPENDITURES		3,040,370		303,313	1,001,99	<u> </u>	29,122,547
Current:							
Public safety		7,215,050					
,		7,213,030					
Transportation Economic assistance and opportunity			2 (668,114			
Culture and recreation			۷,۱	000,114			10 000 100
		1 021 717	4	100 101	862,898	9	18,928,198
Home and community services		1,831,747		480,191	,		6 400 275
Employee benefits	•	4,508,441	•	255,545	457,323	3	6,428,375
Debt Service:		05.000			04.00		07.570
Interest		25,399			21,924	4 ·	37,570
Total Expenditures	1;	3,580,637	7,	403,850	1,342,145	<u>5</u> .	25,394,143
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over (Under) Expenditures		265,933		(98,535)	509,849	9	3,728,404
, , , .				<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>		_	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers in		27,531			24,99	1	116,316
Transfers out		(283,492)			(161,30	5)	(3,869,360)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(255,961)		-0-	(136,314	1)	(3,753,044)
Total Other Financing Codices (CSCS)		(200,001)			(100,01-	') .	(3,733,044)
Net Change in Fund Balances		9,972		(98,535)	373,53	5	(24,640)
Fund Balances - beginning	:	2,327,317		840,659	1,155,34	<u>1</u> .	5,956,248
Fund Balances - ending	\$ 2	2,337,289	\$	742,124	\$ 1,528,876	6_	\$ 5,931,608

Fire		Public		Total
Protection	Lighting	Parking	Water	Nonmajor
Districts	District	District	District	Funds
\$ 7,566,843	\$ 3,262,948	\$ 9,915,731		\$47,770,341
375,520	195,767	560,012		2,753,220
		293,546	\$ 10,805	10,961,395
50,000				5,050,000
291,409	73,296	169,103	1,093	991,978
	4,716			186,289
				7,183,992
8,283,772	3,536,727	10,938,392	11,898	74,897,215
8,724,309				15,939,359
	1,790,359	2,459,159		4,249,518
				2,668,114
				18,928,198
			10,805	7,185,641
	541,111	984,345		13,175,140
	30,516	74,099		189,508
8,724,309	2,361,986	3,517,603	10,805	62,335,478
(440,537)	1,174,741	7,420,789	1,093	12,561,737
	24,372	227,982		421,192
	(512,086)	(6,778,511)		(11,604,754)
-0-	(487,714)	(6,550,529)	-0-	(11,183,562)
(440,537)	687,027	870,260	1,093	1,378,175
9,220,574	1,443,373	3,434,041	24,957	24,402,510
\$ 8,780,037	\$ 2,130,400	\$ 4,304,301	\$ 26,050	\$25,780,685

TOWN OUTSIDE VILLAGE

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
REVENUES				
REAL PROPERTY TAXES				
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 99,962	\$ 99,962	\$ 99,964	\$ 2
Ad valorem taxes (Long Island Power Authority)			177	177_
Total Real Property Taxes	99,962	99,962	100,141	179
OTHER REAL PROPERTY TAX ITEMS				
Payment in lieu of taxes	20,000	20,000	14,846	(5,154)
Total Other Real Property Tax Items	20,000	20,000	14,846	(5,154)
DEPARTMENTAL INCOME				
Building fees	12,723,061	13,422,069	9,538,167	(3,883,902)
Zoning board fees	400,000	400,000	357,825	(42,175)
Planning fees	30,000	30,000	17,250	(12,750)
Total Departmental Income	13,153,061	13,852,069	9,913,242	(3,938,827)
INTERGOVERNMENTAL CHARGES				
Nassau County local government assistance			3,750,000	3,750,000
Total Intergovernmental Charges	-0-	-0-	3,750,000	3,750,000
USE OF MONEY AND PROPERTY				
Interest and earnings			18,339	18,339
Total Use of Money and Property	-0-	-0-	18,339	18,339
MISCELLANEOUS LOCAL SOURCES				
Refund of prior year expenditures			49,999	49,999
Photo processing fee			3	3
Total Miscellaneous Local Sources	-0-	-0-	50,002	50,002
Total Revenues	13,273,023	13,972,031	13,846,570	(125,461)
				(continued)

TOWN OUTSIDE VILLAGE

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Encum- brances	Variance with Final Budget
EXPENDITURES CURRENT:					
PUBLIC SAFETY					
Animal warden services	\$ 368,000	\$ 368,000	\$ 368,000		\$ -0-
Building	7,102,383	6,864,903	6,847,050		17,853
Total Public Safety	7,470,383	7,232,903	7,215,050	-0-	17,853
CULTURE AND RECREATION					
Memorial day assistance	5,000	5,000			5,000
Total Culture and Recreation	5,000	5,000	-0-	-0-	5,000
HOME AND COMMUNITY SERVICES					
Board of appeals	437,423	480,886	476,942		3,944
Planning and development - staff	1,151,210	1,365,512	1,354,805		10,707
Total Home and Community Services	1,588,633	1,846,398	1,831,747	-0-	14,651
EMPLOYEE BENEFITS					
State Employee Retirement System	1,178,000	1,067,600	994,880		72,720
Social security	530,000	530,000	510,764		19,236
Workers' compensation	24,000				
Disability benefits	1,400	1,400			1,400
Unemployment benefits	2,000	2,000			2,000
Hospital, medical and dental	2,165,000	3,005,279	3,002,797		2,482
Total Employee Benefits	3,900,400	4,606,279	4,508,441	-0-	97,838
Total Current	12,964,416	13,690,580	13,555,238	-0-	135,342
DEBT SERVICE:					
Debt interest:					
Bond anticipation notes		25,500	25,399		101
Total Debt Service	-0-	25,500	25,399	-0-	101
Total Expenditures	12,964,416	13,716,080	13,580,637	-0-	135,443
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	308,607	255,951	265,933	-0-	9,982
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in: Debt service fund		27,531	27,531		
Transfers out: Debt service fund	(308,891)	(283,766)	(283,492)	-0-	274
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(308,891)	(256,235)	(255,961)	-0-	274
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (284)	\$ (284)	9,972	\$ -0-	\$ 10,256
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year			2,327,317		
Fund Balance at End of Year			\$ 2,337,289		

DRAINAGE DISTRICT

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
REVENUES				
REAL PROPERTY TAXES				
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 1,641,378	\$ 1,641,378	\$ 1,641,381	\$ 3
Ad valorem taxes (Long Island Power Authority)			4,608	4,608
Total Real Property Taxes	1,641,378	1,641,378	1,645,989	4,611
OTHER REAL PROPERTY TAX ITEMS				
Payment in lieu of taxes	99,985	99,985	139,266	39,281
Total Other Real Property Tax Items	99,985	99,985	139,266	39,281
USE OF MONEY AND PROPERTY				
Interest and earnings			58,210	58,210
Total Use of Money and Property			58,210	58,210
MISCELLANEOUS LOCAL SOURCES				
Miscellaneous revenue			8,529	8,529
Total Miscellaneous Local Sources	-0-	-0-	8,529	8,529
Total Revenues	1,741,363	1,741,363	1,851,994	110,631
				(continued)

DRAINAGE DISTRICT

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	1 OI THE	Teal Lilueu Deci			
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Encum- brances	Variance with Final Budget
EXPENDITURES CURRENT:					
HOME AND COMMUNITY SERVICES					
Drainage	\$ 1,084,434	\$ 1,076,364	\$ 862,898	\$ -0-	\$ 213,466
Total Home and Community Services	1,084,434	1,076,364	862,898	-0-	213,466
EMPLOYEE BENEFITS					
State Employee Retirement System	110,000	56,479	42,478		14,001
Social security	30,000	30,000	17,678		12,322
Workers' compensation	3,000	4,070	4,070		
Disability benefits	200	200	,		200
Unemployment insurance	500	500			500
Hospital, medical and dental	330,000	393,521	393,097		424
rioopital, modical and domai					
Total Employee Benefits	473,700	484,770	457,323	-0-	27,447
Total Current	1,558,134	1,561,134	1,320,221_	-0-	240,913
DEBT SERVICE:					
Debt interest:					
Bond anticipation notes		22,000	21,924		76_
Total Debt Service		22,000	21,924	-0-	76_
Total Expenditures	1,558,134	1,583,134	1,342,145	-0-	240,989
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures	183,229	158,229	509,849	-0-	351,620
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in:					
Debt service fund		25,000	24,991		(9)
Transfers out:					
Debt service fund	(183,229)	(183,229)	(161,305)		21,924
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(183,229)	(158,229)	(136,314)	-0-	21,915
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ -0-	\$ -0-	373,535	\$ -0-	\$ 373,535
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year			1,155,341		
Fund Balance at End of Year			\$ 1,528,876		
		138			

PARK DISTRICTS

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

				Variance
	Original	Final		with
	Budget	Budget	Actual	Final Budget
REVENUES				
REAL PROPERTY TAXES				
Ad valorem taxes	\$25,226,641	\$25,226,641	\$25,226,648	\$ 7
Ad valorem taxes (Long Island Power Authority)			52,041	52,041
Total Real Property Taxes	25,226,641	25,226,641	25,278,689	52,048
OTHER REAL PROPERTY TAX ITEMS				
Payment in lieu of taxes	1,515,161	1,527,565	1,467,809	(59,756)
Total Other Real Property Tax Items	1,515,161	1,527,565	1,467,809	(59,756)
DEPARTMENTAL INCOME				
Recreational concessions	30,500	23,500		(23,500)
Special recreational facility charge	850,000	844,205	743,802	(100,403)
, ,				(11, 11,
Total Departmental Income	880,500	867,705	743,802	(123,903)
INTERGOVERNMENTAL CHARGES				
Nassau County local government assistance		1,210,600	1,250,000	39,400
, ,				· ·
Total Intergovernmental Charges	-0-	1,210,600	1,250,000	39,400
USE OF MONEY AND PROPERTY				
Interest and earnings	3	212,687	332,768	120,081
Rental of real property		23,000	23,360	360
Rental of equipment		2,300	2,300	
Lease payments collected		11,900	22,100	10,200
Total Use of Money and Property	3	249,887	380,528	130,641
MISCELLANEOUS LOCAL SOURCES				
Refund of prior year expenditures		1,650	1,707	57
Miscellaneous revenue		,	12	12
Total Miscellaneous Local Sources	-0-	1,650	1,719	69
Total Revenues	27,622,305	29,084,048	29,122,547	38,499
				(continued)

PARK DISTRICTS

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Original	Final		Fr	ncum-	٧	/ariance with
	Budget	Budget	Actual		ances	Fin	al Budget
EXPENDITURES							<u> </u>
CURRENT:							
CULTURE AND RECREATION							
Parks, pools and rinks	\$17,587,445	\$19,033,243	\$18,928,198	\$	-0-	\$	105,045
Total Culture and Recreation	17,587,445	19,033,243	18,928,198		-0-		105,045
EMPLOYEE BENEFITS							
State Employee Retirement System	1,350,000	1,440,000	1,439,212				788
Social security	690,000	800,100	799,066				1,034
Workers' compensation	300,000	518,234	518,234				
Disability insurance	500	500					500
Unemployment insurance	500	500					500
Hospital, medical and dental	3,750,000	3,672,511	3,671,863				648
Total Employee Benefits	6,091,000	6,431,845	6,428,375		-0-		3,470
Total Current	23,678,445	25,465,088	25,356,573		-0-		108,515
DEBT SERVICE:							
Debt interest:							
Bond anticipation notes		38,000	37,570				430
Total Debt Service	-0-	38,000	37,570		-0-		430
Total Expenditures	23,678,445	25,503,088	25,394,143		-0-		108,945
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over (Under) Expenditures	3,943,860	3,580,960	3,728,404		-0-		147,444
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers in:							
Debt service fund		116,000	116,316				316
Transfers out:							
Debt service fund	(3,944,130)	(3,870,180)	(3,869,360)				820
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(3,944,130)	(3,754,180)	(3,753,044)		-0-		1,136
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (270)	\$ (173,220)	(24,640)	\$	-0-	\$	148,580
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year			5,956,248				
Fund Balance at End of Year			\$ 5,931,608				

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FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICTS

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
REVENUES				
REAL PROPERTY TAXES				
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 7,500,976	\$ 7,500,976	\$ 7,500,979	\$ 3
Ad valorem taxes (Long Island Power Authority)		37,000	65,864	28,864
Total Real Property Taxes	7,500,976	7,537,976	7,566,843	28,867
OTHER REAL PROPERTY TAX ITEMS				
Payment in lieu of taxes	1,527,474	1,239,374	375,520	(863,854)
Total Other Real Property Tax Items	1,527,474	1,239,374	375,520	(863,854)
INTERGOVERNMENTAL CHARGES				
Nassau County local government assistance		38,000	50,000	12,000
Total Intergovernmental Charges	-0-	38,000	50,000	12,000
USE OF MONEY AND PROPERTY				
Interest and earnings		269,300	291,409	22,109
Total Use of Money and Property		269,300	291,409	22,109
Total Revenues	9,028,450	9,084,650	8,283,772	(800,878)
EXPENDITURES CURRENT:				
PUBLIC SAFETY				
Fire protection	9,028,450	9,088,397	8,724,309	364,088
Total Public Safety	9,028,450	9,088,397	8,724,309	364,088
Total Current	9,028,450	9,088,397	8,724,309	364,088
Total Expenditures	9,028,450	9,088,397	8,724,309	364,088
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ -0-	\$ (3,747)	(440,537)	\$ (436,790)
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year			9,220,574	
Fund Balance at End of Year			\$ 8,780,037	

LIGHTING DISTRICT

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For The Year Ended December 31, 2023

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
REVENUES	Daaget	Dauget	Actual	Tillal Budget
REAL PROPERTY TAXES				
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 3,255,619	\$ 3,255,619	\$ 3,255,618	\$ (1)
Ad valorem taxes (Long Island Power Authority)	Ψ 0,200,010	Ψ 0,200,010	7,330	7,330
Total Real Property Taxes	3,255,619	3,255,619	3,262,948	7,329
OTHER REAL PROPERTY TAX ITEMS				
Payment in lieu of taxes	100,111	173,949	195,767	21,818
Total Other Real Property Tax Items	100,111	173,949	195,767	21,818
USE OF MONEY AND PROPERTY				
Interest and earnings			73,296	73,296
Total Use of Money and Property	-0-	-0-	73,296	73,296
MISCELLANEOUS LOCAL SOURCES				
Miscellaneous revenue			4,716	4,716
Total Miscellaneous Local Sources	-0-	-0-	4,716	4,716
Total Revenues	3,355,730	3,429,568	3,536,727	107,159

(continued)

LIGHTING DISTRICT

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	TOT THE TOUR EN	idea December o	1, 2020		Variance	
	Original	Final		Encum-		
	Budget	Budget	Actual	brances	with Final Budget	
EXPENDITURES		Budget				
CURRENT:						
TRANSPORTATION						
Lighting	\$ 2,300,601	\$ 2,257,356	\$ 1,790,359	\$ 16,254	\$ 450,743	
Total Transportation	2,300,601	2,257,356	1,790,359	16,254	450,743	
EMPLOYEE BENEFITS						
State Employee Retirement System	135,000	135,000	78,001		56,999	
Social security	40,000	40,000	37,201		2,799	
Workers' compensation	10,000	14,245	14,245			
Disability benefits	200	200			200	
Unemployment benefits	500	500			500	
Hospital, medical and dental	330,000	411,838	\$ 411,664		174	
Total Employee Benefits	515,700	601,783	541,111	-0-	60,672	
Total Current	2,816,301	2,859,139	2,331,470	16,254	511,415	
DEBT SERVICE:						
Debt interest:						
Bond anticipation notes		31,000	30,516		484	
Total Debt Service	-0-	31,000	30,516	-0-	484	
Total Expenditures	2,816,301	2,890,139	2,361,986	16,254	511,899	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures	539,429	539,429	1,174,741	(16,254)	619,058	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in:						
Debt service fund			24,372		24,372	
Transfers out:						
Debt service fund	(542,602)	(542,602)	(512,086)		30,516	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(542,602)	(542,602)	(487,714)	-0-	54,888	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (3,173)	\$ (3,173)	687,027	\$ (16,254)	\$ 673,946	
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year			1,443,373			
Fund Balance at End of Year			\$ 2,130,400			

PUBLIC PARKING DISTRICT

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

		Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
REVENUES		Budget	Budget	Actual	T mai budget
REAL PROPERTY TAXES					
Ad valorem taxes		\$ 9,897,375	\$ 9,897,375	\$ 9,897,377	\$ 2
Ad valorem taxes (Long Isla	and Rower Authority)	ψ 9,091,313	Ψ 9,091,313	18,354	18,354
Au valoreili taxes (Lorig isia	and Fower Authority)			10,334	10,334
	Total Real Property Taxes	9,897,375	9,897,375	9,915,731	18,356
OTHER REAL PROPERTY T	TAX ITEMS				
Payment in lieu of taxes		499,821	499,821	560,012	60,191
	Total Other Real Property Tax Items	499,821	499,821	560,012	60,191
DEPARTMENTAL INCOME					
Parking permits		192,000	192,000	293,546	101,546
	Total Departmental Income	192,000	192,000	293,546	101,546
USE OF MONEY AND PROF	DEDTY				
Interest and earnings	LICIT			169,103	169,103
interest and earnings		-		109,103	109,103
	Total Use of Money and Property	-0-	-0-	169,103	169,103
		<u> </u>			
	Total Revenues	10,589,196	10,589,196	10,938,392	349,196
					(continued)

PUBLIC PARKING DISTRICT

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Original	Final		Encum-	Variance with
	Budget	Budget	Actual	brances	Final Budget
EXPENDITURES			7101001	<u> </u>	
CURRENT:					
TRANSPORTATION					
Parking	\$ 2,801,786	\$ 2,758,983	\$ 2,459,159	\$ 2,475	\$ 297,349
1 diving	Ψ 2,001,700	Ψ 2,700,000	Ψ 2,400,100	Ψ 2,410	Ψ 201,040
Total Transportation	2,801,786	2,758,983	2,459,159	2,475	297,349
EMPLOYEE BENEFITS					
State Employee Retirement System	160,000	160,000	151,957		8,043
Social security	70,000	72,500	72,147		353
Workers compensation	100,000	143,803	143,803		
Disability benefits	1,000	1,000			1,000
Unemployment benefits	1,000	1,000			1,000
Hospital, medical and dental	640,000	616,884	616,438		446
Total Employee Benefits	972,000	995,187	004 245	-0-	10.040
Total Employee Bellents	972,000	993,107	984,345		10,842
Total Current	3,773,786	3,754,170	3,443,504	2,475	308,191
DEBT SERVICE:					
Debt interest:					
Bond anticipation notes		74,116	74,099		17
Total Debt Service	-0-	74,116	74,099	-0-	17
Total Expenditures	3,773,786	3,828,286	3,517,603	2,475	308,208
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures	6,815,410	6,760,910	7,420,789	(2,475)	657,404
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in:					
Debt service fund		54,500	227,982		173,482
Transfers out:					
Debt service fund	(6,815,410)	(6,815,410)	(6,778,511)		36,899
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(6,815,410)	(6,760,910)	(6,550,529)		210,381
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ -0-	\$ -0-	870,260	\$ (2,475)	\$ 867,785
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year			3,434,041		
Fund Balance at End of Year			\$ 4,304,301		

WATER DISTRICT

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
REVENUES				
DEPARTMENTAL INCOME				
Water rental arrears		\$ 10,800	\$ 10,805	\$ 5
Total Departmental Income	\$ -0	10,800	10,805	5
USE OF MONEY AND PROPERTY				
Interest and earnings		200	1,093	893
Total Use of Money and Property			1,093	893
Total Revenues		11,000	11,898	898
EXPENDITURES CURRENT:				
HOME AND COMMUNITY SERVICES Water		11,000	10,805	195
Total Home and Community Services	-0	11,000	10,805	195
Total Expenditures	-0	11,000	10,805	195_
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures inancing Sources (Uses)	-0	-0-	1,093	1,093
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ -0	- \$ -0-	1,093	\$ 1,093
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year			24,957	
Fund Balance at End of Year			\$ 26,050	

DEBT SERVICE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

REVENUES	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
USE OF MONEY AND PROPERTY				
Interest and earnings	\$ -0-	\$ 3,030,000	\$ 3,720,937	\$ 690,937
Total Use of Money and Property	-0-	3,030,000	3,720,937	690,937
MISCELLANEOUS LOCAL SOURCES				
Short-term bond anticipation notes premiums		1,650,000	1,651,250	1,250
·				
Total Miscellaneous Local Sources		1,650,000	1,651,250	1,250
Total Revenues		4,680,000	5,372,187	692,187
EXPENDITURES CURRENT:				
GENERAL GOVERNMENT SUPPORT				
Fiscal agent fees	100,000	100,000	20,226	79,774
Total General Government Support	100,000	100,000	20,226	79,774
Total Current	100,000	100,000	20,226	79,774
DEBT SERVICE: Debt principal: Serial bonds Debt interest:	58,376,458	58,376,458	58,376,458	
Serial bonds	20,544,531	19,850,731	17,875,545	1,975,186
Total Debt Service	78,920,989	78,227,189	76,252,003	1,975,186
Total Expenditures	79,020,989	78,327,189	76,272,229	2,054,960
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	(79,020,989)	(73,647,189)	(70,900,042)	2,747,147
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in:				
Other funds	79,020,989	79,020,989	76,272,229	(2,748,760)
Refunding bond issued		2,345,000	2,345,000	
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent		(2,345,000)	(2,345,000)	
Transfers out:				
Other funds		(5,373,800)	(5,372,187)	1,613
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	79,020,989	73,647,189	70,900,042	(2,747,147)
Net Change in Fund Balance	<u>\$ -0-</u>	\$ -0-	-0-	\$ -0-
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year			100,628	
Fund Balance at End of Year			\$ 100,628	

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FIDUCIARY FUNDS FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

- Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position
- Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position

The fiduciary funds of the Town account for assets held by the Town in a trustee or custodial capacity. They are excluded from the Town's other financial statements because the Town cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The combining statements are presented on the following pages.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS - CUSTODIAL COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION December 31, 2023

	Co-Sponsor		Town	Total
		LOSAP	Receiver of Taxes	Custodial
	Cus	stodial Fund	Custodial Fund	Funds
ASSETS				
Cash			\$ 121,061,626	\$ 121,061,626
Investments	\$	4,297,152		4,297,152
Taxes Receivable			1,140,910,498	1,140,910,498
Total Assets	\$	4,297,152	\$ 1,261,972,124	\$ 1,266,269,276
LIABILITIES				
Deposits payable			\$ 580,052,717	\$ 580,052,717
Taxes Collected for other Governments			681,919,407	681,919,407
Total Liabilities			1,261,972,124	1,261,972,124
NET POSITION				
Restricted for Length of Service Award Program	\$	4,297,152		4,297,152
Total Liabilities and Net Position	\$	4,297,152	\$ 1,261,972,124	\$ 1,266,269,276

FIDUCIARY FUNDS - CUSTODIAL

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

	С	o-Sponsor	Town		Total	
		LOSAP	Receiver of Taxes		Custodial	
	Cu	stodial Fund	Custo	dial Fund		Funds
ADDITIONS			•	_		
Contributions - sponsor	\$	304,128			\$	304,128
Taxes collected			\$ 1,416	3,366,145	1,4	116,366,145
Investment activity		112,274	2	2,492,897		2,605,171
Total additions		416,402	1,418	3,859,042	1,4	119,275,444
DEDUCTIONS						
Benefit payments		183,757				183,757
Remittances to other governments			1,418	3,859,042	1,4	118,859,042
Total deductions		183,757	1,418	3,859,042	1,4	119,042,799
Net increase in fiduciary net position		232,645		-0-		232,645
Net position - beginning		4,064,507				4,064,507
Net position - ending	\$	4,297,152	\$	-0-	\$	4,297,152

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DISCRETELY PRESENTED NONMAJOR COMPONENT UNITS

- Combining Statement of Net Position
- Combining Statement of Activities

The discretely presented nonmajor component units of the Town provide water, sewer and sanitation services to residents and businesses within the districts. These districts are organized under New York State Town Law and have separately elected boards. Long-term debt, backed by the full faith and credit of the Town, and other matters result in an interdependency with the Town.

DISCRETELY PRESENTED NONMAJOR COMPONENT UNITS COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION December 31, 2023

	Oyster Bay Water District	 Glenwood- Glenhead Garbage District
ASSETS		
Cash and investments	\$ 1,240,155	\$ 582,031
Restricted cash and investments	476,220	
Accounts receivable, net	308,752	1,700
State and federal aid receivables	1,335,988	
Due from primary government	15,219	55,598
Lease Receivable	7,198,451	
Inventory of materials and supplies	63,972	
Prepaids	21,016	
Non-depreciable capital assets	5,243,473	
Depreciable/amortizable capital assets,		
net of depreciation/amortization	10,294,878	 53,040
Total Assets	26,198,124	 692,369
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Pensions related	341,551	
OPEB related	300,375	
Deferred loss on refundings		
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	641,926	-0-
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable and other accrued liabilities	710,431	78,340
Accrued interest payable	30,357	,
Deposits payable	35,646	
Due to primary government	3,162,825	
Non-current liabilities:	0,102,020	
Non-current liabilities due within one year	362,158	9,843
Non-Current Liabilities due in more than one year:	302,100	5,045
General obligation bonds payable, inclusive of premiums Lease liability	1,999,136	43,197
Compensated absences	214,781	40,107
Net pension liability - proportionate share	333,838	
Total OPEB liability	3,291,094	
Total Liabilities	10,140,266	131,380
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Contractual service fees	9,446	
Lease related		
	6,913,389	
Pensions related	30,437	
OPEB related	914,454	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	7,867,726	-0-
NET POSITION		
NET POSITION	0.450.505	
Net investment in capital assets	9,453,585	
Restricted:		
Capital	998,995	=00 ===
Unrestricted (deficit)	(1,620,522)	 560,989
Total Net Position	\$ 8,832,058	\$ 560,989

Syosset Sanitation District	Sanitation Sewer		
\$ 1,003,426	\$ 956,708	\$ 3,782,320	
		476,220	
		310,452	
		1,335,988	
	95,519	166,336	
		7,198,451	
		63,972	
	117,042	138,058	
	33,840	5,277,313	
	10,097,906	20,445,824	
1,003,426	11,301,015	39,194,934	
	973,521	1,315,072	
	2,768,489	3,068,864	
	11,583	11,583	
-0-	3,753,593	4,395,519	
4,000	201,650	994,421	
	5,525	35,882	
	16,349	51,995	
		3,162,825	
	649,676	1,021,677	
		1,999,136	
		43,197	
	644,073	858,854	
	1,167,091	1,500,929	
	10,483,145	13,774,239	
4,000	13,167,509	23,443,155	
		0.440	
		9,446	
	20.0=:	6,913,389	
	62,054	92,491	
	3,648,015	4,562,469	
-0-	3,710,069	11,577,795	
	9,816,646	19,270,231	
		998,995	
999,426	(11,639,616)	(11,699,723)	
\$ 999,426	\$ (1,822,970)	\$ 8,569,503	

DISCRETELY PRESENTED NONMAJOR COMPONENT UNITS COMBINING STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For The Year Ended December 31, 2023

		Oyster Bay Water District	Glenwood- Glenhead Garbage District
EXPENSES			
Current:			
Home and community services		\$ 2,454,053	\$ 1,161,168
	Total Expenses	2,454,053	1,161,168
PROGRAM REVENUES			
Charges for services		1,102,202	
Capital grants and contributions		3,304,646	
	Total Program Revenues	4,406,848	-0-
	Net (Expense) Revenue	1,952,795	(1,161,168)
GENERAL REVENUES			
Real property taxes		1,006,002	1,445,336
Other real property tax items		29,159	
Use of money and property:			
Interest and earnings		187,008	
Rental		440,948	
Sales of property and		0.070	
compensation for loss Miscellaneous local sources		6,270 34,383	59,100
Wiscellaneous local sources			
	Total General Revenues	1,703,770	1,504,436
	Changes in Net Position	3,656,565	343,268
	Net Position - beginning	5,175,493	217,721
	Net Position - ending	\$ 8,832,058	\$ 560,989

 Syosset Sanitation District	Oyster Bay Sewer District	Total Nonmajor Component Units			
\$ 700,619	\$ 5,267,556	\$	9,583,396		
700,619	 5,267,556		9,583,396		
	690,710		1,792,912 3,304,646		
-0-	690,710		5,097,558		
(700,619)	 (4,576,846)		(4,485,838)		
660,755	4,048,394 183,020		7,160,487 212,179		
14,781	78,028		279,817 440,948		
	3,005 33,467		9,275 126,950		
 675,536	 4,345,914		8,229,656		
(25,083)	(230,932)		3,743,818		
1,024,509	(1,592,038)		4,825,685		
\$ 999,426	\$ (1,822,970)	\$	8,569,503		

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STATISTICAL SECTION

This comprehensive statistical data for the Town includes, in some cases, statistical information for the villages, school districts, and special districts, which are not part of the Town reporting entity. It is intended to provide readers of this report with a broader and more complete understanding of the Town and its financial affairs than is possible from the financial statements and schedules included in the Financial Section. Many tables in this section cover several years for comparison purposes, and may present data from outside of the Town's accounting records. This part of the Town of Oyster Bay's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the government's overall financial health.

Financial Trends	<u>Page</u>
These schedules contain information to help the reader understand how the Town's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	161-170
Revenue Capacity	
These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the Town's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.	171-178
Debt Capacity	
These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the Town's current levels of outstanding debt and the Town's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	179-182
Demographic and Economic Information	
These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the government's financial activities take place.	183-184
Operating Information	
These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the government's financial report relates to the services the government provides and the activities it performs.	186-190

NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN YEARS

(accrual basis of accounting)

December 31,	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
Primary government ²					
Governmental activities					
Net position:					
Net investment					
in capital assets	\$ 127,275,639	\$ 103,918,069	\$ 98,062,352	\$ 98,870,292	\$ 98,375,020
Restricted	16,155,302	7,066,119	15,279,241	14,722,722	9,225,629
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(626,196,315)	(622,911,717)	(657,755,596)	(671,523,646)	(632,548,079)
Total Primary Government					
Net Position	\$(482,765,374)	\$ (511,927,529)	\$ (544,414,003)	\$ (557,930,632)	\$(524,947,430)

Source: Office of the Comptroller and the audited financial statements of the Town of Oyster Bay.

Note: ¹ The net position at December 31, 2017 was restated to reflect the implementation of GASB No. 75.

² Certain reclassifications were made to conform with the current year presentation.

 2018	2017'	2016	2015	2014
\$ 90,069,969	\$ 80,927,167	\$ 62,093,771	\$ 47,826,317	\$ 45,954,736
4,523,843	6,651,316	5,814,874	2,849,979	1,808,763
 (642,851,037)	(664,954,361)	(394,840,694)	(357,885,456)	(319,816,153)
\$ (548,257,225)	\$ (577,375,878)	\$ (326,932,049)	\$ (307,209,160)	\$ (272,052,654)

CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN YEARS

(accrual basis of accounting)

Year Ended December 31,		2023		2022		2021		2020		2019 ¹
Expenses										
Governmental activities:										
General government support	\$	44,113,625	\$	34,187,945	\$	32,099,397	\$	35,982,790	\$	35,175,120
Public safety	Ψ	31,671,716	•	30,061,892	•	34,349,581	•	33,205,685	Ψ	29,005,596
Transportation		56,468,862		58,657,274		67,392,506		61,171,190		57,514,994
Economic assistance and opportunity		3,779,210		3,679,890		3,413,865		3,175,699		3,228,546
Culture and recreation		82,717,194		77,439,824		76,276,834		75,407,863		69,175,777
Home and community service		83,999,397		95,463,439		99,114,740		88,149,870		77,446,692
Interest on debt		15,985,689		15,535,454		16,112,736		20,634,593		22,040,827
Total governmental activities expenses		318,735,693		315,025,718		328,759,659		317,727,690		293,587,552
Total primary government expenses	\$	318,735,693	\$	315,025,718	\$	328,759,659	\$	317,727,690	\$	293,587,552
Program Revenues										
Governmental activities:										
Charges for services:										
General government support	\$	2,254,336	\$	2,048,576	\$	2,073,074	\$	1,279,955	\$	1,818,188
Public safety		9,561,069		9,988,856		11,745,396		9,433,018		11,637,503
Transportation		2,718,695		2,251,508		844,464		1,930,009		1,441,484
Culture and recreation		10,227,705		9,895,893		9,757,014		7,512,475		7,893,320
Home and community service		2,186,260		3,253,172		2,874,144		1,664,236		1,858,906
Operating grants and contributions		14,511,610		13,197,275		5,865,871		3,188,637		3,803,917
Capital grants and contributions		6,395,193		9,640,566		11,992,803		2,597,728		4,222,594
Total governmental activities program revenues		47,854,868		50,275,846		45,152,766		27,606,058		32,675,912
Total primary government program revenues	\$	47,854,868	\$	50,275,846	\$	45,152,766	\$	27,606,058	\$	32,675,912
Net (Expense)/Revenue										
Governmental activities	\$	(270,880,825)	\$	(264,749,872)	\$	(283,606,893)	\$	(290,121,632)	\$	(260,911,640)
Total primary government net expense	\$	(270,880,825)	\$	(264,749,872)	\$	(283,606,893)	\$	(290,121,632)	\$	(260,911,640)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position										
Governmental activities:										
Real property taxes	\$	234,501,266	\$	234,746,545	\$	234,064,959	\$	234,006,232	\$	234,677,867
Special Assessment		-0-								
Other real property tax items		10,784,086		10,573,240		10,665,616		9,950,890		10,305,298
Non-property tax items		5,126,148		5,113,254		5,741,717		5,310,815		5,561,876
Interest earnings		14,063,428		3,085,713		641,866		1,450,290		2,540,127
Local government assistance - unrestricted		19,560,313		19,534,137		18,219,889		15,343,744		16,049,873
State aid - unrestricted		11,341,354		19,134,192		21,996,375		15,482,645		12,654,751
Other		4,666,385		5,049,265		5,793,100		7,981,042		4,906,643
Special item								(30,450,000)		(2,475,000)
Total primary government										_
government general revenues and other		300,042,980		297,236,346		297,123,522		259,075,658		284,221,435
Total primary government	\$	300,042,980	\$	297,236,346	\$	297,123,522	\$	259,075,658	\$	284,221,435
Change in Net Position										
Governmental activities	\$	29,162,155	\$	32,486,474	\$	13,516,629	\$	(31,045,974)	\$	23,309,795
Total primary government	\$	29,162,155	\$	32,486,474	\$	13,516,629	\$	(31,045,974)	\$	23,309,795

Source: Of fice of the Comptroller and the audited financial statements of the Town of Oyster Bay.

Note: 1 In 2019, State aid-unrestricted for per capita aid was converted to other general revenue as AIM Related payment, per the requirements of the Office of the State Comptroller.

	2018		2017		2016	2015			2014
ď	21 206 060	¢	22 624 109	¢	25 572 625	¢	27 402 052	¢	29 162 007
\$	31,296,069 27,303,498	\$	32,624,198 27,134,763	\$	35,572,625 28,898,107	\$	37,483,953	\$	38,162,097
							29,462,383		28,286,861
	57,624,042		56,143,668		60,479,881		59,896,037		62,982,460
	3,157,405		3,123,788		3,391,651		4,041,854		4,192,597
	69,941,598		70,089,044		71,781,695		70,411,344		66,674,609
	77,656,093		79,258,294		84,826,153		89,199,268		86,904,193
_	21,718,222	_	26,173,679		25,706,555		25,301,881		24,225,844
	288,696,927		294,547,434		310,656,667		315,796,720		311,428,661
\$	288,696,927	\$	294,547,434	\$	310,656,667	\$	315,796,720	\$	311,428,661
							<u> </u>		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
•	4 455 770	•	4.070.004	•	4 005 044	•	4 000 040	•	4 400 550
\$	1,155,770	\$	1,073,664	\$	1,865,841	\$	1,286,612	\$	1,136,556
	10,212,514		9,742,053		7,799,239		6,697,956		6,024,901
	2,976,973		1,413,871		1,921,218		1,899,617		2,922,521
	7,398,745		6,328,599		5,844,405		6,175,419		6,230,650
	1,724,436		1,030,236		768,665		984,528		830,167
	3,914,142		3,555,183		3,988,225		4,535,703		10,777,160
	6,862,565		437,352		2,815,071		2,465,139		4,522,687
	34,245,145		23,580,958		25,002,664		24,044,974		32,444,642
\$	34,245,145	\$	23,580,958	\$	25,002,664	\$	24,044,974	\$	32,444,642
÷		÷		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	, , , , ,	÷	- , ,-
\$	(254,451,782)	\$	(270,966,476)	\$	(285,654,003)	\$	(291,751,746)	\$	(278,984,019)
¢	(254 451 792)	¢	(270 066 476)	œ	(285 654 003)	æ	(201 751 746)	Ф	(278 084 010)
<u>\$</u>	(254,451,782)	<u></u>	(270,966,476)	<u>\$</u>	(285,654,003)	\$	(291,751,746)	<u>\$</u>	(278,984,019)
\$	234,030,013	\$	235,562,854	\$	210,988,363	\$	215,667,149	\$	198,080,058
	10,490,964		10,208,772		10,129,678		4,993,937		3,678,417
	5,642,122		5,705,925		5,680,869		5,308,648		5,112,339
	1,340,630		590,388		236,536		218,014		181,680
	15,497,649		14,959,916		14,556,122		14,258,755		13,942,484
	13,089,231		14,126,639		13,679,895		12,311,610		10,327,711
	357,037		6,820,884				3,837,127		8,005,579
			0,020,004		10,659,651		3,037,127		0,003,379
	3,122,789								
	283,570,435		287,975,378		265,931,114		256,595,240		239,328,268
_								_	
	283,570,435	<u>\$</u>	287,975,378	<u>\$</u>	265,931,114	\$	256,595,240	<u>\$</u>	239,328,268
\$	29,118,653	\$	17,008,902	\$	(19,722,889)	\$	(35,156,506)	\$	(39,655,751)
\$	29,118,653	\$	17,008,902	\$	(19,722,889)	\$	(35,156,506)	\$	(39,655,751)
								_	

FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

LAST TEN YEARS

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

December 31,	per 31, 2023		2021	2020	2019
General Fund					
Nonspendable	\$ 3,334,601	\$ 5,081,079	\$ 3,103,795	\$ 2,236,252	\$ 2,226,843
Restricted	4,549,966	4,716,227	4,549,966	4,549,966	616,890
Assigned	2,619,459	2,203,019	2,715,382	605,531	3,109,711
Unassigned (Deficit)	31,136,910	22,201,065	11,415,700	13,655,776	2,245,425
Total General Fund	\$ 41,640,936	\$ 34,201,390	\$ 21,784,843	\$ 21,047,525	\$ 8,198,869
All other governmental funds					
Nonspendable	\$ 1,462,686	\$ 1,583,943	\$ 1,428,444	\$ 1,010,923	\$ 1,051,924
Restricted	35,324,602	41,675,416	37,112,192	58,576,497	55,728,056
Assigned	46,058,844	42,037,218	28,275,578	15,300,617	17,859,322
Unassigned (Deficit)	(63,493,394)	(22,606,107)	(30,516,716)	(43,472,228)	(12,640,130)
Total all other					
governmental funds	\$ 19,352,738	\$ 62,690,470	\$ 36,299,498	\$ 31,415,809	\$ 61,999,172

Source: Office of the Comptroller and the audited financial statements of the Town of Oyster Bay.

2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
\$ 2,314,736 31,287	\$ 2,077,679 32,237	\$ 5,629,349	\$ 9,209,971	\$ 11,909,423
(12,746,493)	(24,144,002)	(45,583,563)	(37,054,024)	(29,416,588)
\$ (10,400,470)	\$ (22,034,086)	\$ (39,954,214)	\$ (27,844,053)	\$ (17,507,165)
\$ 1,286,447	\$ 1,428,965	\$ 1,300,742	\$ 1,259,729	\$ 1,530,435
47,817,416	31,425,489	29,698,404	2,849,979	1,808,763
20,443,449	18,064,833	23,998,100	7,023,559	3,729,857
(40,103,826)	(120,838,068)	(125,878,180)	(109,470,762)	(80,437,628)
\$ 29,443,486	\$ (69,918,781)	\$ (70,880,934)	\$ (98,337,495)	\$ (73,368,573)

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS $\mathsf{LAST} \, \mathsf{TEN} \, \mathsf{YEARS}$

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

Year Ended December 31,	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
Revenues					
Real property taxes	\$ 234,501,266	\$ 234,746,545	\$ 234,064,959	\$ 234,006,232	\$ 234,677,867
Other real property tax items	10,784,086	10,573,240	10,665,615	9,950,890	10,305,298
Non-property tax items	5,126,148	5,113,254	5,741,717	5,310,815	5,561,876
Departmental income	31,825,904	33,694,307	33,922,038	30,534,814	31,250,459
Intergovernmental charges	21,651,793	21,209,644	18,549,221	15,595,973	16,394,523
Use of money and property	17,217,875	5,151,201	2,575,365	2,468,627	4,185,523
License and permits	360,566	383,009	313,034	259,040	295,485
Fines and forfeitures	521,249	353,876	235,276	172,105	381,233
Sale of property and					
compensation for loss	1,158,229	1,782,030	1,148,841	267,729	416,192
Miscellaneous					
and local sources	3,845,549	3,643,208	5,584,806	5,499,557	3,949,487
Interfund revenues	34,278,831	34,083,512	33,434,009	34,048,092	32,292,150
State aid	15,794,765	23,367,852	25,536,843	18,096,259	16,249,357
Federal aid	16,420,936	18,560,853	14,257,476	3,123,886	4,296,924
Total revenues	393,487,197	392,662,531	386,029,200	359,334,019	360,256,374
Expenditures					
Current:					
General government support	50,417,460	45,746,786	56,386,593	42,438,832	40,894,135
Public safety	23,152,547	22,370,919	22,075,781	21,094,105	20,475,008
Transportation	23,922,626	25,154,536	25,105,818	25,430,140	24,262,820
Economic assistance and					
opportunity	2,718,181	2,790,487	2,368,845	2,020,099	2,361,537
Culture and recreation	42,541,291	40,263,181	36,649,344	34,694,879	34,478,583
Home and community service	77,607,994	85,825,321	82,982,357	67,850,463	65,106,316
Employee benefits	73,538,182	68,362,788	66,075,182	64,468,517	64,922,282
Capital outlay	54,749,648	46,404,958	44,822,238	34,615,392	47,643,665
Debt Service:					
Principal	60,126,589	57,774,482	65,229,956	67,393,876	64,952,270
Interest	20,610,865	19,392,241	19,728,151	21,293,970	22,228,538
Bond issuance costs		596,464	705,062	552,284	44,787
Advanced refunding escrow					
Total expenditures	429,385,383	414,682,163	422,129,327	381,852,557	387,369,941
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	(35,898,186)	(22,019,632)	(36,100,127)	(22,518,538)	(27,113,567)
Other financing sources (uses)					
Transfers in	84,644,416	79,905,534	73,557,739	103,740,893	96,754,479
Transfers out	(84,644,416)	(79,905,534)	(73,557,739)	(103,740,893)	(96,754,479)
Issuance of debt		54,485,000	36,065,000		80,695,000
Premiums on LT-BANs and Bonds		12,117,551	13,262,282	6,773,730	92,702
Refunding bond issued	2,345,000	74,825,600	71,774,729	51,327,000	919,090
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent or					
debt service - principal -current refunding	(2,345,000)	(80,601,000)	(79,380,877)	(56,433,000)	(963,200)
Lease					
Total other					
financing sources (uses)	-0-	60,827,151	41,721,134	1,667,730	80,743,592
Special item				(450,000)	(2,475,000)
Net change in fund balances	\$ (35,898,186)	\$ 38,807,519	\$ 5,621,007	\$ (21,300,808)	\$ 51,155,025
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	21.55%	20.95%	22.52%	25.54%	25.66%

Source: Office of the Comptroller and the audited financial statements of the Town of Oyster Bay.

2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Ф 224 020 042	ф 225 562 054	¢ 240,000,262	¢ 245 667 440	Ф 400 000 0E0
\$ 234,030,013	\$ 235,562,854	\$ 210,988,363	\$ 215,667,149	\$ 198,080,058
10,490,964	10,208,772 5,705,925	10,129,678	4,993,937	3,678,417
5,642,122		5,680,869	5,308,648	5,112,339
29,941,417 15,596,762	27,166,574 15,008,883	24,191,587 14,579,184	22,938,738 14,402,785	22,978,529 13,973,877
2,223,826	1,282,267	1,063,225	852,443	
345,030	292,778	317,165	233,344	777,031 296,652
490,845	443,751	583,553	640,896	1,027,489
490,043	443,731	363,333	040,090	1,027,409
1,150,188	517,549	736,829	933,986	468,532
1,426,573	2,476,099	10,059,186	3,092,399	7,774,106
32,771,175	29,955,070	30,090,695	29,596,471	29,949,479
18,556,703	15,112,964	16,077,219	14,775,547	17,497,657
5,279,729	2,948,531	4,418,132	4,179,376	7,744,354
357,945,347	346,682,017	328,915,685	317,615,719	309,358,520
40,645,294	38,604,808	40,670,837	38,037,078	39,420,479
19,507,889	18,589,267	20,707,244	21,009,794	20,595,032
24,256,444	22,919,060	24,515,940	24,686,666	26,210,566
2,297,134	2,166,355	2,531,011	2,916,303	3,366,498
33,713,671	32,521,859	34,741,523	33,427,561	32,963,253
65,958,643	61,645,325	73,109,702	65,812,654	69,396,713
64,128,727	61,121,561	59,065,008	55,838,958	54,412,698
43,046,354	9,954,834	15,949,008	35,133,901	57,144,686
143,400,563	55,551,737	53,633,058	50,506,321	38,231,954
23,784,053	27,179,457	23,345,634	25,552,293	23,805,275
658,933	21,119,431	25,545,054	25,552,295	355,604
030,933				3,622,850
461,397,705	330,254,263	348,268,965	352,921,529	369,525,608
(103,452,358)	16,427,754	(19,353,280)	(35,305,810)	(60,167,088)
92,834,650	86,640,884	84,814,895	77,120,806	75,101,560
(92,834,650)	(86,640,884)	(84,814,895)	(77,120,806)	(75,101,560)
125,749,057		34,350,000		264,175,000
4,266,186				8,649,587
78,696,287				66,224,563
				(70,152,185)
111,711		349,680		(-, - ,,
<u> </u>		·		
208,823,241	-0-	34,699,680	-0-	268,896,965
5,625,000				
\$ 110,995,883	\$ 16,427,754	\$ 15,346,400	\$ (35,305,810)	\$ 208,729,877
39.96%	25.83%	23.16%	23.93%	21.02%

CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE AND FUND BALANCE - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BY FUND LAST TEN YEARS

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

Change in Fund Balance/(Deficits)

Year Ended December 31, 2023		2022	2021	2020	2019	
Operating Funds:	_					
General	\$ 7,439,546	\$ 12,416,547	\$ 737,318	\$ 12,848,656	\$ 18,599,339	
Highway	588,232	4,092,476	4,568,455	3,772,149	3,462,034	
Garbage Collection Districts	(46,960)	1,180,933	6,207,819	(3,223,034)	182,932	
Solid Waste Disposal District	1,840,463	2,298,353	1,189,129	7,490,232	(467,723)	
Debt Service	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	
Town Outside Village	9,972	645,531	(791,746)	(3,666,977)	390,869	
Special Grants	(98,535)	(135,178)	190,118	92,114	84,990	
Drainage District	373,535	595,749	305,243	(1,761,891)	(816,059)	
Park Districts	(24,640)	3,499,841	1,060,648	(51,467)	(1,611,835)	
Fire Protection Districts	(440,537)	644,658	(721,674)	4,445,098	328,922	
Lighting District	687,027	444,559	407,797	(1,419,052)	(700,320)	
Public Parking District	870,260	1,092,570	1,447,975	1,684,463	(256,303)	
Water District	1,093	225	-0-		-0-	
Subtotal Operating	11,199,456	26,776,264	14,601,082	20,210,291	19,196,846	
Capital Projects	(47,097,642)	12,031,255	(8,980,075)	(37,944,998)	31,958,179	
Total Governmental Funds	\$ (35,898,186)	\$ 38,807,519	\$ 5,621,007	\$ (17,734,707)	\$ 51,155,025	
		Fund Bal	ances/(Deficits)			
December 31,	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	
Operating Funds:						
General	\$ 41,640,936	\$ 34,201,390	\$ 21,784,843	\$ 21,047,525	\$ 8,198,869	
Highway	19,158,295	18,570,063	14,477,587	9,909,132	6,136,983	
Garbage Collection Districts	7,603,973	7,650,933	6,470,000	262,181	3,485,215	
Solid Waste Disposal District	5,909,343	4,068,880	1,770,527	581,398	(6,908,834)	
Debt Service	100,628	100,628	100,628	100,628	100,628	
Town Outside Village	2,337,289	2,327,317	1,681,786	2,473,532	6,140,509	
Special Grants	742,124	840,659	975,837	785,719	693,605	
Drainage District	1,528,876	1,155,341	559,592	254,349	2,016,240	
Park Districts	5,931,608	5,956,248	2,456,407	1,395,759	1,447,226	
Fire Protection Districts	8,780,037	9,220,574	8,575,916	9,297,590	4,852,492	
Lighting District	2,130,400	1,443,373	998,814	591,017	2,010,069	
Public Parking District	4,304,301	3,434,041	2,341,471	893,496	(790,967)	
Water District	26,050	24,957	24,732	24,732	24,732	
Subtotal Operating	100,193,860	88,994,404	62,218,140	47,617,058	27,406,767	
Capital Projects	(39,200,186)	7,897,456	(4,133,799)	4,846,276	42,791,274	
Total Governmental Funds	\$ 60,993,674	\$ 96,891,860	\$ 58,084,341	\$ 52,463,334	\$ 70,198,041	

Source: Office of the Comptroller and the audited financial statements of the Town of Oyster Bay.

Note: The Town's governmental funds' surpluses and (deficits) are presented for the last ten years. The (deficits) are reflections of the cumulative activity of the funds where the outflows of resources exceeded the inflows of resources. The lowest point in the operating funds' fund balance over the last ten years was in 2015, where the total operating funds' fund (deficit) was (\$44,649,537). As of December 31, 2023, the Town's operations generated enough surpluses to bring the Town from a deficit to a positive total operating funds' fund balance of \$100,193,860.

See the Management's Discussion and Analysis on page 34 for a graph of the total operating funds' fund balance over the last ten years.

	2018		2017			2016		2015	2	2014
\$	11,633,616	\$	17,920,128		\$	(12,110,161)	\$	` ' ' '		,017,213)
	6,844,006		(908,389)			(410,492)		1,947,859		,720,044)
	(1,067,443)		(7,009,604)			18,282,464		892,277		(138,929)
	(424,893)		3,573,108			5,636,361		(1,687,415)		(401,430)
	(2,490,918)		462,675			364,203		1,151,734		473,454
	1,461,251		739,552			2,392,582		759,790	1	,931,493
	24,596		(107,171)	#		145,019		(109,372)		133,345
	227,945		98,529			426,603		761,989		588,017
	77,915		(119,797)			1,432,707		992,529		(103,950)
	453,262		673,708			2,591,002		198,626		125,661
	(389,063)		133,509			1,076,614		422,170		35,683
	1,350,858		(665,284)			540,460		288,934	(1	,371,010)
	-0-		-0-			-0-		-0-		84
	17,701,132		14,790,964			20,367,362		(4,717,767)	(26	,464,839)
_	93,294,751	_	1,636,790			(2,566,435)	_	(30,588,043)	235	,968,892
\$	110,995,883	\$	16,427,754		\$	17,800,927	\$	(35,305,810)	\$ 209	,504,053
_	2018		2017			2016	_	2015	2	2014
\$	(10,400,470)	\$	(22,034,086)		\$	(39,954,214)	\$	(27,844,053)	\$ (17	,507,165)
	2,674,949	·	(4,169,057)		·	(3,260,668)		(2,850,176)		,798,035)
	3,302,283		4,369,726			11,379,330		(6,903,134)		,795,411)
	(6,441,111)		(6,016,218)			(9,589,326)		(15,225,687)		,538,272)
	100,628		2,591,546			2,128,871		1,764,668	,	612,934
	5,749,640		4,288,389			3,548,837		1,156,255		396,465
	608,615		584,019			691,190		546,171		655,543
	2,832,299		2,604,354			2,505,825		2,079,222	1	,317,233
	3,059,061		2,981,146			3,100,943		1,668,236		675,707
	4,523,570		4,070,308			3,396,600		805,598		606,972
	2,710,389		3,099,452			2,965,943		1,889,329	1	,467,159
	(534,664)		(1,885,522)			(1,220,238)		(1,760,698)		,049,632)
	24,732		24,732			24,732		24,732	,	24,732
	8,209,921		(9,491,211)	-		(24,282,175)		(44,649,537)	(39	,931,770)
	10,833,095		(82,461,656)			(84,098,446)		(81,532,011)	(50	,943,968)
\$	19,043,016	\$	(91,952,867)		\$	(108,380,621)	\$	(126,181,548)	\$ (90	,875,738)

ASSESSED VALUE, STATE EQUALIZATION RATE AND ESTIMATED FULL VALUE OF REAL PROPERTY 1 LAST TEN YEARS

		Class One	Class Two		Class Three			Class Four		Total	
Year			Condo		Utility and					Net	
Ended	Residential		and Co-Op		Special		Commercial		Assessed		
December 31,	Property		Property		Franchise		Property		Value		
2023	\$	48,562,729	\$	4,082,268	\$	5,260,031	\$	46,386,569	\$	104,291,597	
2022		43,440,917		3,825,648		4,595,567		44,105,283		95,967,415	
2021		38,252,837		3,468,949		4,450,545		40,388,239		86,560,570	
2020		87,178,439		3,094,791		3,945,904		36,423,103		130,642,237	
2019		90,585,419		3,124,357		3,687,848		37,402,927		134,800,551	
2018		94,095,129		3,104,209		3,562,100		35,199,552		135,960,990	
2017		97,247,808		3,191,037		3,697,345		36,691,677		140,827,867	
2016		100,696,094		3,265,115		4,009,445		41,924,815		149,895,469	
2015		103,499,098		3,314,650		8,110,700		43,333,487		158,257,935	
2014		106,471,145		3,315,141		8,008,677		45,555,762		163,350,725	

Source: Town of Oyster Bay Annual Budget Report.

¹ The assessed valuation decreased in 2021 as compared to 2020 due to a reassessment.

² The state equalization rate is the final rate for the stated year from the New York State Office of Real Property Tax Services.

			Assessed Value
Effective	State		as a
Tax	Equalization	Full	Percentage of
Rate	Rate ²	Valuation	Full Value
4.68	0.15%	\$69,527,731,333	0.15%
4.96	0.15%	63,978,276,667	0.15%
6.12	0.17%	50,917,982,353	0.17%
4.01	0.17%	76,848,374,706	0.17%
4.70	0.21%	64,190,738,571	0.21%
4.83	0.22%	61,800,450,000	0.22%
5.08	0.24%	58,678,277,917	0.24%
4.67	0.26%	57,652,103,462	0.26%
4.67	0.27%	58,614,050,000	0.27%
4.69	0.30%	54,450,241,667	0.30%

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TAX RATES BY CLASS ¹ LAST TEN YEARS

Year		Town		
Ended		Outside		Special
December 31,	General	Village	Highway	Districts ²
2022				
<u>2023</u>	404.000	0.000	445 540	4 700 044 750
One	101.238	0.228	115.512	1.702 - 941.758
Two	18.69	0.046	22.989	0.300 - 96.656
Three	27.93	0.064	32.199	0.442 - 181.383
Four	16.781	0.044	22.081	0.704 - 125.653
<u>2022</u>				
One	113.339	0.257	129.537	1.867 - 830.133
Two	20.103	0.049	24.575	0.274 - 83.946
Three	28.673	0.066	32.977	0.376 - 170.999
Four	17.817	0.047	23.255	0.638 - 116.008
<u>2021</u>				
One	121.016	0.294	126.702	1.880 - 717.562
Two	20.371	0.084	36.186	0.392 - 133.550
Three	27.133	0.110	47.334	0.510 - 191.551
Four	18.359	0.082	34.910	0.951 - 142.324
<u>2020</u>				
One	58.883	0.122	71.594	0.576 - 246.389
Two	25.075	0.054	31.326	0.334 - 165.294
Three	32.146	0.069	40.458	0.417 - 161.960
Four	23.324	0.054	31.356	0.590 - 184.437
<u>2019</u>				
One	57.231	1.245	65.080	0.774 - 128.581
Two	25.139	0.573	29.931	0.288 - 160.983
Three	34.784	0.673	35.146	0.498 - 121.189
Four	24.297	0.581	30.382	0.716 - 125.074
<u>2018</u>				
One	48.155	5.078	63.148	0.729 - 127.477
Two	21.808	2.437	30.303	0.287 - 160.517
Three	30.667	3.556	44.216	0.599 - 147.666
Four	22.768	2.752	34.223	0.740 - 125.723
	22.700	2 02	0220	0102020
<u>2017</u>				
One	57.372	2.836	61.724	0.687 - 120.534
Two	26.668	1.397	30.402	0.272 - 158.389
Three	37.935	1.962	42.695	0.602 - 153.528
Four	26.449	1.475	32.104	0.677 - 127.051
<u>2016</u>				
One	32.876	6.668	55.740	0.684 - 123.355
Two	16.644	3.502	29.273	0.264 - 164.931
Three	25.070	4.613	38.561	0.613 - 170.745
Four	14.566	3.339	27.912	0.630 - 117.226
r our	11.000	0.000	27.012	0.000 111.220
<u>2015</u>				
One	31.249	6.475	52.469	0.623 - 111.100
Two	16.291	3.497	28.337	0.249 - 156.990
Three	21.437	4.889	39.610	0.565 - 129.780
Four	14.164	3.425	27.747	0.570 - 91.704
<u>2014</u>				
One	28.087	8.207	38.275	0.599 - 111.100
Two	14.750	4.540	21.173	0.243 - 153.191
Three	19.245	6.305	29.403	0.567 - 134.771
Four	12.612	4.547	21.204	0.565 - 91.785
. 541	12.012	1.571	21.207	0.000 - 01.700

Source: Town of Oyster Bay Annual Budget Report.

^{&#}x27; Class One - Residential, Class Two - Condo and Co-op, Class Three - Utilities and Special Franchise, Class Four - Commercial

² Rates represent the lowest and highest of all special districts in the Class for the year

PROPERTY TAX RATES, DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS LAST TEN YEARS

Town Direct Rates

Year Ended December 31,	Full Valuation	State Equalization Rate	Total Net Assessed Value	Tax Levy for Town ¹	Town Effective Tax Rate ^{1,2}
2023	\$ 69,527,731,333	0.15%	\$ 104,291,597	\$ 325,150,001	4.68
2022	63,978,276,667	0.15%	95,967,415	317,568,465	4.96
2021 ³	50,917,982,353	0.17%	86,560,570	311,577,984	6.12
2020	76,848,374,706	0.17%	130,642,237	308,149,549	4.01
2019	64,190,738,571	0.21%	134,800,551	301,847,703	4.70
2018	61,800,450,000	0.22%	135,960,990	298,600,390	4.83
2017	58,678,277,917	0.24%	140,827,867	298,248,457	5.08
2016	57,652,103,462	0.26%	149,895,469	269,088,858	4.67
2015	58,614,050,000	0.27%	158,257,935	273,742,969	4.67
2014	54,450,241,667	0.30%	163,350,725	255,141,730	4.69

Source: Receiver of Taxes - General and School Tax Warrants.

¹ Total tax levy, as well as the effective rate for Town includes all Town controlled funds, discretely presented component units, fire hydrant rental district, fire districts, incorporated villages and library districts.

² Per \$1,000 of full valuation.

³ 2021 Total Net Assessed Valuation decreased from 2020 due to a reassessment. The increase in real property tax rates is a result of tax increases implemented by the Town and a change in the process of property valuation by Nassau County.

Overlapping Rates

County Tax Levy for Town	County Effective Rate ²	School Levy	School Effective Rate ²	Total Direct & Overlapping Rates
\$ 265,183,760	3.81	\$ 1,215,911,808	17.49	25.98
263,029,054	4.11	1,186,816,495	18.55	27.62
280,802,922	5.51	1,161,599,519	22.81	34.44
281,562,634	3.66	1,133,513,164	14.75	22.42
273,533,122	4.26	1,092,819,559	17.02	25.98
288,565,537	4.67	1,066,840,424	17.26	26.76
287,751,116	4.90	1,048,569,504	17.87	27.85
261,689,441	4.54	1,038,819,411	18.02	27.23
272,517,577	4.65	1,055,707,878	18.01	27.33
264,940,834	4.87	1,032,048,220	18.95	28.51

PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

2023

Rank	Taxpayer	Nature of Business	Asses Valua		Percent of Total Assessed Valuation
1	KeySpan Gas East	Public Utility - Public Franchise	\$ 3.51	15,161	3.37%
2	Sunrise Mall LLC	Shopping Mall	* - , -	21,465	1.36%
3	RXR 1000 Woodbury Road	Business Park	82	28,262	0.79%
4	Broadway Mall (KRE Broadway Owner LLC)	Shopping Mall	77	79,829	0.75%
5	Jericho Plaza LLC	Office Buildings	69	95,984	0.67%
6	JQ Associates	Office Buildings	63	35,527	0.61%
7	Verizon NY	Public Utility - Public Franchise	51	19,974	0.50%
8	Northrop Grumman Systems Co.	Aviation	48	37,593	0.47%
9	92 FHB LLC	Apartments	44	16,696	0.43%
10	Norwich Gate Company LLC	Apartments	43	88,115	0.42%
		Total	\$ 9,76	88,606_ (a)	9.37%

(a) Represents 9.37% of the total taxable assessed valuation of the Town for 2023.

2014

			Assessed	Percent of Total Assessed
Rank	Taxpayer	Nature of Business	_ Valuation	Valuation
1	Long Island Power Authority	Public Utility - Public Franchise	\$ 4,754,487	2.91%
2	Keyspan Gas East	Public Utility - Public Franchise	4,206,545	2.58%
3	CLK-HP Various Properties	Office Buildings	1,702,990	1.04%
4	Verizon	Public Utility - Public Franchise	1,475,709	0.90%
5	Sunrise Mall Assoc. & Hudson Resources	Shopping Mall	1,054,281	0.65%
6	Broadway Mall (CGA Broadway Partners LLC)	Shopping Mall	1,000,000	0.61%
7	Jericho Quads Associates	Office Buildings	846,826	0.52%
8	One-Two Jericho Plaza Owner LLC	Office Buildings	732,208	0.45%
9	Northrop Grumman Corp. & Related Companies	Office Buildings	589,467	0.36%
10	TreeCo. Centers Limited Partnership	Office Buildings	401,930	0.25%
		Total	\$ 16,764,443 (b)	10.27%

(b) Represents 10.27% of the total taxable assessed valuation of the Town for 2014.

Source: Town of Oyster Bay Official Statements.

PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN YEARS

Year Ended December 31,	 Tax Levy for Town ¹	Amount Collected ²	Percent Collected
2023	\$ 325,150,001	\$ 325,150,001	100.00%
2022	317,568,465	317,568,465	100.00%
2021	311,577,984	311,577,984	100.00%
2020	308,149,549	308,149,549	100.00%
2019	301,847,703	301,847,703	100.00%
2018	298,600,390	298,600,390	100.00%
2017	298,248,457	298,248,457	100.00%
2016	269,088,858	269,088,858	100.00%
2015	273,742,969	273,742,969	100.00%
2014	255,141,730	255,141,730	100.00%

Source: Receiver of Taxes - General Tax Levy.

¹ Total tax levy for Town includes all Town controlled funds, Discretely Presented Component Units, Fire Hydrant Rental District, Fire Districts, Incorporated Villages and Library Districts.

² During year of levy.

RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN YEARS

Governmental Activities Subscription-Percentage of Based IT General Personal Year Ended Obligation Long-Term Arrangement **Total Primary** BANs Liability December 31, Income¹ Per Capita¹ Bonds Leases Government 2023 \$480,067,178 \$ \$ 481,398,904 0.35% 1,616 1,331,726 \$ 2022 543,584,249 \$ 11,171 543,595,420 0.39% 1,815 2021 543,893,329 33,513 543,926,842 0.42% 1,805 2020 491,792,770 \$ 80,695,000 55,855 572,543,625 0.45% 1,922 2019 78,197 2,054 532,101,201 80,695,000 612,874,398 0.50% 2018 598,868,122 100,540 598,968,662 0.52% 2,006 2017 535,073,473 116,794 535,190,267 0.50% 1,799 2016 562,468,941 0.56% 1,994 29,450,000 591,918,941 2015 612,489,926 612,489,926 0.61% 2,050 2014 2,258 664,403,519 664,403,519 0.68%

Source: Details regarding the outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

See independent auditor's report

¹ See the schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics for personal income and population.

RATIOS OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING LAST TEN YEARS

				Percentage of	
				Estimated	
	General	Less: Amounts		Full Taxable	
Year	Obligation	Available in Debt		Value of	Per
Ended	Bonds	Service Fund	Total	Property ¹	Capita ²
2023	\$ 480,067,178	\$ 100,628	\$ 479,966,550	0.69%	\$ 1,611
2022	543,584,249	100,628	543,483,621	0.85%	1,814
2021	543,893,329	100,628	543,792,701	1.07%	1,805
2020	491,792,770	100,628	491,692,142	0.64%	1,651
2019	532,101,201	100,628	532,000,573	0.83%	1,783
2018	598,868,122	100,628	598,767,494	0.97%	2,005
2017	535,073,473	2,591,546	532,481,927	0.91%	1,790
2016	562,468,941	2,128,871	560,340,070	0.97%	1,887
2015	612,489,926	1,764,668	610,725,258	1.04%	2,044
2014	664,403,519	612,934	663,790,585	1.22%	2,255

Source: Details regarding outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

¹ See the Schedule of Assessed Value, Equalization Rate and Estimated Full Value of Real Property for property value data.

² Population data can be found in the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics.

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT December 31, 2023

		Percentage	
	Net	Applicable to	Town of
	Long-Term	the Town of	Oyster Bay
Jurisdiction	Debt	Oyster Bay	 Share of Debt ¹
Direct:			
Town of Oyster Bay	\$ 481,398,904	100.00%	\$ 481,398,904
Total Direct Debt	 481,398,904		 481,398,904
Overlapping:			
Nassau County	3,424,156,618	25.99%	889,938,305
School Districts	36,273,210	100.00%	36,273,210
Fire Districts	15,235,000	100.00%	15,235,000
Water Districts	54,985,763	100.00%	54,985,763
Sewer District	320,842	100.00%	320,842
Incorporated Villages	 48,964,301	100.00%	 48,964,301
Total Overlapping Debt	 3,579,935,734		1,045,717,421
Total Direct and Overlapping Debt	\$ 4,061,334,638		\$ 1,527,116,325

Source: Town of Oyster Bay Official Statement.

Note: The taxpayers share of overlapping debt is based upon the amount of the Town's equalized property values taken as a percentage of each separate units' total values.

¹ Only the Town portion of school districts and villages that lie partially in other towns has been considered.

DEBT LIMIT MARGIN INFORMATION LAST TEN YEARS

	Year		State	
	Ended	Assessed	Equalization	Full
	December 31,	Valuation	Rate	Valuation
	2023	\$ 95,967,415	0.15%	\$ 63,978,276,667
	2022	86,560,570	0.17%	50,917,982,353
	2021	130,642,237	0.17%	76,848,374,706
	2020	134,800,551	0.21%	64,190,738,571
	2019	135,960,990	0.22%	61,800,450,000
Total Five Year Full \	/aluation			\$ 317,735,822,297
Five Year Average F	ull Valuation of Ta	xable Real Property		63,547,164,459
Debt Limit - 7% of Fiv	∕e Year Average F	ull Valuation		4,448,301,512
Inclusions:				
Outstanding Bonds				508,905,000
Bond Anticipation N	Notes (including Lo	ng-term BANs)		287,039,500
	Total Inclusions			795,944,500
Exclusions:				
Water Bonds				53,081,668
Water Bond Anticip	ation Notes			162,039,500
	Total Exclusion	S		215,121,168
Total Net Indebtedne	ss Subject to the [Debt Limit		580,823,332
Net Debt Contracting	Margin			3,867,478,180
Percent of Debt Limit	Exhausted			13.06%
		Last Ten Yea	rs	

						Percent of
						Net Debt
	Outstanding		Indebtedness		Net Debt	Contracting
Constitutional	Indebtedness	Less:	Subject to		Contracting	Margin
Debt Limit	December 31	Exclusions	Debt Limit		Margin	Available
\$ 4,448,301,512	\$ 795,944,500	\$ 215,121,168	\$ 580,823,332	\$	3,867,478,180	86.94%
4,374,101,530	752,612,867	175,530,109	577,082,758		3,797,018,772	86.81%
4,213,098,679	702,325,000	97,463,489	604,861,511		3,608,237,168	85.64%
4,076,731,723	710,880,369	93,704,861	617,175,508		3,459,556,215	84.86%
3,969,483,296	756,410,000	90,267,694	666,142,306		3,303,340,990	83.22%
3,969,019,193	808,670,000	74,708,959	733,961,041		3,235,058,152	81.51%
4,015,120,270	823,430,000	79,293,928	744,136,072		3,270,984,198	81.47%
4,076,888,298	814,341,379	73,834,924	740,506,455		3,336,381,843	81.84%
4,211,516,267	794,571,379	68,145,232	726,426,147		3,485,090,120	82.75%
4,359,242,727	802,628,958	62,588,477	740,040,481		3,619,202,246	83.02%
	Debt Limit \$ 4,448,301,512 4,374,101,530 4,213,098,679 4,076,731,723 3,969,483,296 3,969,019,193 4,015,120,270 4,076,888,298 4,211,516,267	Constitutional Debt Limit Indebtedness December 31 \$ 4,448,301,512 \$ 795,944,500 4,374,101,530 752,612,867 4,213,098,679 702,325,000 4,076,731,723 710,880,369 3,969,483,296 756,410,000 3,969,019,193 808,670,000 4,015,120,270 823,430,000 4,076,888,298 814,341,379 4,211,516,267 794,571,379	Constitutional Debt Limit Indebtedness December 31 Less: Exclusions \$ 4,448,301,512 \$ 795,944,500 \$ 215,121,168 4,374,101,530 752,612,867 175,530,109 4,213,098,679 702,325,000 97,463,489 4,076,731,723 710,880,369 93,704,861 3,969,483,296 756,410,000 90,267,694 3,969,019,193 808,670,000 74,708,959 4,015,120,270 823,430,000 79,293,928 4,076,888,298 814,341,379 73,834,924 4,211,516,267 794,571,379 68,145,232	Constitutional Debt Limit Indebtedness December 31 Less: Exclusions Subject to Debt Limit \$ 4,448,301,512 \$ 795,944,500 \$ 215,121,168 \$ 580,823,332 4,374,101,530 752,612,867 175,530,109 577,082,758 4,213,098,679 702,325,000 97,463,489 604,861,511 4,076,731,723 710,880,369 93,704,861 617,175,508 3,969,483,296 756,410,000 90,267,694 666,142,306 3,969,019,193 808,670,000 74,708,959 733,961,041 4,015,120,270 823,430,000 79,293,928 744,136,072 4,076,888,298 814,341,379 73,834,924 740,506,455 4,211,516,267 794,571,379 68,145,232 726,426,147	Constitutional Debt Limit Indebtedness December 31 Less: Exclusions Subject to Debt Limit \$ 4,448,301,512 \$ 795,944,500 \$ 215,121,168 \$ 580,823,332 \$ 4,374,101,530 752,612,867 175,530,109 577,082,758 4,213,098,679 702,325,000 97,463,489 604,861,511 4,076,731,723 710,880,369 93,704,861 617,175,508 3,969,483,296 756,410,000 90,267,694 666,142,306 3,969,019,193 808,670,000 74,708,959 733,961,041 4,015,120,270 823,430,000 79,293,928 744,136,072 4,076,888,298 814,341,379 73,834,924 740,506,455 4,211,516,267 794,571,379 68,145,232 726,426,147	Constitutional Debt Limit Indebtedness December 31 Less: Exclusions Subject to Debt Limit Contracting Margin \$ 4,448,301,512 \$ 795,944,500 \$ 215,121,168 \$ 580,823,332 \$ 3,867,478,180 4,374,101,530 752,612,867 175,530,109 577,082,758 3,797,018,772 4,213,098,679 702,325,000 97,463,489 604,861,511 3,608,237,168 4,076,731,723 710,880,369 93,704,861 617,175,508 3,459,556,215 3,969,483,296 756,410,000 90,267,694 666,142,306 3,303,340,990 3,969,019,193 808,670,000 74,708,959 733,961,041 3,235,058,152 4,015,120,270 823,430,000 79,293,928 744,136,072 3,270,984,198 4,076,888,298 814,341,379 73,834,924 740,506,455 3,336,381,843 4,211,516,267 794,571,379 68,145,232 726,426,147 3,485,090,120

Source: Office of the Comptroller and the Official Statements of the Town of Oyster Bay.

DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN YEARS

		Personal	Per		Unemploy-	Year-Round	Average Household	Population Density	Public
Year Ended		Income ²	Capita	Median	ment	Households	Size	Per Square	School
December 31,	Population ¹	(in millions)	Income ^{2,7}	Age ^{3,7,9}	Rate ^{2,4,6}	Estimate ^{4,7}	Estimate ^{4,7}	Mile ^{4,7,8}	Enrollment ⁵
2023	297,942	\$ 138,184	\$ 69,556	44.5	2.56%	\$ 100,588	2.93	2,600	51,380
2022	299,583	138,531	64,685	43.6	2.60%	101,248	2.92	2,614	51,160
2021	301,332	130,070	60,848	44.5	4.40%	101,098	2.89	2,629	50,911
2020	297,822	126,522	59,309	44.3	7.80%	101,216	2.89	2,599	51,902
2019	298,391	122,032	56,591	44.3	3.10%	100,289	2.92	2,604	51,772
2018	298,655	116,084	54,532	44.2	3.30%	99,679	2.95	2,606	52,045
2017	297,537	107,959	51,093	43.8	3.90%	99,217	2.96	2,596	52,030
2016	296,876	105,861	49,697	43.7	3.70%	98,509	2.97	2,591	52,413
2015	298,766	100,019	50,950	44.1	3.90%	98,872	2.97	2,862	52,791
2014	294,307	98,096	50,770	44.4	4.40%	99,159	2.95	2,853	53,384

Sources:

¹ Bureau of the Census / American Community Survey

² Bureau of Economic Analysis. Figures are for Nassau County when not available for the Town

³ State Department of Commerce

Long Island Business News - Doing Business on Long Island / LILCO Survey / Long Island Population Survey.

⁵ NYSED.gov

⁶ State Department of Labor

⁷ U.S. Census Bureau

⁸ Town of Oyster Bay Official Statement

⁹ Towncharts.com

PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS

CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

2023

		Type of	Number of
Rank	Name	Business	Employees
1	Gate Gourmet Inc	Airport Services	Α
2	North Shore Univ. Hosp. Med.	Hospitals	В
3	North Shore Hospital Pharmacy	Pharmacies	В
4	Pro Health ENT	Otorhinolaryngology Ear Nose Physician	В
5	Winthrop-University Hospital	Hospitals	В
6	Adelphi University	Schools-Universities & Colleges	С
7	Commercial Building Mntnc.	Cleaners	С
8	CSEA Local 881	Labor Organization	С
9	Dealer Track Technology	Publishers-Computer Software (Mfrs)	С
10	Hofsra University	University-College Dept/Facility/Office	С

2014

		Type of	Number of
Rank	Name	Business	Employees
1	Cablevision Systems	Entertainment/Telecommunications	Α
2	Gov't. Employees Insurance Co.	Insurance Agents/Brokers	Α
3	N.C. Assoc. for Help of Retarded Children	Job Training & Vocational Rehab Services	Α
4	National Grid/LIPA	Public Utility	Α
5	Northrop Grumman Systems Corp.	Aerospace Industries	Α
6	New York Institute of Technology	Professional Schools	Α
7	St. Francis Hospital	General Medical & Surgical Hospital	Α
8	Commercial Building Mntnc.	Cleaners	В
9	Darby Group CO., Inc.	Dental Equipment & Supplies - Wholesale	В
10	Plainview Hospital	Hospitals	В

Source: Town of Oyster Bay Official Statements.

Note: Percentage of total Town employment is not available.

Code	Approximate Number of Employees		
Α	More than 1,500 employees		
В	1,000 to 1,499 employees		
С	500 to 999 employees		

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FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT TOWN GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION LAST TEN YEARS

Full-time Equivalent Employees as of December 31 Function General government support Public safety Transportation Economic assistance and opportunity Culture and recreation Home and community services 1,024 Total 1,051 1,059 1,033 1,009 1,033 1,148 1,185

Source: Office of the Comptroller of the Town of Oyster Bay.

OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION LAST TEN YEARS

Year Ended December 31,	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
Function — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —					
General Government Support					
Public Safety					
Building					
Residential building permits issued	4,370	4,880	5,355	4,559	4,745
Commercial building permits issued	766	806	789	688	1,093
Public Safety					
Animals received	549	422	380	262	569
Animals adopted	294	215	182	92	289
Animals redeemed	105	98	83	85	118
Town Clerk					
Permits issued ¹	6,457	4,111	4,629	17,182	5,403
Fire					
Number of fire protection districts	7	7	7	7	7
Number of calls answered	8,643	9,155	9,264	8,823	9,072
Transportation					
Parking Meters					
Number of parking meters	20	10	180	180	247
Collections per year	4	12	12	12	24
Highways and Streets					
Street resurfacing (miles)	174	25	60	33	46
Number of trees planted	0	10	46	5	
Number of trees removed	2,716	3,840	4,510	1,902	671
Economic Assistance and Opportunity					
Culture and Recreation					
Beach permits issued	30,933	29,423	39,656	42,014	46,850
Registration for adult programs	2,458	2,089	1,328	457	1,401
Registration for summer programs	2,624	2,823	2,952	1,189	1,953
Home and Community Services					
Sanitation					
Refuse collected (tons/day)	611	572	624	626	577
Recyclables collected (tons/day) ²	84	78	84	87	203

Source: Various departments of the Town of Oyster Bay.

¹ Resident parking permits contained in this total are issued every two years.

² Single stream collections began October 23, 2017 and ended as of January 1, 2019.

2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
5,265	5,057	5,140	4,745	4,739
997	1,013	1,161	715	866
695	708	803	788	805
384	364	382	363	258
118	105	149	127	130
110	100	143	121	100
26,970	6,975	31,891	9,275	27,446
7	7	7	7	7
8,913	8,473	8,565	8,321	7,503
219	275	275	275	275
24	24	24	24	24
3	3	2	3	7
31			781	794
1,347	697	720	616	801
44,010	47,553	45,439	48,247	47,512
611	979	880	714	766
1,817	1,721	1,631	1,627	1,685
544	560	580	567	588
220	176	196	180	208

CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION LAST TEN YEARS

Year Ended December 31,	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
Function					
General Government Support					
Municipal buildings	3	3	3	3	3
Central vehicle maintenance					
Vehicles maintained	603	609	589	590	700
Transportation					
Highways and streets					
Streets (miles) 1	733	733	733	733	733
Streetlights	21,077	21,082	21,082	21,106	21,096
Parking fields	56	56	56	54	56
Culture and Recreation					
Parks acreage	600	600	600	600	600
Beaches	10	9	9	9	9
Marinas	3	3	3	3	3
Boat basin slips	554	554	554	554	554
Swimming pools	5	5	5	5	5
Golf courses	1	1	1	1	1
Tennis courts	27	28	28	28	28
Community centers	11	11	11	11	11
Home and Community Service					
Sanitation					
Collection trucks	67	67	67	67	94

Source: Various departments of the Town of Oyster Bay.

¹ As per consultation evaluation in 2018.

2018	2017	2016	2015
3	3	3	3
700	700	700	700
700	700	700	700
733	781	781	781
21,051	20,989	20,990	20,927
45	56	54	54
600	600	600	600
9	9	9	9
3	3	3	3
554	554	554	554
5	5	5	5
1	1	1	1
28	28	28	28
11	11	11	11
			_
91	81	64	64